A critic who sat thro' "Alixe,"
Harsh words with his teardrops did mix.
He said, in damnation,
"It has no situation."
Advertising this trouble could fix.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

There was a young man looking 'round
For a job which the same never found
'Till he once advertised,
And so swift was apprised
Of a place that the news did astound.

VOL. XXXIV. ST. LOUIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1885. NO. 114.

SHOW YOUR WISDOM
—AND—
Ordinary Common Sense!
—BY GIVING—
The New Tailoring Department
—OF—
D. CRAWFORD & CO.

One trial for a SUIT OF CLOTHES and save thereby

At Least 50 Per Cent!

Over the exclusive Tailoring Stores! This house has, in its Short Career in this NEW DEPARTURE, already made up

Hundreds of Suits!

Without finding as much as one SINGLE MISFIT.

The Cutter of this Department, beside extensive European experience, has had 15 years' experience in the Best Tailoring Establishments of NEW YORK CITY.

NOTE A FEW PRICES.

Men's Pants made to order, $4 50, $5, $5 50, $6
Men's All-wool Pants made to order, $6 50, $7, $7 50, $8
Fine Pants made to order from Imported French, English and German Trouserings, $8, $8 50, $9, $9 50, $10
Pants made to order from Imported Scotch and Irish Cheviots, $9, $9 50, $10, $10 50
Men's Business Suits made to order, $22 50, $24, $25
Fine All-wool Suits made to order, $27 50, $28 50, $29 50, $30
Suits made to order from Imported Scotch Bannockburn Tweeds, $32 50, $35, $37 50, $40
Suits made to order from Imported Irish Cheviots, $35, $37 50, $40
Suits made to order from Imported French, English and German Suitings, $32 50, $35, $37 50, $40
Suits made to order from Imported French, English and German Diagonals, $30, $32 50, $35, $37 50, $40
Coats and Vests made to order from Imported Diagonal and Corkscrew Worsteds, $27 50, $30, $32 50, $35
Overcoats made to order from Domestic and Imported Worsteds and Diagonals, $25, $27 50, $30, $32 50, $35, $37 50

SPECIAL.—No Gentleman will be asked to take his clothes unless they please him and fit him perfectly.

The New Tailoring Department
—OF—
D. CRAWFORD & CO.
Broadway and Franklin Avenue.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

SPECIAL DRIVES on Balance of Our IMPORTATION of

FRENCH AND GERMAN

Satin Berbers, Satin Damiers,
Reversible Cordettes, Reversible Biaritz,
Toille Crepes, Armenias,
Coupures, Jacquards,
AND SERGES.

Samples Sent on Application.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.
AT 1003 and 1005 FRANKLIN AVENUE.

A new assortment of various grades and pleasing styles of all classes of

FURNITURE,

In the leading kinds of wood and marble at very reasonable prices, highly finished, NOW IN STOCK. For Cash and on Time. Compare our cash prices this season.

H. L. NIEDRINGHAUS.

A. J. JORDAN,
Fine Pocket Cutlery
AT RETAIL,
612
Washington Av.
Opp. Lindell Hotel.

THE ONLY McNICHOLS!
The Only House in St. Louis where You Can Purchase on
INSTALLMENTS, for CASH PRICES
STOVES, FURNITURE, CARPETS!
OR ANYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING. 1024 MARKET STREET.

BARGAINS IN
CLOAKS FOR LADIES!

Bargains in Cloaks for Misses!
Bargains in Cloaks for Children.

Every garment the production of Artists. Greatest variety of styles, and Every Style Correct. Best Made Garments; Best Shaped Garments; Best Fitting Garments, and Most Serviceable Garments. Not a trashy or slop-made garment in our house; yet all for LESS MONEY than you are compelled to pay for ill-fitting and slop-made garments in self-named cheap stores. The following list is but a tithe of the numerous styles and prices we are showing in LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S CLOAKS and WRAPS. Satisfaction in every instance assured.

ARCHAMBEAULT & CAVANAUGH.

SEE OUR NEWMARKETS!

For $7 90—In Glace Diagonal Cloth, Astrachan Collar and Cuffs, double-stitched seams, in black and brown; worth $10.
At $10 00—Tailor-made Fine All-wool Beaver, in all the new shades; worth $13.
At $11 50—Best Glace Diagonal Cloth, trimmed with wide bands of Astrachan; worth $14.
At $10 75—Made of Fine All-wool Boucle Cloth, double-stitched seams; worth $13 50.
At $12 00—Made of All-wool Berlin Twill, trimmed, Beaver Collar and Cuffs; worth $15.
At $16 90—Made of Heavy-weight Jersey Cloth, tailor-made, perfect fitting; worth $18 75.
At $18 25—Made of Imported Boucle Cloth, bound and trimmed with wide Hercules Braid; worth $21.
At $21 50—Made of Imported Boucle Cloth, Jacket front, entirely new; worth $25.
At $24 00—Made of All-silk Matelasse, Satin-Quilted Lining, double and single-breasted; worth $30.
At $33 00—Made of All-silk Brocaded Velvet, Satin-Quilted Lining, handsome ornaments; worth $40.
At $55 00—Made of Silk Seal Plush, double box-plaits, real seal ornaments; worth $65.

SEAL PLUSH SACQUES.

At $25 75—Silk Seal Plush Sacques, 42 inches long, handsome seal loops; worth $32 50.
At $29 75—A special drive in Silk Seal Plush Sacques; can't be matched anywhere under $37 50.

SHORT WRAPS.

At $15 00—Made in Brown and Black Boucle Cloth, with Feather Trimming, Fur or Astrachan; all new shapes; worth $18.
At $17 95—Made in Brown and Black Boucle Cloth, trimmed with wide bands of Fur and Fur Tails; worth $25.
At $20 00—Made of Brocaded Velvet, handsomely trimmed, Satin Lined; worth $27 50.
At $24 00—Made of Brown and Tan Frisse and Velvet, Feather Trimming; worth $30.
At $29 00—Made of Black and Brown Astrachan, trimmed with Fur Tails; worth $35.
At $32 75—Made of Handsome Frisse or Brocaded Velvet, large or small patterns, trimmed with Fur Tails or Feathers; worth $42.
At $40 00—Handsome Imported Beaded Wraps, in three different colors; worth $55.
CHILDREN'S CLOAKS, from 2 to 10 years, in Fine All-wool Cloth, Plaids, Boucle and Plain, all new styles, from $4 50 up.
MISSES' NEWMARKETS, from 10 to 16 years, in Berlin Twill, Niggerhead, Boucle, Beaver and Diagonal, trimmed with Beaver, Nutria or Astrachan, from $5 up.

The Cheapest Cloaks we show we Guarantee to give Service and keep the Colors.

Archambeault & Cavanaugh,
511 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

TO THE
HOUSEKEEPERS!
OF ST. LOUIS.

We invite your special attention to the rich and elegant line of Fine Silverware which we are now offering. We have added to our regular stock the magnificent collection of fine goods displayed by us at the Exposition, all of which are from the Rogers Bros.' Factories, whose goods are known everywhere as THE VERY FINEST PLATED-WARE MADE IN THE WORLD. We sell nothing but the best goods, and all our Plated Goods bear the manufacturer's stamp so that our customers can always know just what they are buying and paying for. More than this, we are selling our first-class goods at very much lower prices than inferior articles are being sold for elsewhere. An examination of our stock and prices will satisfy you of this fact. Call and be convinced.

Simmons Hardware Co.

Ten Years Maintained Superiority

1875. A. B. C. 1885

STEAM COOKED,
CRUSHED WHITE OATS.
AND OTHER
American Breakfast Cereals.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

Ask for A. B. C. Brand only. (Registered Trade Mark)
For sale by all Grocers. THE CEREALS M'F'G CO.,
Send for circulars. 83 Murray St., NEW YORK.

HERNSTEIN & PRINCE,

PRACTICAL OPTICIANS,
Opera and Field Glasses,
Surveyors', Engineers' and
Architects' Supplies,
317 N. FOURTH ST
Artificial Eyes a Specialty.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
619 WALNUT ST., BETWEEN FIFTH AND SIXTH.

LATEST EDITION.

THE ANDRE MONUMENT.

Latest Attempt to Destroy the Granite Shaft at Tappan.

The Picturesque Little Village Excited Over Last Tuesday's Affair—Fragments of the Monument Carried Away as Relics—Mr. Cyrus W. Field and a Detective Visit the Scene.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Although the authorities made many inquiries yesterday, they did not learn who destroyed the monument at Tappan to the memory of Andre, the spy of the Revolution. Tappan, in Rockland county, is a picturesque little village lying about two miles west of the Hudson, at the foot of red and golden-leaved hills. Every step is on historic ground. The long road under the willows from the railway station to the Post Office is lined with old houses, every one rich in memories. The crumbling stone house in which Andre lived his last days; the red brick church on the site where he was convicted; the manor, half hidden in the trees, where Washington made his headquarters, are still standing. In the spring of 1881 that well known patriot-capitalist, Cyrus W. Field, purchased a plot of land about a quarter of a mile beyond the village where it is said Major Andre was hanged in sight of the army. The lot comprised about fourteen acres, and was situated at the top of the hill named after the unfortunate hero. Mr. Field's intention was to lay out the grounds as a park and present it to the village. He erected a monument to the memory of Major Andre. On a double base of Hallowell granite a square shaft of the same material was raised. It was about four feet high, slightly sloping toward the top. The sides were polished and three of them bore inscriptions. On the west side, facing the road leading to the memorial was

INSCRIBED THE FOLLOWING:

"Here died, October 2, Major John Andre, of the British Army, who entered the American lines on a secret mission to Benedict Arnold. He was captured, and, according to the stern code of law, was tried, executed, and both armies mourned. He was a brave foe, young and brave. One hundred years after his execution this stone was placed upon the spot by a citizen of the States against which he fought; no perpetuate any record of strife, but as a token of those better feelings which have since united two countries—one in thought, religion and language—with the earnest hope that this friendly union will never be broken.

"ARTHUR PENDYHN STANLEY."

On the east side were the well-known words of Washington, "He was more unfortunate than criminal. An accomplished statesman and a gallant officer." On the south side was a line from Ænead—"Sunt lacrymæ rerum; mentem mortalia tangunt." The other side was to be inscribed by Mr. Field. The century old apple trees on the hill were all torn up and ornamental trees were to fill their places, while the grounds were to be graded and the park completed, but one morning the sides of the shaft were found defaced and the corners of the pedestal were broken. This happened on February 26, 1880. In April following the monument was blown up by nitro-glycerine, and the pedestal was ruined. The people of Tappan still have in their hearts some of the old revolutionary hatred of the British. It lay in ruins, covered with vines and weeds, until last month, when Mr. Field restored the monument. Many persons expressed their apprehension as to its safety, but the erection of a high iron fence about the memorial was thought a sufficient protection. Last Tuesday night, about 10:30 o'clock, the monument was destroyed again by dynamite. A shock followed the explosion, which rattled the windows in many houses and was felt for miles throughout the country. People who were asleep sprang from their beds. A group of men standing about the telegraph office, awaiting the election returns, saw a light flash up from the Southwest, and hastened to the spot. George Van Zilan, the village blacksmith, was the first to reach the place and learn the true cause of the explosion. The shaft of the monument was thrown down on the ground towards the west and

THE BASE WAS SHATTERED

A pile of crumbled stone marked all that was left of the foundation. A hole in the earth some three or four feet in diameter and two or three feet deep showed the effect of the dynamite's downward force. Large stones had been uprooted, the heaviest weighing about one hundred pounds was cast through the iron fence, leaving an aperture two feet in diameter, and was found forty feet from the enclosure. Another somewhat smaller, was found near it, and smaller stones of all sizes were scattered all about the hill. One of the high iron gate posts, six inches in diameter, was broken down, and many of the rails were bent. The house of Mr. K. simmonds, 200 rods from the monument, received the full force of the shock. Almost every window was broken. Mr. Simmonds was roused from his sleep by the noise and found his wife in a faint. The dogs, who had been uneasy all evening, were howling. Simmonds rushed from the house as soon as possible and found an excited crowd of men already on the spot. It was not till yesterday, however, that the full story of the explosion could be gathered. People dying up and down Hook Mountain, two miles away, towards the northeast, felt the shock. In the town of Norwood, Closter and Nyack, four miles distant, people say they felt the earthquake. Mr. O. R. Whitney, who lives half a mile outside of the village, proudly displays a piece of broken granite which he found in his yard yesterday morning. All agree that the shock was felt at 10:30 o'clock. Some two or three hundred strangers visited Tappan yesterday. By 5 o'clock the stones which the explosion had snapped from the inclosure were all carried away by the visitors as relics. For several miles below the village men might be seen leaving the train at various stations with pieces of the broken monument bulging out of their pockets. The lock and chain from the gate were carried away piecemeal, and nothing now remains to mark the spot but the bent and battered iron rails. Up to this present no trace of the perpetrator has been found. A small rope ladder was found hanging from the rails. Some pieces of heavy brown wrapping paper were also found beneath the fence. Nothing else has been found. Several days ago two strangers, who are now thought to have been suspicious persons, inquired from a train and strolled about the place. Soon they returned to the station and were joined by two companions. They were seen to wander together about the street for a few hours and walk up to the Andre memorial. Then they disappeared as suddenly as they had come. The inhabitants of Tappan seem generally to decry the destruction of the monument. Opinion, however, is somewhat divided on the point, and a gentleman on the train yesterday was heard telling his companion that it was a good thing and ought to have been done long ago. It was said that Mr. Field visited Tappan yesterday, taking with him a detective, who set about discovering the cause of the explosion and the perpetrators. Only last Wednesday Mr. Field made an excursion over the ground with Canon Farrar and two friends. The designer of the monument three years ago was George Hendrit, who is still under indictment for the offense.

ROMANCE OF THE STAGE.

The Matrimonial Venture of Mr. Arthur Bell and Misses Winston and Carmen.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., November 5.—The marriage in New York, Tuesday, of Arthur Bell to Miss Annie Carmen is the latest and not the least interesting chapter in a romantic story of which Jennie Winston, the prima donna, is the heroine and leading character. Jennie Winston and Arthur Bell married several years ago in Australia. The wife rapidly grew in favor with audiences and the husband became an efficient stage manager and fair actor and singer. Two years ago they went to the Pacific slope, apparently as devoted a couple as ever. They returned on the same train, but as far apart as if strangers. Mrs. Bell's friends say she had outgrown him. Mr. Bell's friends say it was a gradual drifting apart and into a mutual agreement to disagree. Both say that there was no quarrel or scandal. Both engaged for a season at Baltimore and Washington, she as prima donna and he as stage manager. In this company they played together without the slightest friction. Mr. Bell directed Miss Winston her entrances and exits, her poses and movements, and Miss Winston consulted Mr. Bell about the music or business of her part as coolly and indifferently as though they had never been anything more to each other than stage manager and star. When her role required it, Miss Winston threw herself into Mr. Bell's arms with

THE CHILL PASSION

of a Mary Anderson, and Mr. Bell pressed upon her ruby lips a caress as though he were a tenor with a wife in the lower box. Outside of the theater they never spoke. In their social relations the prominent feature was a generous rivalry as to who could be the most circumspect. Miss Winston was ice to male admirers. Mr. Bell resented the sly ogles of the ardent chorus girls. If any worm preyed upon the damask cheek of either their appearance did not show it. Miss Winston gained more weight and color. Mr. Bell was more gracious and smiling than ever. Mr. Bell's reserve proved weaker than that of his nominal wife, however, and early this fall it became apparent that Cupid's arrow had once more pierced his heart, winged this time with the short, blonde locks of pleasant, plump Miss Annie Carmen of Brooklyn, one of the chorus girls. Their engagement was formally announced some time ago, though just how the thing was going to happen nobody seemed to know, inasmuch as there was already one Mrs. Bell in the land of the living. Mutual agreement is said to have effected the removal of this obstacle in a New York court Tuesday morning, and in the afternoon Miss Carmen became Mrs. Bell, the original in that role legally gaining what she had some time assumed, the right to be known as Miss Jennie Winston. Mr. Bell, Miss Winston and Mrs. Bell, nee Carmen, have re-engaged in the company, which will open its season in Philadelphia next week.

MERCILESS KIN.

An Aged Widow's Inhuman Treatment by Her Relatives.

The Case of Mrs. Caroline Brooks of Southington, Conn.—Selectmen Who Secured the Old Woman's Property and Turned Her Over to the Care of a Brutal Niece—Imprisoned for Three Years in a Room.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., November 5.—A very extraordinary case was brought to light yesterday by Dr. C. B. Adams of this city, the New Haven agent of the State Humane Society. He found Mrs. Caroline Brooks, an aged widow of the pensionary of the war of 1812, and in her day one of a most benevolent ladies of Cheshire, in a most pitiable condition, suffering from cold, hunger and fright, in a room in the house of her niece, Mrs. George Peck, where she has been confined a close prisoner for three years. Dr. Adams was informed of the case by a letter from a Cheshire woman and yesterday he searched out the aged victim. Mrs. Peck is the wife of George Peck, jr., a young Yankee farmer. She is a graduate of the State Normal School. Mrs. Brooks has no relative but then her. Three years ago the old lady, becoming infirm, deeded her little farm in Southington and house to that town on condition that she should be taken care of, away from the Pecks, whom she instinctively seemed to dread. Mrs. Brooks also received a pension of $96 a year, so that she was by no means a pauper. Having secured her property for their town, the thrifty selectmen of Southington, Wm. Tolls and Michael Eagan, types of officials that may be found all through New England's moral districts, bargained with Peck and his wife, of the neighboring town of Cheshire, to take the old lady to board for the sum of $175 per year. Against her will she was compelled to seek shelter in the very family she had hoped to get clear of. This was three years ago. She was locked into a back room, fed once a day, and there she remained ever since. The Pecks evidently did their utmost to clear money on their unwilling boarder, and the town authorities of Southington paid no further attention to her. Her removal from her native town, and her isolation, caused her old friends to suppose her dead. She was forgotten, and, according to her own story, has been starved, whipped and otherwise abused in a

WORSE THAN PRISON CELL.

In the heart of one of the most thickly populated States of the Union A few evenings ago a Cheshire lady crossed the lots back of the Peck residence. She was surprised to see a puched, white face at a narrow back window, for she knew that the family was away. Then a hand was extended and beckoned her to come near. She approached and the face reappeared at the window. It was that of Mrs. Brooks. Her story of suffering was told to the stranger, who afterward wrote to the Humane Society. There was no one at home when the Humane officer with his assistant made his visit. He found the house a pleasant, old fashioned country residence. He found the back door open, and after a short search came to a heavy oak door which was fastened with a padlock. This too, was forced, and then the stalwart State official confronted a wrinkled, dirty, blue-eyed old lady, who tremblingly implored him to go away. The atmosphere of the room was reeking with filth. Mrs. Brooks was clad in a dirty, ragged skirt, stockings and an old shawl, all of which were filthy. "It was a scene" said the Doctor afterwards "that I never saw matched before and I hope I never shall again. I am not given to profanity, but if I ever felt like swearing I wanted to curse the people who had brought such abject misery upon that helpless old lady, for the traces of the lady were evident still amid all the filth."

"What do you want? don't hurt me," implored the aged lady, piteously.

"I am an agent of the Connecticut Humane Society, and am come to relieve you," said the Doctor."

"At last, at last," said the heart-broken woman. "Oh, I have prayed for this. I have felt that relief would come. Don't leave me here alone, will you? They will kill me."

The Doctor listened to the story of her wrongs and sufferings. On a stool by the door was left food for the day, a bit of salt mackerel and some cold potatoes. There was no fire in the room, although it was bitter cold. She said that during the first part of her imprisonment with the Pecks she had repeatedly been whipped, but latterly their punishment had ceased because she had tried not to complain. The old lady was so overcome with joy at the prospect of deliverance that she sank back faint on the bed of rags with a sigh, and declared that it was the most comfortable couch she had rested upon for many a long day. With a hoe the accumulations of filth were removed from the room, windows opened and a roaring fire was built. Arrangements were speedily completed for her immediate removal to the town of Southington, which will now be compelled to support her in a decent manner. There is much indignation over the conduct of the Southington selectmen and the Pecks, and threats of tar and feathers for them are freely made, and are extremely likely to be carried out. It is said that the Humane Society outside plates criminal action against the selectmen.

RE'S A SKUNK.

The Fellow That Robbed Henry Ward Beecher of a Valuable Gold Watch.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Henry Ward Beecher had his pocket picked of a $400 gold watch at the Forty-second street station of the Elevated Railroad yesterday. Being interviewed, Mr. Beecher said it was not a presentation watch, but a very good time-keeper which he had purchased in 1865. "If I don't get it," he said, "I have another in my pocket, and can do very well. I went over to New York to-day and laid the matter before the authorities. I had carried that watch over 500,000 miles and lost it at last. It isn't the loss of the watch I mind so much, but the fact that some skunk has got it that won't appreciate it, for it is a good watch."

DEFAULTED ON THE INTEREST.

The Galesburg, Ill., Waterworks Placed in the Hands of a Receiver.

CHICAGO, November 5.—The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York filed a bill in the United States Circuit Court yesterday against the Galesburg, Ill., Water Company, to foreclose a trust deed, securing an issue of $150,000 worth of bonds by the defendant. The company, it is charged, defaulted on the interest coupons due August 1, 1885. John C. Stewart was appointed receiver with a bond of $2,000.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

The Views of Prominent New Yorkers on Tuesday's Great Victory.

Long Success Puts the Republican Party Into a Rip Van Winkle Sleep—Governor Tilden at the Polls—Mugwumps, Half-Breeds and Soreheads Dead and Buried—A Splendid Vindication of Good, Old Jacksonian Democracy.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Congressman Stahlnecker of Yonkers said that long success had put the Republican party into a Rip Van Winkle sleep, from which it would not awaken for many years. "The contest in West Chester," he said, "had been an unprecedented one. There had been very little noise, but the two parties had been locked in a bull-dog grip upon each others' throats and one could almost imagine the savage yum-yum of the combatants. The victory had been unprecedented. In place of the usual Democratic majority of 400, West Chester had raised the figures to 1,600, and this in spite of the fact that Mugwumps were particularly populous in the county.

"What, in your opinion, has been the lesson of the election?"

Mr. Stahlnecker smiled, hinted that he was a Congressman and related how he had gone with Governor Tilden to the polls the day before and how the latter had eagerly inquired as he deposited the straight vote, whether the outlook was good for a Democratic victory. He thought that the ex-President had the most powerful and most statesmanlike mind in the country to-day.

"I look upon this election as a death blow to the Mugwumps in both political parties," said Congressman T. J. Merriman. "The result is a glorious victory for pure Democracy, and it is all the more glorious in having been achieved without the assistance of

HALF-BREEDS AND SOREHEADS.

The Democratic party can get along all the better without these men, who do not seem to vote for principles so much as for individuals. It is much better for the people to have the party lines strictly drawn, as they have now become in this election.

"What will be the effect of this election in Washington?"

"I am sure I can not say. It may be taken as a hint to the Administration touching a civil service reform which we believe to be the true one, namely: to put in office men who are capable and who are likewise loyal to the principles of the party which put the Administration in power; or it may have the contrary effect and be looked upon as an indorsement of the present system. Pray do not misunderstand me. I am far from being antagonistic to President Cleveland. On the contrary, I thoroughly believe in the purity of his purposes. But I do not like the policy of leaving the majority of the offices in the hands of the Republicans compatible with civil service reform as I understand it. The Democratic platform expresses the sentiments which I hold to."

Congressman Abram S. Hewitt when asked what he thought of the result, said: "I must say that I had grave doubts as to Governor Hill's election. It was what I had hoped for rather than expected."

"It is claimed that it is a rebuke to mugwumpism and half-breedism in both parties and a tribute to old-fashioned Democrats."

"I don't know, indeed," said Mr. Hewitt, "I don't know what the election means. I see that some of the papers attribute it to the waving of the 'bloody shirt.' Such people are wiser than I am. They always manufacture opinions about election time, a thing I never do. I looked at the situation and I must say I don't know what it means. I am very glad the ticket has been elected and I have no doubt that the result is equally gratifying to Governor Hill."

"Have you any opinion as to the effect it will have on both parties in the future."

"I have not. As to its being a rebuke to one person and a tribute to the other, all I can say is that I don't know it."

Congressman T. J. Campbell, of the Eighth Congressional District, said: "The lines were sharply drawn and the result shows that New York is a Democratic State upon straight issues and with good candidates. The Mugwumps and all their ilk were wiped out of existence.

DOOM WHERE THE WOODMEN TWINETH.

I don't think they will be counted on or even considered by either party hereafter. The Democrats have shown that they could win without them, and the Republicans could not win with them. The result was a triumphant vindication of good old fashioned Democratic principles and practices. Governor Hill is a good straight Democrat, a smart man and an honest one, and I am glad he is elected. I don't think the Democrats had any idea, in electing Governor Hill, of rebuking the President. They know that he means to do what is right, but at the same time the result is an assurance to President Cleveland that the people want to see this Democratic Administration. He was elected as a Democrat by Democrats, and I believe that after this he will prove himself in accord with his party. He may have made mistakes, but he now knows what the people want. The sooner he calls a halt on Mugwumpism and bogus civil service reform the better it will be for his party and for the country. He has his party with him and it is strong enough to back him up in his efforts at reform without the Mugwumps and the hollering-horn humbugs who have tried to run him thus far."

Senator John J. Cullen, of the Ninth Senatorial District, said: "The result is a most emphatic rebuke to Mugwumpism and a splendid vindication of good old Jacksonian Democracy. It shows, too, that this is a Democratic State beyond question and that honesty and integrity will win in spite of the Mugwumps and bloody shirt wavers. I believe that Mr. Cleveland will now understand that the people think he was erred in keeping so many Republicans in office and catering so closely to the Mug-ump sentiment, and will shape his administration more thoroughly in accord with the principles of the party to which he belongs and which placed him where he is. As for the Mugwumps, they are dead and will never be recognized again. They could not be more emphatically rebuked than they have been. While pretending to support the Administration, they supported the men and the party that denounced it. Under the circumstances the Democrats of the Empire State have reason to feel proud. They put forth a strong, clean ticket, made their fight on straight party issues and won a splendid victory. The result will strengthen the President's hands and will doubtless bring him into more perfect harmony with his party."

WALLACE ROSS INDIGNANT.

He Says the Hanlan-Teemer Race was a Square—Jim Renwick Replevined.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Wallace Ross has written to the Turf, Field and Farm, indignantly denying there was anything but an honest race at Pleasure Island, October 24. It had been charged that Hanlan asked Teemer to throw the single-skull contest. Ross writes that Hanlan, through failure to make allowance for the tide in rounding the stake-boat, got a little the inferior position, but nevertheless was fairly outrowed.

Lew Knott, a horse breeder of Oregon, is trying to replevin a racer, Jim Renwick. He says he brought the horse from California last fall, and won with him at Jerome Park, Monmouth Park, Saratoga and Sheepshead Bay. After this he left it in charge of G. R. Buchanan, a trainer at Jerome Park. Knott alleges that Buchanan entered the horse in his own name this season and won many races with it, and he has failed to render an accounting. Knott gave bonds in $4,000 in his suit yesterday in the Brooklyn Supreme Court. Jim Renwick is in possession of a deputy sheriff.

OBITUARY.

Death of Wm. F. Smythe, a Veteran Journalist of New York City.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Wm. F. Smythe, for many years foreman and night editor of the New York Herald and one of the best known journalists in the United States, died yesterday of kidney disease at his home in Brooklyn. He was born in Philadelphia in 1820, and was recently retired from the Herald on a pension because of chronic ill health.

An Old Reporter Gone.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Wm. J. Mackey, well known through his "A B C Guide," died in Brooklyn yesterday, aged 67. He was formerly connected with the Associated Press as a reporter of Wall street doings.

THE GREAT VICTORY.

Latest Returns Increase the Democratic Majorities Everywhere.

The Result of Tuesday's Election as an Indorsement of the Administration—Congratulatory Telegrams to the President—Members of the Cabinet Express Their Gratification.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The result of the city election is particularly gratifying to Tammany. Grant, Tammany, for Sheriff, received 73,689 votes; Jacobs, Republican, 65,538; White, County Democracy, 59 208. Tammany has also elected Flack County Clerk, Nooney President of the Board of Aldermen, and eight members of the board, two of the three Coroners, a Common Pleas Judge and a City Judge. The County Democracy elects seven Aldermen and one City Judge. The United Democracy elects five Aldermen and the Supreme Court Judge. The Republicans have four Aldermen, a Judge of the Superior Court and a Common Pleas Judge.

The vote on the Governorship by counties as far as received up to a late hour last night shows the following totals: Hill, Democrat, 378,649; Davenport, Republican, 368,696; Bascom, Prohibitionist, 13,008.

VIRGINIA.

Returns from Virginia last night were conflicting. Lee's majority ranged, in the estimates, from 15,000 to 30,000. Heavy Democratic gains are reported in counties having a large colored population. But Republican gains elsewhere offset these. The indications are that the Democrats will have nearly 70 out of 100 members of the House of Delegates and 30 out of 40 Senators.

IOWA.

The Republican majority in Iowa will, from present indications, be under 8,000. It was only 2,000 two years ago. The Republicans gain heavily in the Legislature. The Senate will probably show 31 Republicans and nineteen Fusionists; the House, fifty-nine Republicans and forty-one Fusionists. Complete returns from fifty-one counties give a net gain of 3,910 over the vote of 1883.

ALL GRATIFIED.

Opinions of the Cabinet on the Great Democratic Victories.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—Five of the members of the Cabinet interviewed on the recent elections responded as follows: Secretary Bayard: "I am very much gratified with the result of the elections. There is one remarkable fact for the people to look at in connection with them. For the first time in twenty-five years the United States office holders, as a body, have not interfered with the freedom of election or been permitted to exercise any controlling influence in them. I do not believe any man can pretend that there was an assessment of any kind or any organized subscription among the office holders, but they were free to cast their individual votes as any other man would be."

SECRETARY ENDICOTT.

"I am highly gratified, as every Democrat must be, with the victories of the Democratic party in New York and Virginia."

POSTMASTER-GENERAL VILAS.

"I am highly delighted with the result of the elections, and I have sent Governor Hill a letter of congratulation. I have never distrusted Governor Hill's sincere sympathy with the Administration, as have the Independent papers of New York and elsewhere. I think the result is a proof of the confidence and trust the people have in President Cleveland's unswerving policy, devoted not to the success of any particular party, but to the welfare of the people at large and prosperity of the country. The anxiety which both parties showed as to whether the President would support Governor Hill or not, is, I think, a proof of this. The Independents who wished to make it appear that it would be to support the administration to elect Davenport, and the Democrats who knew that the Governor was the President's choice, both desired the support of the Administration, knowing that it would carry with it victory."

SECRETARY LAMAR.

"My own feeling with regard to the great Democratic victories in New York and Virginia is one of intense gratification. They show, I think, an increased and settled confidence on the part of people in the principles upon which the government of the country is being administered, and they are also a signal rebuke to the effort that has been made to give a sectional tendency to the political contest."

ATTORNEY-GENERAL GARLAND.

"It is very gratifying, exceedingly gratifying. It was, I think, a very hard fight, and certainly is a grand victory."

THE WALKUP CASE.

The Jury Stand Five for Conviction and Seven for Acquittal.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

EMPORIA, KAN., November 5.—The jury in the Walkup case is still out and it has been heard from only in an indirect way. They are said to stand ten to two in favor of acquittal, and if this is so, and it comes to your correspondent pretty straight they are liable to stay out for some time. The city is laboring under a quiet, but intense excitement and the only subject of conversation is regarding the jury, and whether they will agree or not. Should there prove to be anywhere near an equal division on a verdict, they will be excused by the Court as being unable to agree. But, if on the contrary, it is only one man that is hanging the rest, an agreement will have to be arrived at or they will remain prisoners for some time. The costs to the county already are roughly footed up as over $3,000, and there is much opposition to having the case tried again on account of the expenses. Mrs. Walkup, the accused, bears up wonderfully well, and is still confident of an acquittal.

Can't Agree.

EMPORIA, KAN., November 5.—The jury in the Walkup case have not yet returned a verdict, and the belief is general here that it will not agree. It is supposed to stand five for conviction and seven for acquittal.

OKLAHOMA.

Boomers Invading the Territory—Fears of Trouble With the Indians.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., November 5.—Advices from the Indian Territory say that the invasion of Oklahoma continues. The boomers are coming in from all points, miles from Fort Reno. There are numbers of families encamped there. They claim to be en route for the West, but it is evident that they expect to remain in Oklahoma. The men of the party are armed with rifles, shotguns and pistols. The same state of affairs is reported in other parts of Oklahoma. Troops are ready to move when ordered, but the Department at Washington fails to act. The Indians are becoming turbulent. Couch's movements are being watched, and he is likely to be arrested before he can gather the scattered boomers. Fears are entertained of a fight between the latter and the Indian police.

THE BOYD HERD.

Report of Dr. Palmer on the Recovered Cases of Pleuro-Pneumonia.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., November 5.—The chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, Dr. D. E. Palmer, has made a report to the Illinois Live Stock Commission on the condition of Illinois as to the existence of pleuro-pneumonia, being the so-called recovered cases on the premises of Jesse Boyd, near Edmunds. After describing his examination of this herd he closes the report as follows: At the request of your commission the Commissioner of Agriculture has appointed Dr. A. H. Baker of Chicago, an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry, to visit the herd at short intervals, and to see that the quarantine regulations are maintained, and to give notice in case of any new appearance of the disease.

SWORE IN HIS DEPUTIES.

United States Marshal Carroll of Arkansas Appoints His Assistants.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FT. SMITH, ARK., November 5.—The new United States Marshal, Colonel J. Carroll, made the following appointments to-day to fill the office of United States Deputy Marshals: A. S. Vandevinneter, Eureka Springs, Ark.; C. M. Barnes, Ft. Smith; George E. Williams, Ft. Smith; W. G. Nelson Vinita, I. T.; Samuel Sixkiller, Muscogee, I. T.; D. W. Hoskins, Roseville, Ark.; C. E. Garretson, Charleston, Ark.; James H. Mershon, Ft. Smith, Ark. The following have been appointed bailiffs: J. H. Pettigrew, Fayetteville, Ark.; J. C. Carroll, Charleston, Ark.; William Kellum, Charleston, Ark. The deputy marshals and bailiffs took the oath of office this morning and have entered their new fields of labor throughout the Indian country.

APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Commissioner Eaton in Office Temporarily—News From Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. November 5.—The President this afternoon appointed William Faxon of Michigan to be Register of the Land Office at Detroit; E. L. Caison of Texas, Indian Agent at Ouray, Utah Leigh O Knapp of New Mexico, Receiver of Public Moneys at Santa Fe, N. M.

Congratulating Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—The President continues to receive numerous telegrams congratulating him on the result of Tuesday's election. Among them was the following:

"NEW YORK, November 4.

"Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, Washington, D. D.:

"I congratulate you upon the hearty indorsement which New York and Virginia gave your administration. ALTON B. PARKER,

"Chairman Democratic State Executive Committee."

Insolvent National Bank Dividends.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—The Comptroller of the Currency has declared dividends in favor of the creditors of insolvent National banks as follows: The Richmond National Bank of Richmond, Ind., a third dividend of 6 per cent, making in all 36 per cent; the Hot Springs National Bank of Hot Springs, Ark., a third dividend of 20 per cent, making in all 70 per cent, and the Marine National Bank of the City of New York, a fifth dividend of 5 per cent, making in all 40 per cent.

Fourth-Class Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—The Postmaster-General to-day appointed the following fourth-class postmasters:

KENTUCKY—Pancyfarm, J. C. Heyden; London, Robert M. Jackson; Willard, W. R. Kitchen.

OHIO—Cookton, D. W. Cook; Fullertown, James Bosswell; Peru, Chester S. Howe; North Star, Charles George; Beamsville, M. L. Shafer; Buchs, Au ustus Kuh; Calcutta, John McHaffie; Watertown, C. B. Wood; Arabia, James C. Taylor; Bearwer, Henry Schrader; Blaine, E. F. Kinser; Bloomingburg, Lewis O'Brien; Donnellsville, Thos. J. Sayler; Forest, Russell Price; Byer, George R. Curry; Calais, C. L. Ebrite; Chester Hill, Ephraim Ellis; Crown City, Lewis E. Burke; Dawes, Daniel T. Webber; Dennison, George W. Finney; Put in Bay, George E. Gascoyne; Vienna Cross-Roads, Daniel Wright; Fowler, George Sigler, Fredericktown, H. N. Vance, Garfield, Wm. T. Bower; Georgetown, Edgar Roth; Hawks, C. N. Reynolds; Jagger, W. P. Vermilion; Bookwalter, J. B. Martin.

Commissioner Eaton Reappointed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—The President this afternoon appointed Mr. Dorman B. Eaton to be a member of the Civil Service Commission, in place of Mr. Thoman, whose resignation was accepted to take effect November 1. The appointment is but a temporary one, however, as it is proposed to appoint a permanent successor to Judge Thoman in a short time. Mr. Eaton consented to serve on the commission for a few weeks in order to assist the newly appointed commissioners in familiarizing themselves with their duties, and also to clear up certain unfinished matters in which he is greatly interested. It is not known who will succeed Mr. Eaton, beyond the fact that the new appointee will be a Republican in full sympathy with civil service reform.

ACRES ABLAZE.

The Extensive St. Paul and Pacific Coal Docks, Near Duluth, Burning.

ST. PAUL, MINN., November 5.—A special from Duluth says: The St. Paul and Pacific Coal Docks, situated on Cannon's Point, about three miles from here, across the bay, covering an area of five acres, and at present carrying a stock of about 100,000 tons of coal, was discovered to be on fire last night and at a late hour were still burning, although the tugs and fire engines sent from this city have been throwing streams of water upon the fire for several hours. The dock property was built of made land, consisting of slabs and sawdust, and as the fire is under the planks, it is very hard to get at. It is impossible to make an estimate of the probable loss at this writing.

BURCHARD'S BAD BREAK.

The Cashier of a Bank at Grass Lake, Mich., a Heavy Defaulter.

JACKSON, MICH., November 5.—Wesley Burchard, cashier of the Farmers' Bank at Grass Lake, is missing, being a defaulter to the amount of $18,000. He was in the habit of taking $200 to $300 at a time until the amount reached $1,000, when he would make a promissory note and sign Pratt & Burchard, and so falsify in the statement. When confronted by the directors on Tuesday he acknowledged having done wrong, but promised to make the amount good. He was not arrested and disappeared that night. It is thought the funds were sunk in wild speculations in Texas. Burchard is over 50 years old, and has a wife and grown daughter.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

An Alarm of Fire Causes a Panic in a Theater at Fayetteville, Ark.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FAYETTEVILLE, ARK., November 5.—The large and costly barn of Mr. C. B. Paddock of this place was struck by lightning last night, set on fire and burned to the ground. The fire was discovered in time to save the stock. Robert McWade was playing "Rip Van Winkle" at the City Hall, and during the play the alarm of fire was sounded, causing a panic, but serious personal danger and perhaps the loss of life was prevented by Marshal Taylor standing in the door and allowing no one to go out until the excite ment subsided.

SLAUGHTERED HIS SWINE.

A Farmer Uses Arsenic to Protect His Porkers Against Hog Cholera.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

SHELBYVILLE, ILL., November 5.—A case of arsenical poisoning, somewhat different from the Walkup affair, is causing much amusement here. A young farmer, north of town, who had heard somewhere that arsenic was a sovereign preventive of hog cholera, came to town, purchased two pounds of the poison, and, against the advice of the apothecary, administered it to his swine. When the rose next morning he found to his consternation that every one of his thirty fat porkers had turned up its toes to the daisies.

ROBBING SETTLERS.

Horse Thieves Operating in the Oklahoma Country—Lynching Threatened.

CALDWELL, KAN., November 5.—A report from the Oklahoma country to-day is received that Jim Roberts and Bob Curtiss had twenty head of work mules stolen from their camp one night this week. Other freighters and boomers lost horses and mules in the same way the past week. If the thieves are caught a whole ash hanging will be the result. That country is filled with settlers and they say they will not be removed by the Government.

STILL OUT.

The Jury in the Durbin Child Murder Case at Decatur, Ill.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

DECATUR, ILL., November 5.—The Charles Durbin baby murder case was given to the jury last evening at 6 o'clock. Up to this afternoon they had been unable to agree upon a verdict. The present prospects are that they will agree upon the degree of punishment. Durbin's home is in Fayette County, Ill., where his relatives reside.

HELD AT FORT SMITH.

A Bad Gang, Including a Murderer from the Indian Territory.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

FORT SMITH, ARK., November 5.—Special Deputy United States Marshal Cobie Starr arrived in the city last night with four prisoners from the Indian country. One of them is supposed to be John Jones who killed a guard at Little Rock some months ago, and he will remain here in jail until identified.

Will Soon be Free.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, November 5.—Thirty-three convicts will be discharged in November under the three-fourths rule.

HARD ON THE PRINCE.

Bulgaria's Ruler Stricken From the Russian Army List.

The Stead Trial Concluded—Probable Conviction of Editor Stead, Gen. Booth and Mrs. Jarrett—The Duke of Edinburgh to Command the Mediterranean Squadron—Parnell's Unsuccessful Protest—Foreign News.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 5.—The name of Prince Alexander of Bulgaria has been stricken from the Russian army list, and the Prince has been deprived of his colonelcy of the Russian Rifle Battalion to which he was appointed by the Czar.

England.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH'S PROMOTION.

LONDON, November 5.—The report that the Duke of Edinburgh will be appointed commander of the Mediterranean Squadron is confirmed.

THE SHROPSHIRE HANDICAP.

At Shrewsbury to-day the great Shropshire handicap race was won by General Owen William's Cohort, with Mr. W. Gubert's "The Sailor Prince" second, and Lord Bradford's Whitelock third. There were seven starters. Five to one was offered against Cohort, seven to one against "The Sailor Prince," and ten to one against Whitelock.

THE STEAD TRIAL.

Sir Richard Webster, the Attorney-General, today finished his address to the jury in the trial of the defendants in the Armstrong abduction case. The court adjourned until Saturday. It is generally believed that the conviction of Mr. Stead, editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, Mr. Bramwell Booth of the Salvation Army and Mrs. Jarrett is certain.

DENOUNCED THE SALVATIONISTS.

The Attorney-General concluded his address with a severe denunciation of the conduct of the members of the Salvation Army, in suppressing Eliza Armstrong's letter to her mother.

France.

M. DE RENDE RECALLED TO ROME.

PARIS, November 5.—M. de Rende, the Papal Nuncio here, has been recalled to Rome. It is not likely he will return. He will probably be made Cardinal.

THE MONETARY CONFERENCE CLOSED.

The Monetary Conference has closed. All the Powers represent except Belgium have arrived at an agreement.

Austria.

TROOPS MOVING.

VIENNA, November 5.—Austrian troops are pouring in from Trieste into the district of the Bacone di Cattaro.

Ireland.

THE PARLIAMENTARY FUND.

DUBLIN, November 5.—At a meeting of the National League yesterday Mr. Harrington stated that $8,000 had been received from an Irish Branch and $10,000 from America for the Parliamentary Fund.

PARNELL'S PROTEST.

Mr. Parnell protests against the selection of Mr. Phillip Cullen, Member of Parliament for Louth, by the Nationalists of that county, as their candidate at the coming Parliamentary elections. It is reported that the party there will not recognize the protest, but will support Mr. Cullan's candidature.

The courts have decided to allow soldiers occupying separate rooms to cast their votes at the Parliamentary elections.

Germany.

LIBELING THE CZAR.

BERLIN, November 5.—The Government will prosecute the Volks Zeitung for libeling the Czar. The charge of libel is based on the expression "Czar scher Despotismus," which was published in the Zeitung.

THE GERMAN COLONIAL UNION.

At a meeting of the German Colonial Union yesterday it was decided to dispatch a commission to secure suitable localities for German settlements in the Southern Provinces of Brazil.

The Dominion.

THE SMALL-POX.

MONTREAL, November 5.—The statement of mortality for the five weeks ending October 31 shows 1,391 deaths in this city from small-pox. Of those who died 1,286 were French Canadians. Forty-five cases of small-pox were verified yesterday. There are at present receiving relief from the city 1,661 persons. There are 572 cases of small-pox among those persons.

THE CONDEMNED REBELS.

WINNIPEG, MAN., November 5.—Judge Rouleau of Battleford arrived here last night. The Judge tried forty-six Indian prisoners, sixteen of these were discharged, twenty-nine were sent to the Penitentiary for periods ranging between twenty and two years, and eleven were sentenced to be hanged November 27. These were known to be concerned directly in the Frog Lake massacre. Of the eleven the Judge says eight will be hanged for certain, but he thinks the sentences of two will be commuted, and possibly that of a third.

South America.

VENEZUELA'S GREAT BREAKWATER.

PANAMA, November 3.—Great improvements are being effected in Venzuela. The work of building a breakwater at Laguayra, on the coast, is to be commenced at once. The entire breakwater will cost $40,000,000. Blocks of concrete weighing 500 tons each will be laid in the sea. No money will be taken from the public treasury. The London Company agrees to accept a certain sum per package for all merchandise going over the breakwater for 99 years.

Italy.

ACCEPTED ENGLAND'S INVITATION.

ROME, November 5.—In accordance with a request of the English Government, Italy will send two officers to witness the maneuvers of the Indian army in the Lahore district, British India.

McCLELLAN'S RECOLLECTIONS.

Gen. Fitzjohn Porter Believes the Publication of the Book Necessary.

NEW YORK, November 5.—General Fitzjohn Porter, in regard to the destruction of Gen. McClellan's "personal recollections" some years ago, says the recollections of Gen. McClellan were nearly all burned, but he did succeed in reproducing them, and had he lived he would have rewritten the whole book. The papers and records were all saved, and only a few weeks ago he was engaged on a description of the Peninsula campaign. So far as to the work creating a stir I do not know, but it will be different from the Grant-Johnson controversy. Mr. Dawe's statements were not proven. In General McClellan's case were statement is conclusively proven. The publication of the book is necessary to General McClellan's reputation and, furthermore, it will set at rest many errors in history and do away with many misappreciations."

CASUALTIES.

Probably Fatal Explosion of Natural Gas in a Pennsylvania Mine.

WILKESBARRE, PA., November 5.—A serious gas explosion occurred at Sugar Notch in shaft No. 9 last night. Richard James, John Davis and Patrick Pligh were terribly burned. James suffered serious injuries, his hands being burned to a crisp.

Hennepin Canal Commission.

CHICAGO, November 5.—The Hennepin Canal Commission had an informal session this forenoon. Delegates were present from Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Michigan and New York. Hon. Joseph Dixey of Dixon presided. It was decided to give the Commission the name of The Lake Michigan and Mississippi River Canal Commission. The formal session of the Commission will begin this afternoon.

THE POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

Sale of the Washington Plant to Mr. S. C. Elliott.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—The plant of the Postal Telegraph Company within the District of Columbia was sold at auction to-day to satisfy a deed of trust to Mr. S. C. Elliott, the plaintiff in the suit, for $4,000.

Death of Miss Pattie McMillen.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BOWLING GREEN, MO., November 5.—Miss Pattie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. McMillen, died at her home in this city yesterday at 4 o'clock, of typhoid fever. The funeral will take place tomorrow at 3 o'clock.

Murderer Herman Confesses.

BUFFALO, N. Y., November 5.—Herman, whose wife was found yesterday morning with her throat cut from ear to ear, has made two statements practically admitting his guilt. The statements have not yet been made public.

S., V. & B.,

FOURTH AND ST. CHARLES STREETS,

For Remainder of the Week, and Until Sold, We Offer the Following:

RECENT CASH PURCHASES

All desiring Good Goods at Great Bargains can most assuredly find them in Every Department of our House.

BLACK SILK DEPARTMENT.

98c will buy a better Black Gros-Grain Silk, from the best manufacturers, than we have ever sold; guaranteed to wear well and equal to anything we have seen in this city outside of our own goods at $1 35.

Our $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2, S., V. & B., Guaranteed Brand, is the best Silk produced by any manufacturer at these prices; we guarantee every yard. To-day we open and will sell 5 pieces each number at the following rates:

Our $1 25 quality for $1; $1 50 at $1 25; $1 75 at $1 50, $2 at $1 67½. These goods will not be sold again at these prices.

Don't miss our 98c Black Silk-faced Velvet, worth $1 50; our Black Dress Velvets, 27 inches wide, silk-faced, are 33⅓ per cent lower than cost of manufacturing; look at grades $2, $2 50, $3 and $3 50.

75c will buy a Steel-gray Brocade Silk, 26 inches wide; these are a job lot and can not be matched under $1 75 per yard.

$3 will buy the richest assortment of two-tone Colored Velvet Brocades, in elegant quality, suitable for wraps or combination dresses; these are all new and equal to goods sold all around at $4 50 and $5.

KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

Ask for Duprez 4-Button, our $1 25 Glove.
Ask for Standard 4-Button, our $1 50 Glove.
4-Button Premier, the best Glove in the world, at $2 a pair. No house can duplicate these; we have every pair manufactured for ourselves; each pair fitted to the hand and guaranteed perfect.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney
DRY GOODS CO.

BLANKET AND COMFORT DEP'T.

Blankets, Comforts and Rugs. Open up to-day, in addition to our regular assortment, these special lots. Persons in want of any of these goods should examine our stock.

At $2 a pair, we open 55 cases White Blankets. There are no such goods offered in this city.

$5 per pair, a full 74x84 White Blanket, extra weight, equal to any blanket in the city at $6 50.

$5 for a 63x80 Scarlet Hunting Blanket. The best article we have shown, and equal to any regular $7 blanket.

We will open fifty styles of Elder Down Comforts. These are a special importation, and the most elegant designs and materials we have ever shown, with pillows to match, and all very much lower than we ever have offered these goods before.

At 85c we will open a first-class Cotton Comfort. These goods will be shown in all grades up to a lambs' wool filling, at $6 50.

At $2 75, $3 and $3 50, we will open a lot of imported Chintz Comforts, in elegant quality, different from any class of these goods made in this country.

Will open twenty-five new designs in Floor Rugs. These we buy direct from the manufacturer, and are sold as close as our regular dry goods. We undersell any carpet house in the city.

At $1 50 and $2 50 are a special lot of Lap Robes. They are way below their value, and these we have in great variety up to $17 50; and in Fur Carriage Robes $7 50 up to $30, and they are cheap.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney
DRY GOODS CO.

LINEN AND DOMESTIC DEP'T.

Will open up a lot of Housekeeping Articles that will attract attention. We quote a few prices.

50c yd for 20 pcs 8-4 White Linen Damask, assorted patterns, our regular 75c goods.

75c yd for 15 pcs 8-4 White Linen Damask, our regular $1 10 goods.

50c yd for lot extra heavy fancy bordered Linen Damask, a special bargain and cheap at 75c.

At $1 50 per doz., 200 doz. fancy-bordered All-linen Huck Towels, our regular $1 85 goods.

$3 per doz., a special lot soft-finish Damask Towels, all white and colored borders. They are equal to goods sold regular, $4 50 doz.

We are, and shall be, headquarters for

SEALSKIN GARMENTS

This season. Every garment guaranteed perfect in dye, finish and fit. We keep only one manufacturer's make. We believe them the best and most reliable goods made in this country. We are selling the identical goods this year as heretofore at this scale of reduced prices:

Our price last year, $175 00; our price this season, $135 00—exactly same goods.
Our price last year, $190 00; our price this season, $140 00—exactly same goods.
Our price last year, $200 00; our price this season, $150 00—exactly same goods.
Our price last year, $225 00; our price this season, $175 00—exactly same goods.
Our price last year, $250 00; our price this season, $200 00—exactly same goods.
Our price last year, $275 00; our price this season, $210 00—exactly same goods.

We make special mention of our seal at $125 00. A lady need not fear she is getting an inferior cloak in buying one of these garments; they are equal in wear, fit and make to the best garment sold, and the fur is really very beautiful. We guarantee this the same as the best garment we sell.

CURTAIN DEPARTMENT.

Of the 1,000 pairs Curtains we open to-day there is no question as to our price being below all competition.

At $1 25 we shall give a regular $2 Curtain.
At $1 50 we shall give a regular $2 50 Curtain.
At $2 we shall give a regular $3 Curtain.
At $2 50 we shall give a regular $3 75 Curtain.
At $3 we shall give a regular $4 50 Curtain.
At $3 50 we shall give a regular $5 Curtain.
At $4 50 we shall give a regular $6 Curtain.

Our lines of regular goods up to $25 per pair are not equaled by any upholsterer in the city.

WILL OPEN IN

WHITE GOODS DEPARTMENT

At 6¾c, 2 cases Check Nainsook; regular 10c goods.

At 10c, 1 case each Check and Plaid Nainsook; regular 15c goods.

At 15c and 20c, 3 cases Satin Plaid and Striped Nainsooks; the best value we have ever shown, and the goods are cheap at 30c per yard.

IN DRESS GOODS

We have opened the most extraordinary assortment of combinations in every desirable effect, from a velvet striped homespun down to goods at 15c per yard that look cheap at 30c.

See our Wool Homespun Suitings at 65c.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney
DRY GOODS CO.

POLITICAL BOODLE.

The Thousands Spent by Mr. Ira Davenport and Judge Andrew J. White.

From the New York WORLD.

The usual methods were employed by both political parties in raising funds for the State campaign which closes with the elections to-day. Many party men tendered contributions, leaders subscribed liberally and many office-holders contributed. There were heavy assessments in the city departments, as there have always been, at the rate of 2 per cent, with threats of decapitation in the event of refusal. But in the Federal departments, under assurances from the Civil Service Commission, the man with the book has not been so numerous in former years. In the Post Office the men were ordered to report the name and residence of any person presenting a book to an employe for an assessment. In the Custom House some ludicrous devices were resorted to in order to obtain a few thousand dollars. A raffle was held downtown for widow McGovern's pig, which Custom House employes were invited to attend by paying $10 to the gentleman at the door. The number present was very small and the lucky man declared it was the costliest raffle he ever saw. The names of three night inspectors and a Democratic committeeman appointed to office and accredited with having engineered this unique performance. The proceeds of the widow's mite aggregated $1,400.

While the Federal employes were protected, the city officers were exposed to the unscrupulous demands of party management. Every man drawing pay from the city was given clearly to understand that the managers of his party looked to him for a "voluntary contribution"—so it was put—amounting to two per cent of his yearly salary. Democrat and Republican came under this rule. There was no partiality in its enforcement. "Pay up or admit that your place is a burden to you." In the Public Works, in the courts, in the departments, the flat went forth, by a visitor full of business with a small book, from which was checked off each name. Often some discreet clerk in an office was delegated to pass the hat around and gather in the shekels with as little noise as possible. Most of the men paid up with enforced cheerfulness but suppressed exuberance; others, more vigorous, boldly and unhesitatingly refused.

The county Clerk's office paid a handsome contribution for the good cause. The Department of Public Works, from Mr Squire down, who led off with a check that is said far to exceed the amount left with Mr. Squire's assistant displayed no meanness in its offerings. Between the two departments $28,000 are reported to have been added to the Democratic campaign fund.

Where does all the money go? Judge Andrew J. White is said to have put $40,000 in his Sheriff's fight. Mr Davenport's ambition to be Governor of the Empire State is not cheap either, it is said by those who know, $75,000. James W. Wadsworth, the other millionaire on the Republican State ticket, puts his hand in his pocket for $40,000 for the chance of being elected Comptroller for two years. John W. Jacobus is $10,000 poorer than he was before he was nominated for sheriff. Col. Michael C. Murphy has spent $5,000 to defeat Judge Michael Norton in the Fifth Senate District. Roswell P. Flower has as at different times contributed $5,000 to the State campaign fund for the privilege of declining the nomination of Lieutenant-Governor. C. N. Bliss, Joseph W. Drexel and Levi P. Morton, who were all candidates for Governor on the Republican ticket, have forwarded their checks for $5,000 each to the State Committee, aside from distrct and local contributions. T. C. Platt, who has not taken a very active part in the campaign, let himself down easy for $1,000. Jay Gould, Russell Sage, Cyrus W. Field, Sidney Dillon, John T. Terry, J. Pierpont Morgan, Levi M. Bates and many other Republicans have demonstrated their ardor this fatty to the Republican party by aiding the ticket financially.

Diamonds.

In clusters and solitaire rings, $8 to $200. You are sure of saving from 25 to 50 per cent by buying at

HESS & CULBERTSON'S,
22 N. Fourth street.

A Slick Counterfeiter.

Chas. F. Bruce, alias Frank Smith, was brought in from Hannibal to-day and lodged in jail by Deputy Marshal Doherty on the charge of passing counterfeit dollars. His plan was to enter a store, purchase a small article, tender a $5 bill, and, when the change was made, produce sufficient coin for the article purchased and to all appearances return the same change, but in fact handing over counterfeit dollars.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Constables to be Elected—No Water Works Yet—Notes.

The East St. Louis Justices of the Peace held a meeting this morning and resolved to make application to the County Court immediately to issue an order calling a special election for the selection of three Constables instead of Michael Haley, Walter McGaragan and Ashley Abernathy, who, for different reasons, cannot lawfully serve longer in that capacity. The Squires are very anxious that the special election be called immediately, for they find it at present extremely hard to have writs, warrants and the like served at the proper time. They are also determined to use every endeavor to have men nominated who, if elected, will attend strictly to their business, something, they allege, the present Constables fail to do. Mr. John Dowd, the license inspector, was waited upon and asked whether, in case the County Court saw fit to issue an order for a special election he would be willing to run for the office, and declared his willingness to do so.

Ashley Abernathy, the constable who a few days ago absconded with the money given him by Squire Keane to pay a jury, and also took the key of the room in which the jury was locked up, returned this morning. He brought back the key, but the jury money he had spent. After upbraiding him for his action, Squire Keane said inasmuch as he had brought back the key, he would not bring action against him for the money.

Allen Reynolds, a driver for the St. Louis Hansom Cab Company, drove over here last night with a belated East St. Louisan, and was arrested by a license inspector for not having a license. He was taken before Squire Shea this morning and fined $5 and costs. The arrests of cab drivers have been of frequent of late, as Mayor Joyce is determined that they shall not come over here without a license.

A dispatch was received from Mr. Harry Padfield of Belleville last night requesting the police to arrest two men, one about 23 years of age, and the other about 17 years, both having satchels and being fairly well dressed. The telegram stated they left that city on the 10:30 train, but the police failed to discover any men answering their description on any of the incoming trains from Belleville.

Louis Rhinehart swore out a warrant before Squire Draggon this morning against Vitale Parisy, whom he charges with assaulting him with attempt to do bodily harm. Parisy is a barkeeper in a saloon kept by Rhinehart, and Rhinehart is also a resident of the village. Several evenings since, while Rhinehart was treating some friends, a dispute arose between him and the barkeeper about the amount Rhinehart owed for drinks. While the discussion was in progress Parisy got tired of argument and endeavored to convince Rhinehart by beating him with his fists and with beer glasses. The warrant was given to a constable to serve.

The work of making excavations for the laying of mains for the new Water Works did not begin this morning as it was given out, and the hopes of the taxpayers that they were at last to derive some material benefit from the amount of money they have for years past past paid into the city treasury for the purpose of having water works established are growing beautifully less every day.

FEDERAL INDICTMENTS.

The Brazilian Note Forgeries—A Batch of Counterfeiting Cases—Grand Jury Report.

The Grand Jury of the United States District Court came into the court-room this afternoon and reported several indictments, afterwards retiring to consider other cases. Indictments were returned against Lucius H. White and Joseph White of Whitney, Texas, for the Brazilian note forgeries. Lucius White is in jail here and his brother is at Waco.

An indictment was returned against Matt Gough for counterfeiting operations in Carondelet. George Austen and Ellen Watson were indicted for having in their possession, and attempting to pass, a large quantity of counterfeit coin. Indictments were also returned for counterfeiting operations against John O'Neil Carvin and William Floyd Mitchell.

Gerald Fane was indicted for stealing the contents of a valuable letter.

THE FEDERAL COURTS.

Important Railroad Matters Discussed To-Day—The Wabash and Other Cases.

Judge Treat to-day in the United States Circuit Court heard several motions of importance in the railroad cases. In the Wabash case Judge Phillips moved in behalf of the Central Trust Company for an order of reference to the master relative to the receiver's outstanding obligations, costs, fees, etc., looking to an early foreclosure of the general mortgage and sale of the property. Judge Brewer will be here again on the 7th of December and several orders of importance in railroad cases will be brought up again on Monday next.

In the Texas and St. Louis case the master filed several reports on petitions. E. Smith, Judge Carr and George H. Shields made some remarks to the Court respecting a report of outstanding claims being made with a view to a decree and order of sale at an early date.

The Court said that unless a report could be made by Monday next the matter would have to be deferred until December.

In the matter of the Quincy, Missouri and Pacific Road the Wabash receivers filed petitions for allowance of Wabash claims as first liens upon the property in respect of the Q., M. & P.'s share of the indebtedness for purchase money when that road formed part of the Wabash system.

A similar petition to the above was presented in the case of the Missouri, Iowa and Nebraska Road.

Decision in a Railroad Car Case.

Judge Treat rendered a decision to-day in the case of the Missouri Pacific Railway Company against the Chicago and Alton Railway Company. The Court is not prepared to say that where a railroad car in the course of through transportation is received to be delivered to another railroad, and has been so delivered, that it is bound to cause the same to be returned either to the owner of the car or to the railroad from which the same was originally received nor that it is under all circumstances entitled to recover in its own name from what may subsequently happen with respect thereto. In this case there can be no recovery as to ten cars shipped to the Advance Elevator and destroyed by fire. Two other cars were delivered to the C. & A. Co. to be sent East which were destroyed by fire, the value of which being $692 35 and $100 for the wrecked material was received by the Missouri Pacific Company. As to the two cars the obligations of a common carrier existed and the defendant company is liable for $692 35.

When a common carrier transports merchandise and delivers the same to the consignee its obligations are at an end, however, the same as tendered to him and through no fault of the carrier, he does not or will not receive the same, the carrier can cause the same to be stored at the risk of the consignee or retain possession of the same simply as a warehouseman. Were this not so the through traffic from one part to the other of this vast country would compel not only the breaking up but stoppage of trains if at the intermediate points of delivery the consignee failed or refused to receive consignments. In this case there were ten cars to be delivered to the Advance Elevator and received by the Chicago and Alton corporation for that purpose. Six were actually delivered. Four were tendered to the elevator people and remained in the custody of the Chicago and Alton corporation from the inability of the elevator to receive the cars when so tendered, on account of the fire.

As to the cars actually delivered and destroyed by fire there can be no recovery. As to the other four cars, the property of the C. Isago and Alton Company was simply that of a warehouseman.

Other Decisions To-Day.

Judge Treat handed down the following decisions to-day in the United States Circuit Court:

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company vs. Hugh L. Fox & Co. Judgment for $792 56, actual amount due from the defendant; referee allowed $600, to be charged as costs. The exceptions to the report of the referee caused an elaborate examination concerning the settlement of the account between the parties. The vituperative portions of the brief were disregarded.

Steam Gauge and Lantern Company vs. Ferdinand Meyrose; motion to modify the order requiring bond and to increase the amount of the same denied. The court does not feel justified in changing the order heretofore made.

Legal Notes.

The following judgments were rendered in the Circuit Court to-day: Fourth National Bank of St. Louis vs. John C. Kinkamp, judgment for $19,409 30; James H. Dunham et al vs. L. & E. Leubrie, judgment for $1,090 71; J. H. McCormick vs. St. Louis, Keokuk and Northwestern Railroad Company, verdict and judgment for $86 33.

Hubert Sussig filed suit this afternoon against Abraham Scheids, claiming judgment for $3,000 on account of consignments of jewelry for sale.

The following cases were dismissed to-day in the Circuit Court: Bohnhorst et al vs. Knoeppel vs. Agricultural and Mechanical Association.

THE HARRISON SALE.

Close of the Auction of the Real Estate at the Court House.

This afternoon Theophile Papin, Jr., special commissioner, continued and closed the sale of the improved property of the estate of Jas. Harrison, deceased. A row of two-story brick dwelling houses on Twelfth and Barton streets, was first put up by Judge P.

NUGENT'S REMNANT SALE TO-MORROW.

Special Bargains in Every Department ALL DAY FRIDAY.

B. NUGENT & BRO.,

815 to 821 N. Broadway, bet. Franklin Av. and Union Market.

CAUGHT AT LAST.

The Police Swoop Down on the Street-Car Dynamiters

And Capture All the Leaders of the Gang—The Villains Surprised in a Lucas Avenue Residence—Where the Explosive Was Purchased—A Series of Important Arrests.

Mysterious movements around the Police Headquarters at the Four Courts to-day showed that either something out of the way had been accomplished, or that it was nearing its accomplishment. Several inquiries were made at the Chief's office, but though he did not deny, and once or twice seemed on the point of acknowledging that sensational developments connected with the street car strike were on foot it was not until 2:30 p. m. that he was able to make the intending resolution. At that hour a man named John Shaughnessy, a car-driver, was brought into the Central Station and locked up. The reporter made another request of Chief Harrigan that he reveal what he knew and he said:

"Now that Shaughnessy is arrested, I am at liberty to tell you that he is the last of the gang of street car dynamiters whom we have been hunting down ever since the discovery of the first infernal machine. We have all the others, we believe, and we have such clear cases against them that there is

NO DOUBT WHATEVER

of their conviction."

"Can you give me their names?"

"I can. They are Willard P. Sears, Phillip S. Burns, M. Weathers, David Keenan Shaughnessy and Master-Workman Pinkerton, all of them striking street-car conductors and drivers and members of the Knights of Labor."

"Who made the arrests?"

"Detective Sergeant McNamee. They last night gathered in the above mentioned hall from different parts of the city."

"Did they have any headquarters?"

"Yes, sir; it was at 2119 Lucas avenue, a house occupied by Unrig Stanton and his wife, who rented out rooms to lodgers and took in the dynamiters without having any knowledge of the nature of the business carried on there."

"How did you get on to the affair?"

"We secured information which led to the discovery. When the first two men were locked up they could not squeal too quickly on one another, and I believe we now have about the entire gang. They told all about how they bought the dynamite and how they formed sub-committees to place the explosives on the tracks."

"Was the Stanton House entered and with what result?"

"Last night it was entered and four of the men were

SURPRISED THERE SO COMPLETELY

that they had not time to offer any resistance. The detectives also discovered a quantity of dynamite and caps stored away in a valise, together with a quantity of letters belonging to the prisoner Sears."

"What did these letters reveal?"

"They showed the plans for the explosions were arranged in one of the ante-rooms of the Central Turner Hall by Burns, Withrow and Weathers."

"How did they get the money to buy the dynamite?"

"Master Workman Pinkerton signed a warrant on Treasurer Keenan to make the purchase. The warrant purported to be for $20 to be expended in buying food for the starving conductors and drivers' families, but these fellows bought dynamite with it. Weathers was sent to Louisville, Ky., where the dynamite was purchased. It was brought to this city and was stored at the Stanton residence."

"Who first got the information upon which the arrests were made?"

"Detectives Tracy and Lewis and Sergeant McNamee acted upon

INFORMATION WHICH I RECEIVED

but the success of which I cannot at present divulge. These men, since their arrest, have all admitted their complicity. Every one of them have confessed."

"Who is going to get the reward?"

"Can't say at present. This I will say: That the dynamite plot is completely unfolded, and that citizens need be scared no longer. The punishment of these men is assured and it cannot fail to be of a nature calculated to deter others from making attempts in the same direction.

BELLEVILLE.

A Sad Sight at the Relay Depot—Boycotting an Hotel—News Notes.

Tom Duffy and Pat Egan, who were convicted of robbing the City Clerk's vault in East St. Louis, and sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary, were, together with Ted Guion, sentenced, to six years for shooting Alderman Wm. Shea of East St. Louis, and Chas. Jones, a colored burglar, taken down to Chester this morning by Deputy Sheriff Alf Dawson. Egan's mother, who resides in Chicago, arrived here last night, and her parting with her son this morning was very pathetic. She had not seen him for a number of years, and believing, mother like, that her son could not be guilty of such a crime as was charged against him, and that he would surely prove his innocence, she did not leave her home until the news reached her, however, that he had pleaded guilty and was sentenced. Egan was visibly affected during the parting interview with his mother, and as he bade her goodbye before stepping on the train they embraced, the poor woman crying as if her heart would break. Duffy's wife, who is also Guion's sister, taking leave of both her husband and brother, who, linked with irons to each other, were on their way to Chester to suffer for their crimes.

The Hinckley House has as its guests several of the strikers who went to work at the reduced scale, but the strikers are determined to boycott it. Yesterday a quartette of the strikers waited on the Lyons Comedy Company, which is to play here next week, and informed him that if he boarded his troupe at the Hinckley House they would not patronize the show. The Agent had already contracted for rooms at the Hinckley House, and, notwithstanding the action of the strikers, will take the company there.

The jury in the divorce case of John Lippert against his wife Louisa, whom he alleged he had constantly threatened to take his life, refused to grant a separation.

In the suit of David Welker vs. John B. Butler for $2,000, for defamation of character, the jury late last night brought in a verdict for the defendant.

The case of Samuel Frazer of East St. Louis vs. the East St. Louis and Carondelet Railway for $10,000 damages for injuries received several years ago, was begun this afternoon.

The Vorwaerts Turngemeinde Society will meet at their hall this evening.

Frank Stevens, a section hand on the L. & N., had his jaw broken yesterday by a spike which he was attempting to drive from its position flying up and striking him.

The new city bonds recently issued amounting to $14,000 and bearing 5 per cent were all sold yesterday a couple of hours after they were put on the market.

Thomas McDermott was arrested to-day for beating his wife. He is employed at the Pump and Skein Works.

COMMERCIAL CHAT.

Harbor Improvement—Stocks Unsettled—Exchange Notes.

The Mayor to-day referred to President Haarstick of Merchants' Exchange a communication calling on St. Louis to send a delegation to a convention to be held in Savannah, Ga., No vember 25 to consider the question of harbor improvement on the South Atlantic Coast of the United States. W. G. Waller, Secretary of the Committee on Invitation, writes that St. Louis is entitled to six representatives in the Convention. Mr. Haarstick has called a meeting of the Committee on Mississippi River Improvement to be held to-morrow at 1 o'clock to discuss the question.

"I have heard of but one man who was dissatisfied with the elevator's new rates on grain," said H. L. Rogers on-day, "and he said he did not want the trouble of making out a bill for rebates every month. Of course grain is coming in very slowly at present, but I think the rates will give general satisfaction."

* * *

The New York stock market opened higher, weakened, advanced and fell off again this morning. L. G. McNair's correspondent telegraphed at the opening: "Stump considered it a Gould attack, as it was led by telegraph. Gould brokers bearish. Newcomb brokers say the reaction is nothing serious and the market is all the better for it. White considers it insignificant. Some of the Vanderbilt following chain a notch in arsen in the Trunk Line conference, and that the trunk line stocks no longer have inside support. An officer of the Pennsylvania says no hitch has arisen, and that the pooling agreement will be practically to the meeting to-day. Pool in telegraph sold above 80. Tals is rather bearish on it from Gould people, although some of the directors take the other way. Chicago bought St. Paul in the morning, but threw it over in the afternoon."

* * *

There was a very sudden and decided spurt in money rates in New York yesterday afternoon and to this is attributed the weakening of the price market toward the close. The expansion of railroad and telegraph stocks lately has been enormous and the demand for money proportionately large. A telegram from the East this morning says the spurt was largely artificial, as the rate ran off before the close.

* * *

Northern Pacific earnings for October show an increase of $60,870.

The wholesale grocers are expected home tomorrow morning.

The McCarthy Packing and Provision Company announces that it will begin to kill next week.

A DUAL PROBABLE.

Montreal Editors Waxing Wroth Over the Riel Questions

NEW YORK, November 5.—A Montreal special to The Post says: "The French editors are waxing wroth over the Riel question. Mr. Sauvelle of La Patrie having issued a challenge to the editor of La Minerve. For some time the former, which is the organ of the advanced Liberals, has been warmly championing the cause of Riel, while the La Minerve, which is the Government organ, has accused the editors of the Liberal organ, whose proprietor is Mr. Beaugrand, Montreal's mayor, of having possessed part of the funds subscribed for the defence of Riel, and now it states that La Patrie is using all its power to incite the people to rebellion. Mr. Beaugrand and Mr. Sauvelle, the chief editor, have considered these utterances personal insults.

WANTS AN ORGAN.

Mr. Wm. Hyde Negotiating for the Jefferson City Tribune.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., November 5.—Col. William Hyde came up from St. Louis to-day in company with Henry W. Ewing, Clerk of the Supreme Court. His visit is supposed to have some connection with the purchase of the Jefferson City Tribune.

ABOUT TOWN.

OFFICER JAMES JOHNSON of the Fifth District was arrested to-day on a charge of assaulting Patrick Brown of 3027 Rutger street.

A COMPLIMENTARY entertainment will be given tonight at the Bethel Chapel under the auspices of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Sabbath-school.

DAVID L. FRAZIER of 3635 Pine street was arrested this morning on a charge of deserting his wife, Mary Jane, now residing at 922 N. Twelfth street.

THE Athletic Parade Association will meet tonight at the Elk Club to take final action upon the Flambeau parade during the Cattle Convention week.

ARCHBISHOP KENRICK, accompanied by Vicar-General Brady arrived home this evening from a three weeks' visitation in Cape Girardeau County and interior towns.

MRS. ELIZABETH MAHER and three small children are reported as living in destitute circumstances in the rear of 3018 Carolina street. She is recommended as worthy of assistance.

THE Ladies' Aid Society of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church will give an old-fashioned "quilting bee" and "apple-paring" in the parlors of the church, this evening, at 7 o'clock.

THE drill corps of the St. Louis Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, gave the first entertainment of the season at Masonic Hall last night. About 500 couples were present, and Sir Knight Bloomfield was presented with a star-studded jewel.

SAMUEL SOMES to-day entered suit in the Circuit Court for divorce from Sarah E. Somes, his wife, to whom he was married in 1845. The two have not resided together since 1865 for the reasons alleged by plaintiff that defendant went to balls and entertainments with other escorts, refused to prepare his meals for him and gave free rein to a very violent temper.

PROF. WM. TRELEASE will introduce a course of lectures at the Henry Shaw School of Botany, Washington University, by delivering an appropriate address at 8 p. m. to-morrow. Mr. Treease is the Engelmann professor of botany at the University. Admission will be free. Previous to the address Chancellor Eliot will explain the foundation and object of the school of botany.

The Next Victim.

Private Charles La Chance, of Company F, First Regiment, has been cited to appear before the court-martial now sitting at the Armory, this evening at 8 p. m. The charges against him grow out of the fight between Capt. Roemer and Lieut. Jacobs, and are:

1. Striking a superior officer.
2. Conspiracy to wound and maim.
3. Conduce to the prejudice of good order and military discipline.

CITY PERSONALS.

Jas. E. Woods, agent in New York for the Merchants' Despatch Transportation Company, was on 'Change.

Jas. D. Hedderwick of Glasgow and A. D. Blyth of London were introduced on 'Change to-day by Geo. Bain.

The Bridal Bulletine.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Recorder to-day: Louis Waker, 30 years, Collinsville, Ill., to Mrs. Tillie Morgan, 32 years, Collinsville, Ill.; A. M. J. Armstrong, 24 years, 3130 Brantner place, to Miss Fannie E. Carroll, 20 years, 2614 Dayton street; Hubert Ruff, 27 years, 1531 N. Broadway to Caroline Schneider, 20 years, 1531 N. Broadway; John Berry, No. 24 Engine House to Margaret Brennan, 1827 N. Fifteenth street; Charles J. Berz, 30 years, 3704 N. Broadway, to Lena Kronenberger, 21 years, 2324 Howard street; Edward Sandlori, 33 years, 2208 N. Fifteenth street, to Emma Eppler, 19 years, Franklin County, Mo.; John T. Clark 33 years, Cape Girardeau, to Mrs. Emma McWilliams, 35, East St. Louis, Ill.; R. W. Good, 33, 3025 Morgan street, to Hannah E. Latham, 29, 1621 Franklin avenue; Mathias Kamer, 22, Manchester road, to Marianna Kamer, 35, Manchester road; Edward J. W. Moore, 33, 2934 Dayton street, Anton Ualtz, 34, Arsenal street, to Miss Lizzie Horhitoke, 25, 3216 S. Jefferson avenue.

Troubles of a Courteous Reporter.

From the Albany Journal.

When sent out to get a piece of news I always aim to be polite and courteous. The other day I went to the synagogue on Ferry street. This synagogue, it will be remembered, is attended by orthodox Jews, who do not remove their head covering. As I entered I mechanically took my hat off, and got half way down the aisle before noticing my mistake. A few days afterward I had occasion to visit the synagogue on South Pearl street. This is attended by modern Jews. My experience at the orthodox temple was fresh in my mind, and, intent on doing the correct thing, I stalked into the neat house of worship with my hat on. I had scarcely crossed the threshold when a Hebrew promptly requested me to show proper respect to the place, and stand with uncovered head.

American women when old have the most horrible looking feet imaginable—worse than the Chinese. And it is not "all on account of Eliza," but on account of forcing big feet in small shoes in the days of their youth.

TOILET SETS!

The Finest in the City,

RETAILED AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

LEVISON & BLYTHE STATIONERY CO.

213 and 215 N. Third Street.

HENRY SHAW SCHOOL OF BOTANY, Washington University.

AN ADDRESS,

Introductory to a Course of Lectures, and to the formation of Classes in Analytical Botany, will be delivered by Prof. Wm. Trelease, Engelmann Professor of Botany, in Memorial Hall, corner of Lucas place and 18th street, this evening, November 6, 1885, at 8 o'clock. Admission free, and all friends of education are cordially invited.

The object to be address a brief statement will be made by Chancellor Eliot of the terms on which the School of Botany has been founded, and the work which it is designed to do.

NELSON & NOEL, BANKERS,

Northwest Cor. Third and Pine Streets.

Missouri, Illinois, Kansas, Arkansas and Texas State, County, City and School Bonds a Specialty.

Also all local bonds and stocks bought and sold on favorable terms.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, November 5.—11 A. M.—The Stock market was very irregular at the opening this morning, Jersey Central leading the decline with a loss of 1 per cent and Union Pacific the advance, with a gain of ⅜ per cent. The movement in the latter decline was very irregular, but was followed by an advance in which St. Paul gained ¼ per cent and Union Pacific ⅜ per cent, the latter stock making a net gain of ⅛ per cent. Later there was a decline of ⅛ to ⅜ per cent, led by Lake Shore, and after this decline the market became quite strong during the remainder of the hour. All the stocks were very active and firm.

NEW YORK, November 5.—NOON.—Money is easy at 2@4 per cent. Bar silver 1.07⅝. The stock market was much more quiet after 11 o'clock. Lake Shore and Western Union made a slight decline, but closed the first of the list in an upward movement, in which the advance was generally ⅛ to ¼. From 11 o'clock to 1 o'clock the market became quiet and at noon is quiet and steady. Three, 103¾; 4s, 118⅝; 4s, 125⅝; Pacific 6s of '95, 118¾.

NEW YORK, November 5.—3 P. M.—There was renewed strength in the market after midd-y. Shortly before 2 o'clock the market became less active and weak. After 2:15 p. m. it was quiet and prices were steady until late in the hour, when it suddenly became active and strong. During the last ten minutes the market was very active, advanced from ½ to 2 per cent, but in the final dealings the market was feverish and the last sales were frequently not the highest reached in the late dealings, but the market generally closed firm.

BOSTON, November 5.—Mexican Central 12¾ @ 12¾. scrip 98.

New York Stock Quotations

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	43¾	44¼	42¾	44
Canadian Pacific	50¾	51¼	49¾	50¾
Central New Jersey	45¾	45¾	44	45¾
Central Pacific	33¾	34	33¼	33¾
Chic. Sc. P., M. & O.	43¾	43¾	42¾	43¾
Chic. St. P., M. & O., pref.	101	101¾	101	101
Chicago, R. I. & Pac.	125	125	125	125
Chic. Bur. & Quincy	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
Chic. & N. W.	113¾	114¼	113¾	114¼
Chic. & N. W., com.	94¾	95¼	94¾	95¼
Del., Lack. & W.	119¾	121	119¾	121
Del. & Hudson	97	99¾	96¾	99¾
Denver & Rio Grande	18½	19¾	18¾	19¾
Erie com	27¾	28	27¾	28
Erie pref.	44	45	43¾	44¾
Erie 2d Mtg. Bds.	83¾	89¾	83¾	89¾
Illinois Central	136¾	137¼	136¾	137¼
Ind., Bl. & Western	18¾	19¾	18¾	19¾
Lake Shore	83¾	84¾	83¾	84¾
Louisville & Nashville	45¾	46	45¾	46
Michig'n Central	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Missouri Pacific	103¾	103¾	101¾	103¾
Mo. Kan. & Texas	27¾	28¼	27¾	28¼
Manhattan Elevated	108½	109	108½	109
New York Central	107¾	108¾	107¾	108¾
Northern Pacific com	25¾	26	25¾	26
do pref.	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾
Oregon & Transmissouri	29¾	30¾	29¾	30¾
Ohio & Miss. com.	27¾			
Pacific Mail	50¾	51	50¾	50¾
Philadelphia & Reading	57¾	58¼	56¾	58¼
Pullman Palace Car	181¾	183¾	181¾	181¾
St. L. & San F. Com.	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼
St. L. & San F. 1st pfd.	92			
St. L. & San F. 2d pfd.	42	42¾	42	42¾
St. Paul & Manitoba	103¾	103¾	102¾	103¾
Texas Pacific	21	21¾	20¾	21¾
Tex. & Pac. Incomes	46¾			46¾
Union Pacific	56¾	57¾	56¾	57¾
Wabash St. L. & P.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
do pfd.	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Western U. T. Co	79¾	79¾	78	79¾
West Shore Certificates	102			102
Exhibit Consols, cash	100 7-16			100 7-16
On account	100 9-16			100 9-16

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	When payable.	Int.	Ask.
6 cent bonds	M. A. N. & F.	113	113¼
4½ cent bonds	J. S. D. & M.	118	118¼
4 cent bonds	J. J. & O.	105¾	122¾

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m. 6's	1888	Feb. & Aug.	110	110¾
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May & Nov.	106	106¾
Mo. Pac. 3d m. 7's	1891	Jan. & July	114¾	115
St. L. & Iron Mt.	1906	May & Nov.	106	106¾
St. L. & Iron Mt. 1st m.	1892	Jan. & July	114	114¾
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6's	1936	Feb. & Aug.	106	110
K. C., Ft. S. & G. 6's	1896	June & Dec.	106	111
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6's	1896	May & Nov.	104¾	105¾
K. C., Ft. S. & G. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	98¾	99
St. L. & K. N. 1st 7's	1895	Feb. & Aug.	115¾	116

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's sterling, 10-20s	1902	May & Nov.	102	103¾
City 6's sterling, 15-20s	1903	Jan. & July	103	103¾
City 6's sterling, 15-20s	1900	June & Dec.	103¾	104¾
City 6's	1910	Jan. & July	103	104¾
City 6's currency	1886-97	Various	104	104¾
City 6's currency	1892-95	Various	105	106
City 6's sterling	1895	June & Dec.	116	117
City 6's water	1897	June & Dec.	103¾	104¾
City 6's water	1901	June & Dec.	107¾	108¾
City 6's water	1892	April & Oct.	109	110¾
City 6's bridge approach	1902	June & Dec.	103¾	110¾
County 6's gold	1895-96	Jan. & July	102	112
County Park	1906	April & Oct.	122	125

*Interest to sailing.

Clearings	$	3,691,766
Balances		339,746

COMMERCE.

COUNTRY BUYING.

The Outsiders Coming in as Bulls in Wheat—Corn Holds its Own.

Special by Telegraph from Pickering & Co., Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH:

CHICAGO, November 5.—Wheat opened firm and higher, but the market was generally rather dull, the trading being largely confined to the smaller dealers. The advance, however, was well maintained and the market closed firm. Large clearances of flour and wheat from New York yesterday helped sustain the price. Cable news was dull and our strength seems almost entirely local, but the country is buying wheat so far as it is doing anything, and would be a powerful factor on an advancing market. The weather is wet and unfavorable to the movement from first hands. Receipts to-day at Western points were 415,000 bushels. The export business was reported fair.

Oats were in fair demand at stronger prices and closed firm.

Corn was again very strong under the influence of wet weather, exceptionally light receipts and a good demand for cash. Car lots sold at 41@⅝ all day. Ramsey was a large seller of November at 41c, and the market was held down mainly by his offerings. Year was strong and advanced sharply. The market closed firm with the prospect of a further advance.

Provisions were firm, with a good demand for the January product, and the close was firm.

For to-morrow there are expected 115 cars wheat, 150 cars corn, 110 cars oats and 35,000 head hogs.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat strong and higher, closing 86c above 1 o'clock, shorts buying largely. Corn firmer. Oats dull.

WHEAT—November 80¾ nominal; December 86¾ to 86⅞; January 89; May 91 @ 91¼; closing $1 06¾@1 07⅛.

CORN—November 39¾ b., 39¾ a.; year 34½; January 39¾ b., 39¾ a.; May 43½@43¾ b., 43¾ a.

OATS—May 30¼ b., 30¾ a.

CLOSING PRICES 3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, CHICAGO.

WHEAT—	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
Nov	86	87¼	86⅝	87
Dec	87¾	88⅝	88	88⅜
Jan	89¾	90¾	89¾	89¾
May	95	96	94¾	95¾
CORN—				
Nov	40⅝	41	40⅝	40⅝@⅝
Year	37⅝	38	38⅜	38⅜ a
January	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾ a
May	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾ a
OATS—				
November	26	26¼	26¼	26¼ b
December	26¼	26¾	26¼	26¼ b
May	30	30¾	30¾	30¾ a
PORK—				
November	$8 15	$8 45	$8 40	$8 40
January	8 20	9 00	8 95	8 95
January	9 15@17½	9 40	9 20	9 35
May	9 20¾	9 47½	9 35	9 45
LARD—				
November	5 90	5 97½	5 95	5 95@97½
December	5 92½	6 00	5 95	5 97½@00
January	5 97½@6	6 07½	6 02½	6 05@07½
May	6 05@07½	6 15	6 07½	6 15
SHORT RIBS—				
November	4 57½	4 70	4 65	4 67½
January	4 60	4 72½	4 65	4 70
February	4 70	4 80	4 75	4 77½

TOLEDO—Wheat—November 84¾; December 87¾; January 90¾; February 99, May $1 00@0¾. Corn—November 42¾; year 37¾; January 39¾; May 43¾ b.

DETROIT—Wheat—November 90¾; December 97¾; May $1 03¾.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—November 84@85; December 87¾@88; January 93¾ a.; February $1 01 a.; May $1 09¾ a. Corn—November 42¾ a.; December 39¾ a.; January 41¾; February 41¾ a.; May 44¾. Oats—November 32¾ b.; December 30¾ a.; January 34¾.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—November 84@85; December 87¾@88; January 93¾ a.; February $1 01 a.; May $1 09¾ a. Corn—November 42¾ a.; December 39¾ a.; January 41¾; February 41¾ a.; May 44¾. Oats—November 32¾ b.; December 30¾ a.; January 34¾.

On Passage to Europe.

	Oct. 31. 1885.	Oct. 24. 1885.	Nov. 1. 1884.
To the United Kingdom:			
Wheat, qrs	1,550,000	1,570,000	1,725,000
Corn, qrs	200,000	230,000	110,000
To the Continent:			
Wheat, qrs	210,000	170,000	850,000
Corn, qrs	40,000	35,000	25,000

Available Stock of Wheat and Corn.

	Wheat	Corn.
United States, east of the Rockies	48,737,000	8,380,000
On passage for U. K. and Continent	14,088,000	2,160,000
Total, October 31, 1885	60,837,000	7,380,000
Previous week	58,050,000	7,820,000
Total, November 1, 1884	51,301,000	6,410,000
Total, November 2, 1883	48,682,000	12,186,000
Total, November 3, 1882	50,000,000	4,268,000
Total, November 4, 1881	47,476,000	27,679,000

Gram Inspections

INTO ELEVATORS — Wheat—2 cars No. 2 red winter; 5 cars No. 3 do; 4 cars No. 4; 9 cars rejected; 1 car no grade; 1 car No. 2 Mediterranean; 2 cars No. 3 do; 1 car No. 2 spring; 1 car No. 3 do. total, 34 cars. Corn—29 cars No. 2 mixed; 34 cars rejected, 5 cars no-grade; 1 car new; 2 cars No. 2 white-mixed; total 71 cars. Oats—1 cars No. 2; 2 cars rejected; total 9 cars. Barley—1 car rejected. Rye—2 cars No. 2. Total in, 117 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—No cars No. 2 red winter; 5 cars No. 3 do; 2 cars No. 4; 2 cars No. 2 spring; total 19 cars. Corn—4 cars rejected. Rye—2 cars rejected. Total out 25 cars.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts		Shipments	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	19,016	53,205	4,950	18,555
Chicago	160,000	440,964	47,078	85,033
Milwaukee	16,561	24,165		
Baltimore	22,272	4,062		
Toledo	31,872	37,000	27,000	8,000
New York	156,400	26,000	9,542	104,238
Detroit	30,886		1,062	
Kansas City	70,000	21,000	5,000	20,000
Duluth				
Minneapolis				
CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—163 cars spring wheat, 6 cars winter wheat. 83 cars corn, 12 cars oats, 12 cars rye, 78 cars barley. By cars—Corn, 6,000 bu.; rye, 3,300 bu.				

Commercial Notes.

The stocks of breadstuffs in Liverpool on November 1 were equal to 6,560,00 bus. wheat, 545,000 bus. corn and 216,000 sacks flour, for same date last year, 4,850,000 bus. wheat, 450,000 bus. corn and 178,000 sacks flour.

The deliveries of wheat on November contracts in New York were 1,800,000 bus. on the first of the month.—Of the 38,945 bris flour in store in New York on November 3, 98,142 bris. was winter, and 82,773 bris spring wheat flour.

It is said in Chicago that European exporters could readily pay 40c per bu for No. 2 mixed corn 1 this market and yet make a good profit on all shipped, but that not having with a good profit they have worked the market down until they actually make a good 5c a bushel out of Patrie is using all its power to incite the people to rebellion. Mr. Beaugrand and Mr. Sauvelle, the chief editor, have considered these utterances personal insults.

Corn improved a fraction in price on advances in other markets, but there was small trading in any one and sellers generally were scarce. North or advanced ⅛@ selling at 88 to 89¾c; year and January sold ⅛@ above the prices asked at close of yesterday, the former of which is the highest reached in the late dealings, but the latter generally closed firm.

OATS—November sold at 26¼c, closing at 26¼c bid; January was offered late at 26¾c. The spot market was dull, which was due in part to light offerings, though sellers took the same amount of notice. Millers took a few cars and yet make a good profit on all shipped, but that not having with a good profit they have worked the market down until they actually make a good 5c a bushel out of Patrie is using all its power to incite the people to rebellion. Mr. Beaugrand and Mr. Sauvelle, the chief editor, have considered these utterances personal insults.

Oats futures were firm, but did not attract the demand and attention of yesterday. The only trades were for May at 30¾, which was the same as the latest bid of yesterday, but 4c lower than the highest price reached on that day. November and year were salable at 24¾, and the former offered at 25¼ early and 25 later; December at 25, with 25¾ asked. The market for cash grades was firmer and better, but quiet, principally owing to light offerings. No. 2, 24¾ in M. and bid for St. L.; rejected 24 in M., and bid for E. and St. L.; no grade 20 bid this side, and rejected in St. L. was salable at 21, but there was so little offered that not much sold.

Barley was sail quiet and showed no improvement. Prices range as follows: Rejected 40@45, No. 3 spring 50@55, prime 60@65, choice 70@75, fancy 80@85, Canada $1 for No. 3, 4, $1 10 @ for No. 1.

Flour—Demand to-day light and almost entirely of a local character. No new features of any kind developed and prices generally unchanged at the following: XX $3 10@3 20; XXX $3 30@3 45; family $3 50@3 60; choice brands, $4 00@4 30; patent $5 00@5 30. These prices are for lots on arrival at depot and invoice; order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Steady at $1 90@1 95 on city orders delivered. pearl meal and grits nominal at $2 20@2 30.

Rye Flour—Firmer at $3 20@3 40.

Bran firm at 60c, and wanted. Shorts sold at 63 E. track, 62@63 at mill, 59 at country point; dull at 60 E. track and at country point.

Hay—It was a satisfactory market, taken all through. Choice and fancy timothy sold quickly and lower grades fairly well, also; prairie was in light supply and demand. Market rates were: This side—Prairie $7 50@9 00; choice timothy $10 to $14 00; for prime to fancy. East track sold about 50c per ton below above rates.

Provisions held their firmness and a fairly good business was transacted. The order demand continued steady for meats and absorbed about all offered for sale, which was not large. The stock is centered now in a few hands, who hold very firmly. Up-country trade was dull, with nothing offered, except at Chicago, where they held dry salt c'ribs very firmly at 4.80.—Equal to 4¾ and f. here. Standard mess pork was held at $8 75. A small lot of prime steam lard sold at 5.85, and that was bid for its East side for shipment.

Loose 15@20 day dry salt sold f. o. b. on cash orders at 3¾ for shoulders, 4.70 for clear sides, 4.80 for c'r rib and 5 for shorts; boxed longs at 4¾ and shorts at 5 5.5. Packed bacon longs sold at 5.65, c'r ribs at 5.75@5¾, shorts at 5¾. Hams 6@6¾. Country lard 5¼@5¾ in irregular packages. City hams 9¾@11. Breakfast bacon 7¾@9. Beef—Family $13@15 ₩ bbl, according to brand; on orders higher. Pigs' feet—½bbl dried $1 10@1 15; selected 12¾; smoked 5¾. No. 2 in tc. Tallow—Prime in oil barrels, 4½@4¾. Salt—Domestic $1 05@1 10 per bbl, as in size of package. Grease—Brown and yellow 3@3½, white

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

Subscribers who fail to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by reporting the same to this office by postal card.

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1885.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND (Market, bet. Fifth and Sixth)—Miss Multon.
OLYMPIC (Bway, bet. Walnut and Elm)—Felix McKusick.
POPE'S (Ninth and Olive streets)—Jack o' Diamonds.
PEOPLE'S (Sixth and Walnut streets)—Tony Denier's Co.
STANDARD (6th and Walnut)—Bagley & Woods' Co.
CASINO (Fourth, near Walnut)—Acme Novelty Co.
PALACE MUSEUM (6th, near Franklin av.)—1 p. m. to 10 p.m.
STAR RINK—Nineteenth and Pine.
CRESCENT RINK—Compton avenue and Olive street.
GLOBE RINK—Fifth street and Chouteau avenue.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is at his desk to-day, working away as usual, with the exception that there is a trifling additional rigidity in his spinal column.

THE indignation over the appointment of CODMAN as Civil Service Commissioner was premature—like the rejoicing over the appointment of PRIEST as Postmaster.

FOR the second time Thanksgiving Day is to be a Democratic holiday. It is now in order for Republican Governors to remark that they do not see what they have to thank God for.

SCUDDER'S Investment Agency of Chicago has figured out on good grounds that there will be 180 Congressmen in the next session opposed to the suspension of silver coinage. That settles it.

SEDALIA boasts that she gave GILMORE an audience larger than any two audiences that greeted him in Kansas City. How can music, heavenly maid, find welcome where the air is rent with the horrid squeals of 800,000 dying porkers every year?

IF it gives any Republican any pleasure to consider the New York election as a rebuke to CLEVELAND, no one should wantonly deprive him of that pleasure. The Republicans have now been feeding on wind for a year, and the diet is not strengthening.

IF Consul-General EWING is going to resign the very important Consulship which he has kept vacant so long, he cannot do it too soon. The commercial interests of this country with Mexico are too valuable to be trifled with in order to suit the convenience of any invalid.

THE promptness with which the State government takes a hand in the militia court-martial is in contrast with the slowness of the State in paying for the services of the militia when called out. If there was more promptness in the pay there would be less need for courts-martial.

THE Kansas City papers accept their special census taker's report of 105,042 inside of the new city limits with a unanimity of assent indicating very clearly the round number agreed upon in the preliminary caucuses. The extra forty-two was evidently "thrown in for good count," and to make the figures look like a sure enough census aggregate.

WHEN the quarrel between the Council and the Board of Public Improvements over the street cleaning question ended in the triumph of the Board it was hoped that the reconstructed streets at least would be cleaned. Two rainy days, however, have given painful proof that the granite is not cleaned, and that an uncleaned granite street is about as bad as the old macadam.

THE census of 1880 gave Kansas City, Mo., a population of 55,000, and now a special census taken after an extension of the city limits gives her 105,042. There will, of course, be some suspicion that these figures are in emulation of the recent special censuses in Minneapolis and St. Paul, but the growth of these trade centers of the new West has been visibly so rapid and continuous that the most careful and truthful census of their increase would look padded.

MR. IRA DAVENPORT is reported to have spent the sum of $75,000 in campaign expenses. He had also the support of all the organs of political purity and civil service reform and all that sort of thing, and thus strongly fortified—with the bar'l on one side and *Harper's Weekly* and the *Evening Post* on the other, he certainly should have succeeded. It is given to few men indeed to be able to combine the resources of a slush fund and the support of the Mugwumps, but Mr. DAVENPORT did it, and lost.

AUSTRIA will combine with Germany in the attempt to disregard American naturalization papers. The question at issue is one about which no complaint would be raised by a really friendly nation. Austria and Germany may, perhaps, lose the military services of a score or so of their sons who become American citizens to avoid conscription at home, but it is not at all likely that the efficiency of their armies or the integrity of their military systems will be impaired by the few cases of this kind. On the European side there is no question of principle involved. On our side the question is one of principle. The refusal to recognize the rights of American citizenship freely asked by the citizen and given by the laws of this country, is an invasion of our sovereignty which we cannot permit, and which no nation capable of defending herself would think of permitting.

THE Cincinnati merchants complain of a paralyzation of trade growing out of freight discriminations. The merchants of St. Louis make the same complaint. The merchants of Philadelphia are compelled to do a part of their business in New York for a like reason. It is time that common carriers should be compelled to be in fact what they are in name.—[Philadelphia Record.

But when election day came last Tuesday, Philadelphia's business men utterly failed to make use of the opportunity to defeat the ticket of their railroad masters. They permitted Philadelphia and Pittsburg to wipe out the large majority given by rural Pennsylvanians in favor of enforcing the fundamental law of the State against unjust, arbitrary and injurious discriminations by common carriers.

In another column we publish the legal opinion of the Hon. JOHN F. DILLON, formerly Judge of the United States Circuit Court, as to the validity of the claim made by the Laclede Gas Company that its charter is perpetual. The contrary theory has been set up, but Judge DILLON, who declares that the charter is perpetual, is a man who generally gives sound opinions, and the city of St. Louis wants sound opinions on these questions. A little inaccuracy as to the legal force and validity of the St. Louis Gas Company's charter cost the city of St. Louis several millions of dollars a few years ago, and as it has been only a few months since we paid the bill, we ought not to desire very strongly to repeat that blunder. In dealing with the gas question the first thing that the city has to do is to get at the truth and learn just where it stands.

ALL the railroads that have made Kansas City what she is, the Missouri roads as well as the Kansas roads, were projected and chartered and subsidized to build up rival towns on the Missouri River—to build up St. Joseph, in Missouri, or Leavenworth, Atchison, Lawrence and Topeka, in Kansas. But in spite of charters and subsidies, and the adverse legislation with which Kansas State pride has obstructed the growth of Missouri's border towns, the roads were forced to make Kansas City their great competing point, and she now boasts of having nearly doubled her population in the last five years. Leavenworth and Atchison are both vigorous, growing and prosperous places, but the fact remains that the two richest and most prosperous cities on the Missouri River are not in Iowa, nor in Nebraska, nor in Kansas, but in "poor old Missouri," which has, also, on her eastern border, the greatest city on the Mississippi or in the valley of that "King of Floods." Yet we occasionally hear that Missouri's Democracy is hostile, if not fatal, to civilization and city building.

MR. PARNELL is so certain of the concession of home rule to Ireland soon that he is already at work on the draught of a constitution for her. It is said that his plan rejects GRATTAN'S scheme of a "king, lords and commons of Ireland," and will provide for but a single chamber elected by the Irish people and having power over all Irish affairs, with no Lord-Lieutenant or other middle-man between the commons and the sovereign or the Imperial Ministry. All imperial affairs, appertaining to the army, the navy, national defense and foreign policy are to be left to the Imperial Parliament of the United Kingdom, in which Ireland will still be represented as at present. His aim is thus outlined by one who is in his confidence: "When we talk of legislative independence, we mean that we want the power to make in our own country the laws which affect the Irish people alone. We do not ask for that power as an independent nation. We do not want an army or navy, nor do we wish to exercise the power outside of our own country. What we want is to rule Ireland as Canada and Australia rule themselves, remaining side by side with the empire."

The President's Protest.
Some of His Private Talk Reported by the Washington Post.

Is it possible that any sane being believes the shallow slander that I am indifferent to the Democratic cause in New York? I can not imagine it. I am a Democrat among Democrats. I know no other political faith; from my earliest manhood I have followed no other political guidance; in my matured experience I cherish no other political conviction. What would they have me do? I am the President of the United States, and whilst I realize all my obligations to the party that elected me, and intend to discharge those obligations with a loyalty that knows no reserve or qualification, it is impossible that I can lay aside my higher duties to the whole people and present the spectacle of the Chief Executive of a great nation engaged in partisan endeavor. I take a different and, I think, a truer view of the relations existing between me and the Democratic party. I regard it as my appointed task to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the people that they were wise in intrusting their destinies to the Democracy to show that the party which I represent may be relied upon to promote the prosperity of the country, conserve and perpetuate its free institutions, uphold its dignity, and keep its honor unspotted from the word. This is the task to which I have set my hand, and from which I shall not look back under any stress or tension. I bear the echo of some idle discontent. The waves of certain inconsiderable clamor penetrate to this retreat. But they move me no more than a zephyr moves the mountain. I am turned from my chosen path by such complaints no more than the Himalayas are stirred from their foundations by the waddering breeze. The Democratic party is on trial. It is my duty as its chosen head to convince the nation that it is worthy of all faith; that the industrial, commercial, financial, political and social interests of the country are safe in our hands; that we represent the spirit of free institutions, and that progress, development and prosperity are most certainly attainable through the agency of Democratic rule. This is what I have set out to do. This is what, with the support of patriotic and intelligent Democrats, I shall inevitably accomplish. And if I can serve the Democratic party better than by establishing it in the confidence and respect of the nation, I confess the plan has not occurred to me. As to New York, I have proclaimed my deep desire for the success of the party there, and have testified my sincerity in every way that was seemly and permissible. The Democrats ought to carry the State, and I devoutly hope they will.

The Colored Brother is Pleased.
From the Springfield Republican.

The New York Freeman, colored organ, enumerates some very substantial reasons why it thinks well of President Cleveland. Of the 2,000 colored men in subordinate Federal positions throughout the country, not 2 per cent have been removed; of the 1,000 colored employes and clerks in the departments at Washington, not 1 per cent have been removed; of the five colored men holding important offices at Washington, only one has been superseded (Bruce by General Rosecrans), and of the three colored men holding diplomatic and consular positions under the Republican Administration, two have been succeeded by colored men and one holds over.

It Balanced.
From the Detroit Free Press.

"What are you doing down town at this time of night?" asked one pedestrian of another in front of the City Hall at 10 o'clock the other night.

"Been working at my books down at the office."

"What ailed 'em?"

"My cash account wouldn't balance. Old Smith was looking over the books this afternoon, and he said he'd give me till to-morrow noon to see that cash balanced cash-on hand account."

"Can you find the error?"

"Oh, I've found it and made everything balance. I brought $39 65 down from the house, you know!"

No Change.
From the Detroit Free Press.

"Got cider here?" he asked of a farmer on the market.

"Yes."

"Fresh?"

"Just made yesterday."

"I used to make cider myself."

"Did you?"

"Thousands of barrels. Ten years ago the proportion used to be six gallons of water to every barrel of cider. I wanted to ask you if there had been any change since then."

"Guess not—haven't heard of any," was the candid answer.

MEN OF MARK.

WITH increasing age Mr. Tilden is said to refer less frequently to politics.

SIXTY Russian farmers have just settled in Dakota. They wanted a mild winter climate.

ICH bobe ich habe sense genug not to mage steeches dose English foters before.—[Battenberg.

ROME, Ga., has sixty-five generals, colonels and majors, but not a single private is known to be within the city limits.

MR. BLAINE is reported to have once said, in reply to a remark: "In politics there is no gratitude. Politics mean ambition and success."

IT took three surgeons to lance Lord Salisbury's boil. As a boil is only worth $5, his Lordship, after paying the surgeons, will be as poor as the rest of us.

EX-SENATOR JAMES E. ENGLISH of New Haven, hale and hearty at 70, will make a winter tour of Europe with his young bride, who is described as being beautiful and aristocratic.

THE Chicago police are suppressing the gum shooter, and they have to invade the public schools to do it. In one school 125 shooters were found in the clothes of juvenile noodlums.

CLARENCE SEWARD, William H. Seward's son, is said, with his fierce, gray mustache and long, gray hair, which falls picturesque y behind his neck from underneath his silk hat, to look more like a cavalier soldier affecting the dress of the civilian than an astute, plodding lawyer.

THE venerable Thomas U. Walter of Philadelphia, who was architect of Girard College and of the United States Capitol extension, still vigorously pursues his profession and draws plans with minute attention to detail, but has made no plans for his departure, though he now is 80 years old.

THE Duke of Cambridge, Prince of Wales, Lord Napier of Magdala and Sir Patrick Grant are now the only Field Marshals of the British army, but it is believed that Battenberg, who a few months ago was a sub-Lieutenant in the German army, will be made a Field Marshal in place of the late Lord Strathnairn.

IF the majority of wage workers and salary earners were to place their weekly earnings in the keeping of their wives, instead of reluctantly doling out to them a dollar or two at a time and inquiring what it was for, as too many do, they would live better, and at the end of the year find a far larger sum laid up against a rainy day than by being purse bearers themselves.

BISMARCK pays $1,500 income tax, the Count von Hatzfeld $1,391, and the other German Ministers smaller sums, down to Postmaster-General Dr. Von Stephan, who only pays $314. These statesmen are quite overshadowed in this particular by the kings of trade, such as Privy Councilor of Commerce Von Beichrode, who pays $16,500, and Herr von Hansseman, who pays $16,000.

"I see it stated," said Mr. Labouchere in Truth, "that the Princess of Battenberg, the morganatic wife of Prince Alexander of Hesse, 'belongs to one of the oldest noble families of Saxony.' This is all nonsense. She is the daughter of one Hauck, who was born at Dresden, and literally 'sprang from the dregs of the people.' Hauck was a clerk in the Bureau of the Dresden Museum."

SOME years ago Senator Butler of South Carolina, was one of a party of gentlemen at Fargo, Dakota. A country doctor came up to him and asked: "Are you General Butler of South Carolina? My name is Dr. Shaw." "I am," responded the Senator. The doctor looked him over deliberately and carefully and then remarked: "Well, you don't look like a man who'd kill niggers." "No, I don't suppose I've killed as many as you have," replied General Butler. It was some time before the doctor saw what the crowd was laughing at.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

MADAME WAGNER will soon publish "The Musical and Art Thoughts and Remarks" of the dead composer.

ULTRA fashionable young ladies in New York are learning to knit stockings, using gold needles tipped with pearls.

MRS. DR. CLEMENCE S. LOZIER of New York City has registered and is determined to vote at the election Tuesday.

MISS SARAH CURRY, of Scotch-Irish parentage and also of Dover, N. H., has just inherited $1,000 000 from her Scotch Uncle Curry, and Sarah is only 19.

MISS BURT, the young Illinoisess who was raised from her death-bed by prayer, has eloped with Pastor Kent, who leaves a wife and four children.

TWO STUPID Michigan hunters shot a woman, mistaking her for a bear. A woman should never be mistaken for anything but a dear.

THE Empress of Brazil has fallen down stairs and broken her arm, which will be a warning to her not to be going to the cellar to draw a pitcher of cider when she can just as well send a servant.

A LOUISVILLE woman asks for a divorce on the ground that her husband will not allow her to see the morning paper until he has first looked it over and cut out all advertisements of dress goods.

A LADY living in Rappahannock County, Va., had twelve stands of bees, which were very valuable until a distillery was started in the neighborhood. Since it was started, however, the bees pay frequent visits to the still, get very drunk and are of little profit.

THE scheme to establish ladies' clubs in Eastern cities has failed. In one case 600 invitations were sent out and only two were accepted. The ladies are not suffering for clubs, and, besides, it is necessary for somebody to stay at home nights and watch the house.

"A WOMAN'S EXCHANGE has been inaugurated in Little Rock, Ark.," writes a correspondent, "broadly helpful in aim, and the women of Arkansas are invited to come forward and become enlightened. All periodicals are to be on file, news of a nature to encourage female advancement, and fancy workers and preserve-makers will have chances to exhibit the product of quiet home hours."

MARY ANDERSON'S rapid and graceful descent of the long flight of stairs which dominates the scene in "Comedy and Tragedy" is not the least striking feature of the piece. She appears first at a door on the upper landing, far up in the flies, giving orders to unseen servitors in an excited manner, and she rushes down stairs at a quick pace, while the rustling of her silken robes sounds like the beginning of a hurricane. This is decidedly what actors call a good entrance. The effect upon the spectators is both startling and pleasing.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.
What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The WORLD says: "Everybody knows that the President has occupied a delicate position in relation to the Mugwumps. They had supported him well in the election, and if their friendship was like 'the dead sea fruit,' he had accepted and could not repudiate it. It was proper to treat them courteously. It was unjust to his own party to take them into his confidence and subordinate the Democracy of his administration to their fanciful notions at the moment they were seeking to destroy the reputation and the life of the Democratic organization. The Democratic party is anxious to be fond of its first President since the war. It recognizes in him an earnest, well-meaning reformer and a handsome, amiable, captivating man. But it does not believe in his infallibility. It does not believe in blind worshiping of any man. It does not believe that ingratitude is a virtue. It does not believe in any policy that is against the will of the people. All the Democratic party wants is that Mr. Cleveland's administration shall truly and thoroughly reform the Government, but that it shall also be truly and thoroughly Democratic. Let us hope the President will be wise enough to profit by the lesson of the election."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The Mugwump journals insist that David B. Hill, who has just routed his Republican opponent in this State, horse, foot and dragoons, is a very bad man. The same newspapers agree with the Democratic party in thinking that Grover Cleveland is a very good man, and honest as the day. They pay very little attention, however, to the interesting fact that on Tuesday morning at about 7 o'clock, in the city of Buffalo, county of Erie, and State of New York, Grover Cleveland voted the straight Democratic ticket, including a ballot bearing the words, 'For Governor, David B. Hill.' Grover Cleveland's estimate of David B. Hill is evidently very different from the sugwump estimate. A majority of the voters of the State agree with the President on this matter. So do we."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "Of the two civil service commissioners whose places have now been filled by the President, Mr. Eaton has long been identified with the reform. Dr. Gregory, who was first publicly connected with it by his appointment to the commission, has not been so prominently before the public. It is due to him to say that to the very trying and difficult work that the commission has had to perform, he has contributed not only zeal and activity, but great practical capacity, and intelligent appreciation of the requirements of the service."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "If Governor Hill was not such a goose-man he would doubtless claim the earth and fullness thereof, as the result of his election. As it is, he contents himself in a speech delivered from Tweed's old newspaper building, with claiming for the result on Tuesday as a great victory for reform in the State and nation. In that event, the Governor will have to set about reforming the President's administration as well as his own. Now that Mr. Hill is fairly started as a 'reformer,' we shall probably hear no end of his peculiar work in that line."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SUBSCRIBER—The proper spelling is "Assessor's office."

P. ARTHUR BURKE—The names were all taken off the register.

LADY READER—Altruism means devotion to the interests of others, and is opposed to egotism.

SUBSCRIBER—Cincinnati had no exposition this year, but the city promises to have one next year.

ONE OF YOUR READERS—Jurors in the United States District Court receive $2 per day, witnesses $1 50.

MANY READERS—A steam fire engine was first introduced in the United States in New York City in 1840.

NO NAME—It is highly improper for the young gentleman to whis le in your parlor, and doubly improper for him to whistle in your presence.

A. B. S.—Ed. Cuthbert is on record as having run the bases at St. Louis in March, 1875, in 18½ seconds, and Gore in San Francisco, November 9 1879, 14¼ seconds, but doubts are entertained regarding the correctness of these times. On October 16, of this year, Pfeffer ran the bases in Chicago in 14¾ seconds.

J. A. M.—B Wins the money bet on the first game played here between Chicago and St. Louis. The game was given to Chicago by the umpire, and although the clubs afterwards agreed not to count the game, the fact has no effect on the wagers on the game. The man who bet on Chicago wins $1 on the series.

A Slander on Tucker.
From the Atlanta Constitution.

One day a press telegram announced the death of Randolph Tucker of Virginia, and the next day a correction was sent out by the Virginia statesman. Col. John Stephens during the day fell into the company of General Toombs, and in the course of conversation remarked:

"Well, General, I see that Ran Tucker denies that he is dead."

"Ye," said the General quick y, "I saw that, but he's such a d—n liar I don't know whether to believe it or not."

That Catches Them Every Time.
From the Somerville Journal.

Highwaymen in Boston universally complain that the outlook there is a dismal failure. No true-born Bostonian would ever give a cent to a pie-bean robber who should say, "Your money or your life!" and before the highwayman can ejaculate "Your pecuniary assets or your existence!" his intended victim is away out of sight. The only successful way to rob a real Bostonian is to organize a wild-cat silver mining company or a consolidated pacific railway scheme.

Making Home Attractive to a Husband.
From the New York Tidbits.

She wanted to break her husband of the habit of drink, and began to cook his food in liquor, having heard that it would prove effectual. He didn't say anything the first day; he snowed no signs of noticing the change the second day, but after supper on the third day he said to her:

"Marie, you don't know how you've improved in your cooking in the last three days."

A Gloomy Possibility.
From the Summerville (Ga.) Gazette.

In the name of the young people of Summerville we protest against any more secret marriages. We noticed last Sunday a decided disinclination on the part of the young men to visit the young ladies. We suppose it must have been because they feared that if they went they might find out afterwards that they had been wasting all their sweetness on a married woman.

Too Advanced Education.
From the Scranton Republican.

One mother in Wilkesbarre, who discovered that her daughter was being taught physiology and hygiene, day before yesterday addressed the following note to her teacher:

DEAR MISS ——: I don't want my daughter to be taught about her insides. It isn't right, and I don't like it. Yours truly, Mrs. ——.

Evolution.
From the Buffalo Courier.

A man passing along the street saw two children, apparently five or six years old, playing in the gutter. The elder wore pantaloons, while the younger still clung to infantile dresses. Stopping he addressed the boy with pantaloons: "Are you both boys?" "No," was the answer; "I'm one and Johnnie's going to be next week."

Something for the Dime Museums.
From the Binghamton Republican.

Pappa, so early—"That was quite a monstrosity you had in the parlor last evening!" Maud, petted—"Indeed! That must depend upon one's understanding of the term 'monstrosity.'" Papa, thoughtfully—"Well, two heads upon one pair of shoulders, for example."

Blood on the Moon is Gotham.
From the New York Times (Rep.)

Whitelaw Reid, editor of the New York Tribune, is personally a sneak, and in his newspaper an habitual liar.

THE LACLEDE CHARTER.

A Legal Opinion Given by Ex-Judge John F. Dillon on Its Terms and Conditions.

He Declares That the Laclede Gas Company Has a Perpetual Enjoyment of Its Franchises.

The Republican yesterday morning contained an opinion given by Mr. W. B. Thompson of the St. Louis bar on the franchise of the Laclede Gas Company. The question is one in which all gas consumers, all tax-payers, and in fact all citizens are interested, especially at the present time. No one can wish to make any mistake in this matter or to deceive himself in favor of or in opposition to any claims of any company. The Hon. John F. Dillon, formerly Judge of the United States Circuit Court, is recognized as one of the ablest living lawyers in the country, especially in questions of corporate rights and powers. He has given his opinion on the Laclede charter, and clearly declares that the charter is perpetual. The following is the text of his opinion:

78 Broadway, NEW YORK, March 7, 1881.

T. H. Porter, Esq., New York:

You ask my opinion as to the charter period of the Laclede Gas Light Company under the Missouri act of March 2, 1857, chartering that company, the supplementary and amendatory act of March 3, 1857, and the act of March 26, 1868, entitled: "An act to amend an act to incorporate the Laclede Gas Light Company," and certain provisions of the Constitution of 1865, of the State of Missouri, contained in article 4, section 25, and article 8, section 2. To aid my judgment you have submitted the legal opinions, in pamphlet form, of several eminent lawyers in Missouri given to the Laclede Company, and one in MSS. given to the St. Louis Gas Light Company. I have carefully considered the subject in all the lights and cross-lights thus afforded, and proceed to state, without any considerable elaboration, what I consider to be the true construction in respect to the duration of the charter franchises of the Laclede Company of the legislation and constitutional provisions above mentioned.

Three theories may be suggested:

1. That its charter expires thirty years from March 2, 1857, by virtue of the ninth section of the original charter, which reads: "This act shall take effect from its passage and shall continue in force for thirty years."

2. That its charter privileges expire at the end of sixty years from the date of the original charter, viz.: March 2, 1917. This theory rests upon the sixth section of the original charter, which provides that the City of St. Louis shall have the right, at the expiration of twenty years from the "organization of the [Laclede] Company under the charter," to purchase the property and effects of the company in the manner therein provided; and then enacts that "the City shall be entitled to purchase said property and effects, then the charter [of the Laclede Company] shall be, and the same is, hereby renewed for the further period of thirty years from the expiration of said twenty years."

3. That its charter privileges are perpetual. This view rests upon the force and effect of the said act of March 26, 1868.

Assuming, for the present, that the act of March 26, 1868, does not violate the above-mentioned provisions of the Constitution, my opinion is that that enactment not only extends the geographical limits within which the franchises of the Laclede Company may be exercised, but also removes the then existing limitation of duration of the charter franchises, and also authorizes the alienation thereof by the company. It removes the limitation of time, by the provision that the company "and its successors and assigns, have, hold and enjoy forever all the rights, privileges and franchises granted to it by the fifth section of the act to which this act is amendatory."

The purpose to remove the limitation is reasonably clear from the whole scope of the act of 1868. It was an act in every part and provision, as well as in what it omitted to do, a repeal, in favor of the Laclede Company. It was a friendly and not a hostile enactment. It enlarged the territorial area of the company's franchises. It made these franchises alienable in whole or in part. It allowed an increase of its capital stock. It expressly repealed the sixth section of the act of 1857, which gave the right to purchase at the end of the twenty years. To make certain that the city's right to purchase should not continue, it gave assent to repeal the supplementary act of March 3, 1857, which provided the terms of such purchase. The act of March 2 and March 3, 1857, being only one day apart, should be read as if constituting one act, and my opinion is that it would be, and is that the act of 1868 is to be treated as an amendment to the charter as it existed, by the common effect of the two acts. (Wadsworth vs. Lozier, 59 Ala., 306, 309; Blake vs. Bracket, 47 Maine, 28); and if so, the perpetual grant in the act of 1858 is not exclusive, and hence there is no reason, based upon the public good, why the Legislature should object to making the franchise perpetual, as the door to competition would be left wholly open to the Legislature.

In construing statutes, effect must be given to every part and every word if it can be done; and the strong word "forever" is wholly useless unless it means what it says. Being inconsistent with the impliedly repeals the ninth section of the original charter. I regard the proposition that the effect of the act of March 26, 1868, was to limit the duration of the charter of the Laclede Company to thirty years from its date as wholly untenable. It is inconceivable in view of the scope and purpose of that act that the Laclede Company would seek or accept an amendment which would thus abridge and limit its duration and waive the existing valuable provision for the purchase of its property by the city, so that its life would absolutely cease at the end of the first thirty years, leaving the company with its valuable properties on hand without any power to use them and without any obligation on the part of anybody to buy them. And the same arguments strongly support the proposition that it was the purpose of the Legislature in the act of 1868 to make the franchise of the company perpetual, which will account for the repeal of the provision giving the city the right or privilege of purchasing the property and giving the company a renewed lease of life for thirty years if such purchase were not made.

Under this view the Laclede Company has a perpetual charter, but this view assumes the constitutionality of the act of 1868. This act is an entire and connected act. All of the subsequent sections are based on the first. If it stands or fails together. If it is invalid, the prior acts of March 2, 1857, and March 3, 1857, remain in full force and no part or section thereof is repealed; for an unconstitutional act, or repealing clause in an unconstitutional act, does not repeal a prior act (Cuddy vs. Shower, 19 Iowa, 281, 287; Times vs. State, 26 Ala., 165). The act of 1865 purports to be and is an amendatory act, not as act to revive or re-enact a prior law, and it did not amend the prior act or attempt to do so by striking out designated words and inserting others in lieu thereof, and as the Constitution (art. 4 sec. 25) has only provisions for amendment made by striking out and inserting designated words, my opinion is that the Courts could not justify an application of the constitutional provision to any other kind of amendments, more especially as the Supreme Court of Missouri has expressly held that the Constitution has not prohibited amendments by implication (State ex rel. Maguire vs. Draper). But, assuming that it can be maintained or should ever be held to be open to the constitutional objection urged against it, the only effect upon the duration of the charter would be that it would stand upon the provisions of the original charter, namely, thirty years absolutely; and until 1917, if the city at the expiration of thirty years from the "organization" of the Laclede Company failed to purchase the property and effects of the company.

Assuming that the city has failed to make such purchase, the result, in my judgment, is, that the charter runs until 1917, if the act of 1868 is invalid; and if the act is valid, that its charter is perpetual.

Having stated that my opinion would or might influence an investment of money by you, I have considered the subject with attention and care. No new question depending upon the construction of several statutes passed at different times can be said to be absolutely certain. The foregoing views I regarded as reasonably clear, and they accord with what would be my opinion if I had the responsibility of pronouncing a judicial judgment upon the point submitted to me, viz.: the duration of the charter franchises of the Laclede Company.

In conclusion, I sum up the results at which I have arrived as follows:

1. I consider it clear that the Laclede charter does not expire on March 2, 1887. Under this head, I may here add that originally under the charter of March 2, 1857, the City had the right at the expiration of twenty years from the organization of said [Laclede] Company under its charter to purchase the property and effects of the Company at an appraised value. This time begins to run from the date of the formal organization of the Company, and not from the time when it began to sell gas. The tripartite agreement of 1873, the validity of which was sustained by the unanimous judgment of the Supreme Court of Missouri (City of St. Louis vs. St. Louis Gas Light Company, 70 Mo. Rep. 69), and which by its terms continues in force until January 1, 1890, is, in its scope, purpose and language, manifestly, undeniably and demonstrably, inconsistent with the theory that the Laclede Company's franchise expires in 1887. This is so plain that words cannot make it clearer.

II. I consider it clear also, the City having failed to purchase the Company's property at the end of the twenty years, and having entered into the tripartite agreement, which is inconsistent with any existing right to make such purchase, that the Company's franchise, in any possible view of the case, cannot expire before March 2, 1917.

III. I consider it, in the absence of authoritative judicial determination, to be reasonably clear as a matter of sound interpretation of the constitutional provisions involved as applied to the act of March 26, 1868, that this act is constitutional, and has the effect to make the franchises of the Laclede Company perpetual. JOHN F. DILLON.

VINCENT'S MARRIAGE.

He Will Have Senator Cullom to Help Him Through His Future Fight.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 5.—In an interview with Congressman Springer in relation to Judge Vincent's case, he was asked his opinion on the action of the President in the matter, and whether he thought the action a hasty one. Mr. Springer replied that he did not know what facts or representations were before the President when the removal was decided on. He further stated that he had investigated the matter thoroughly and would not act in so hasty a manner on the facts he had learned. He has every confidence in Judge Vincent, and thinks that when the injured gentleman is given a hearing he can place the affair in the proper light.

No one here knows what vindication Judge Vincent seeks, now that the President has appointed his successor, but it is understood that he threatens to make it decidedly interesting for the Senate if they do not make ample reparation. Vincent will shortly be married to a daughter of Mr. Charles Ridgley, a wealthy manufacturer of Springfield, Ill., and as Senator Cullom is a son-in-law of Mr. Ridgley, there seems to be a special reason to expect that Senator Cullom will be specially interested in the case, and will certainly help Vincent. Though Senator Cullom all the Republican Senators will be interested in the case, though they will naturally be expected to help Vincent on general party principles.

RAILROAD REORGANIZATION.

Mr. Iselin's Offer to the Stockholders of the Rochester and Pittsburg Railway.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Adrian Iselin, who recently purchased the property of the Rochester and Pittsburg Railroad Company, and who has since organized two companies, one in New York and one in Pennsylvania, gives notice to the Rochester and Pittsburg stockholders who shall, on or before November 20, deposit their certificates of stock with transfer and power of attorney to transfer on the books signed in blank with the Union Trust Company of this city, that he will, upon the organization of the consolidated company, give one share of the common stock of the consolidated company for every four shares of the stock of the Rochester and Pittsburg Company so deposited. The stock of the consolidated company, it is stated, will be $6 000,000 preferred 6 per cent. non-cumulative stock and $6,000,000 common stock. The offer is limited a short ty to the stock deposited on or before the date mentioned.

A VALUABLE PLANT.

Works Completed to Convert Natural Into Illuminating Gas at McKeesport, Pa.

PITTSBURG, PA., November 5.—A plant has just been completed at McKeesport by Benjamin South of this city and Col. Wm. McCarthy of Maryland for the purpose of converting natural gas into illuminating gas and for the making of "water gas." The productive capacity of the plant is 75,000 feet of gas per day. It has been constructed to fully demonstrate the practicability of what is known as the McCarthy process, and early next week it will be examined by several experts, who are to be brought here by a syndicate of cap talists of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. In the event of their being satisfied with its workings a permanent organization for the United States will be formed. It is the intention, if possible, to pipe the gas to New York and other cities.

TEXAS' BIG STRIKE.

No Steps Taken Toward Arbitration or Settlement—Knights of Labor as Police.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, November 5.—The strike inaugurated by the Knights of Labor continues, and as far as known no steps toward arbitration or a settlement of the difficulty have been taken by either side. No freight arrived here yesterday and the Missouri Pacific officials have instructed their country agents to receive no cotton for shipment to this city. Ten cargo steamers are now loaded and lying idle in the bay. Rumors are current to the effect that the executive committee of the Knights of Labor will order a general strike all over the State. Good order prevails, though the streets are crowded with strikers. The executive committee have detailed 200 Knights of Labor to aid the police in keeping the peace.

THE ARCHDEACON IN BOSTON.

Canon Farrar Delivers His Lecture on Dante in Tremont Temple.

BOSTON, November 5.—Canon Farrar delivered a lecture on Dante in Tremont Temple last night. Among his auditors were Governor Robinson, Bishop Paddock, Rev. Phillips Brooks, Rev. James Freeman Clarke, Dr. O. W. Holmes, Rev. Dr. Courtney, President Warren, Rev. Dr. A. P. Peabody, Rev. Geo. A. Gordon and ex-Governor Rice, who were specially invited. Governor Robinson welcomed the Archdeacon to Massachusetts, and the latter feelingly responded.

THE NAILERS WILL WIN.

An Advance by Eastern Manufacturers Likely to End the Pittsburg Strike.

PITTSBURG, November 5.—Those well informed on the subject predict the termination of the nailers' strike at the next meeting of the nail manufacturers, which will be held in Cincinnati on the 16th inst. The fact that the Eastern manufacturers have advanced 10 per cent to their nailers is regarded as virtually ending the contest, which, however, is not for an advance here, but simply the restoration of the old price. The strike is now in its sixth month.

PORKOPOLIS IN LUCK.

Mr. Henry Mosler's Paintings to be Exhibited in Cincinnati.

NEW YORK, November 5.—Mr. Henry Mosler has been invited by the Art Association of Cincinnati, through Gen. A. T. Goshen, to exhibit his paintings in the Art Museum of that city, and they are now being packed for that purpose. The collection has attracted such marked attention as to invite requests for its exhibition in other cities, but Mr. Mosler is not decided whether to go elsewhere. He contemplates a study of Indian life before returning to Paris.

THE SPECIAL DELIVERY.

How the New Postal Service Worked in Chicago Last Month.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Ninety-seven special delivery messenger boys delivered 8,879 letters under the new system last month and returned 352 to the office, being unable to find the persons addressed. The boys made 7,092 trips of eighteen minutes' average duration. The sales of special delivery stamps aggregated $1,022, of which $738 48 was paid to the youthful carriers. The average pay of each messenger was $7 61.

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS.

A National Protective Association Formed by the Craft in Chicago.

CHICAGO, November 5.—A National Association of Watchmakers and Jewelers was organized here last evening. A constitution was adopted, one article of which binds the members to purchase only from such jobbers as are eligible to become members of the Association. The object of this is to break up the wholesale dealers' habit of selling goods at retail at wholesale rates.

SOLOMON SUCCUMBED.

Assignment of a Wholesale Jewelry Firm and Pawnbroker at Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., November 5.—Joseph and Abraham Solomon, under the firm name of Joseph Solomon & Son, wholesale jewelers of this city, made an assignment yesterday to J. B. Curtis for the benefit of their creditors and Joseph Solomon, pawnbroker, also assigned to same party. The liabilities of Solomon & Son are placed at $34,000, and of Solomon (pawnbroker) at $1,000. The assets not given.

Decreased C. & A. Earnings.

NEW YORK, November 5.—The earnings of the Chicago and Alton Railway for the month of October were $745,833, a decrease, as compared with the same month last year, of $142,503.

Congressman Glover.

Hon. John M. Glover was unexpectedly called away to Colorado to attend to some legal business which will probably detain him some ten days. His address during his absence will be Colorado Springs, Col.

A SABLE ROMANCE.

Clara Morris in the Role of Injured Innocence at the Grand.

"Alixe" and Its Treatment by the Artiste—A Change in Character for the Emotional Star—A First-Class Funeral on the Stage—Amusement Notes.

In the hands of Clara Morris Alixe is idyllic. A story of love, of suffering, of sacrifice as sweet and touching as ever quickened into life under a pen is given reality by the artiste. It is a romance tinged deeply with sable, but unstained by sin. For once the heroine has no dark past, no suggestive episode in her life. There is not a word in her lines to bring the blush of shame to the cheek of innocence. Alixe is the victim of man and of circumstances, whose every thought is as pure as the driven snow and whose life is told in sobs and is ended in the depths of path

HOUSEKEEPERS, HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS!

FOURTH & LOCUST STS. FOURTH & LOCUST STS.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., THE LOWEST-PRICED HOUSE IN AMERICA!

FOURTH & LOCUST STS. FOURTH & LOCUST STS.

Are now offering the Grandest Stock of Quadruple Silver-Plated Ware ever shown at such low prices as to seem almost incredible for such fine ware, every piece of which is stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co." and warranted. Call and purchase at once, or orders by mail for the goods illustrated will be carefully filled and complete satisfaction guaranteed.

NO. 2,027. $3 50. Quadruple Silver-Plated Caster. Finely Engraved Five Fine Cut-Glass Bottles. 14½ Inches High. Stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co." And Warranted.

NO. 2,025. $4 50. Quadruple Silver-Plated Caster. Handsomely Engraved. Five Fine Cut-Glass Bottles. 16½ Inches High. Stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co." And Warranted.

17 Inches High. Six Fine Cut-Glass Bottles.

NO. 2,053 $5 00. Quadruple Silver-Plated Caster. Stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co." And Warranted.

NO. 2,058 $6 00. Quadruple Silver-Plated Caster. Stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co."

17 Inches High. 6 Fine Cut-Glass Bottles And Warranted.

NO. 2,056. $8 00. Quadruple Silver-Plated Caster. Stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co."

18 Inches High. 6 Fine Cut-Glass Bottles and warranted.

NO. 2,028. $10 00. Quadruple Silver-Plated Caster. Six very fine Cut-Glass Bottles.

18 Inches High. Richly Chased. Stamped "Mermod, Jaccard & Co." And Warranted

Make Your Selections at ONCE, Before the VARIETY is BROKEN.

Send for our CATALOGUE Giving Descriptions and Prices of Butter Dishes, Tea Services, Ice Pitchers, Cups, Goblets, Cake Stands, Waiters, Etc.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR SILVER-PLATED WARE. Largest Stock Finest Goods, Lowest Prices

SILVER-PLATED WARE. Our Low Prices and Beautiful Goods are a Constant Surprise and Pleasure to Buyers.

Please remember the wares we sell are the FINEST and that our Prices are the LOWEST.

Initials Engraved on All This Ware Free of Charge.

This is one of the HANDSOMEST **BUTTER DISHES** ever made, and we guarantee it will charm you.

No. 2,081. $4 50. Either Chased or Plain Satin Finished, with Engraved Shield. BUTTER DISH. 9 inches Wide. Quadruple Silver-Plated Stamped Mermod, Jaccard & Co.

THE BEST VALUE AND FINEST QUALITY IN SILVER-PLATED KNIVES EVER OFFERED. BUY OR ORDER AT ONCE.

This Cut represents the Solid Steel (Handle and Blade one piece) Table Knife, HEAVILY TRIPLE SILVER-PLATED, stamped MERMOD, JACCARD & CO., which we sell at the REMARKABLY LOW PRICE of $4.00 PER DOZ. EVERY KNIFE WARRANTED. Put up in neat cases, containing either half-dozens or dozens.

This Cut represents the Solid Steel (Handle and Blade one piece) Dessert Knife, HEAVILY TRIPLE SILVER-PLATED, stamped MERMOD, JACCARD & CO., which we sell at the Remarkably LOW PRICE of $3.75 PER DOZEN. EVERY KNIFE WARRANTED. Put up in neat cases containing either half-dozens or dozens.

GRAND VALUE IN THIS BUTTER DISH.

NO. 2,076. $3.50.

Very richly chased, or Plain Satin, with Engraved Shield. Butter Dish. 9¾ inches wide. Quadruple Silver-Plated. Stamped Mermod, Jaccard & Co.

Utterly Incomparable in Quality, Beauty, Variety and Low Prices are our Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Music Boxes, Tea Services, Vases and Silk Umbrellas.

MURDERED HIS TENANT.

A Business Block Burned—Foul Play Suspected—Missouri Matters.

SEDALIA, November 5.—W. C. Jones, a farmer at Knobnoster, had a difficulty yesterday with one of his colored tenants and struck him a fatal blow over the head with a club.

CENTRALIA, November 5.—The business block on Alton street was destroyed by fire last night. The principal sufferers were E. J. Brown, Robards & Busch, John Sieven, S. Schroeder, A. E. Smith, Newman Lyon, J. E. Stewart, R. L. Shock, and the Masonic Hall Association.

ST. JOSEPH, November 5.—James Burch, a railroad construction hand, is reported by his relatives to be missing. He left the camp on Monday and it is supposed that he was murdered.

DE SOTO, November 5.—Mrs. R. A. Butts was struck by a locomotive at a freight crossing yesterday, and died last evening from the effects of her injuries.

JOPLIN, November 5.—Abe Dillon, a miner, fell into the shaft yesterday at Lehigh and was killed.

CARROLLTON, November 5.—Mrs. John Tripp was seriously injured yesterday by a carriage accident, returning from the cemetery.

KEYTESVILLE, November 5.—C. A. Hill of New York was run over and killed yesterday by a freight train.

PERRY, November 5.—The Southeast Missouri Medical Association held the ninth semi-annual meeting yesterday. The next meeting will be held at Fredericktown.

HOLDEN, November 5.—The Rev. L. J. Drake, D. D., was last evening installed pastor of the First Presbyterian Church.

JEFFERSON CITY, November 5.—Miss Beauregard Harding, daughter of the railroad commissioner, was married last night to Mr. A. S. Ferguson of St. Louis, and her sister, Miss Margaret Harding, was married to Mr. Julius Robertson, also of St. Louis.

Postal Cards Will be Made no Longer!

That is because they are just long enough now, being exactly five inches long. Brown's Iron Bitters will not be made in any respect different from what it now is. Because experience has shown that it is the best conquers dyspepsia and a whole lot of other troublesome complaints. Dr. N. S. Ruggles, Marion, Mass., says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic for enriching the blood and removing all dyspeptic symptoms."

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN in the clothing line that can't be purchased at "*Famous*" during the great sale at 25 per cent under manufacturers' prices. Come and see.

CHEEKY CELESTIALS.

A Gang of Chinamen Trying to Bulldoze White Labor in California.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 5.—Information has been received here that M. L. White, foreman of the McPherson Raisin Ranch, three miles east of Orange, Los Angeles County, was attacked by about sixty Chinamen in the vineyard, while picking grapes Tuesday. White knocked several of them down and defended himself till eight white men, working near by, came to his rescue, with shovels. All the Chinamen then fled to their camp, where they, fortified and armed themselves with pistols. The boss Chinaman called on McPherson Bros. and asked them to discharge the white men, which they refused to do. Several of the Chinamen were discharged, and the rest went to work. The affair has created intense excitement among the white people in that section.

Getting Americanized.

OMAHA, NEB., November 5.—Probably for the first time in the history a Chinaman goes to court for damages. Tom Lat and Ah Quong sue a daily paper for $1,000 damages, in the publication of the suspicion that leprosy existed in their laundry.

EVERYBODY knows that the "Garland Stoves and Ranges" are the best in the world. They combine elegant finish, durability and convenience with economy of fuel, and in spite of all competition hold their station far in advance of all others. We take pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to their merits.

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN in the clothing line that can't be purchased at "*Famous*" during the great sale at 25 per cent under manufacturers' prices. Come and see.

WATERBURY'S SENSATION.

Miss Ethel Wilson, the Runaway, Overtaken and Brought Back Home.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WATERBURY, CONN., November 5. When Mrs. A. B. Wilson returned from Hartford Tuesday and learned that her daughter Ethel had eloped to Manchester with young Scott she did not appear much surprised, but sent a friend to bring the girl back. He telegraphed from Manchester that the girl refused to return, and was very wrathy at having been sent for. Then Mrs. Wilson went herself and brought the runaway home Tuesday night. Yesterday Mrs. Wilson said she did not think Ethel intended to elope. Scott told her he was only going to take her to visit his married sister in Manchester, and she did not let the fact that her mother was absent stand in her way. Mrs. Wilson further says that the young people have been very intimate, and acknowledged that Ethel said she was going to marry Scott. No bad had been given to these girlish remarks, Ethel always having been an obedient and loving child. The girl thinks her rights have been invaded. Young Scott has not returned, and some believe he will remain away and that she will join him when she can. He has always borne a good character and his action seems due to infatuation, combined with opportunities furnished him by the carelessness of the girl's parents. Mr. Wilson seems incapable of grasping the situation, so rapidly is his mind failing.

SICK and bilious headache, and all derangements of stomach and bowels, cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets"—or anti-bilious granules. 25 cents a vial. No cheap boxes to allow waste of virtues. By Druggists.

OUR $15 OVERCOATS ARE SOLD AT $30 to $35 all over the country. Buy one during the great sale at "Famous."

MOVING CAUTIOUSLY.

Action of the Holders of Securities of the L., E & St. L. Ry.

BOSTON, MASS., November 5.—A meeting of the holders of securities of the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis Railway was held yesterday to consider the matter of a foreclosure of the mortgage on the road, and reorganization of the company. After a prolonged discussion it was voted "that a committee of three persons, none of whom shall be a director, be appointed by the chairman to confer with the proposed Trustees and the late Directors, to investigate the whole matter, and report their conclusions at a meeting, to be called by the committee within ten days, if possible."

OUR $15 OVERCOATS ARE SOLD AT $30 to $35 all over the country. Buy one during the great sale at "Famous."

John E. Owens Improving.

BALTIMORE, MD., November 5.—Mr. John E. Owens, who has been sick for some time with an affection of the liver, causing his friends much anxiety, was yesterday so much improved as to bear a ride without fatigue.

DO YOU LIKE **GOOD BREAD?**

See that this Label is on Every Loaf You Buy.

DIED.

LANGDALE—November 3, GEORGE EDWARD, beloved son of Wm. H. and Matilda Langdale, aged 16 years and 6 months.

Funeral from family residence, 1111 N. Compton avenue, Friday, November 6, at 2 p. m. Friends are invited to attend.

BLATTERMAN—Beloved husband of Wilhem Blatterman; aged 30 years, 6 months.

Funeral services at residence, 604 Ann avenue, Friday, November 6, 1 p. m. WILHELMINA BLATTERMAN.

BOLAND—Infant son of Matt and Maggie Boland, nee Hogan.

WOODCOCK—On Wednesday, November 4, at 7:30 p. m., at his residence, 1304 North Market street, JOHN WOODCOCK, aged 74 years and 8 months.

Funeral on Friday at 2 p. m.

The ONLY PLACE in this city to find a stock of gorgeous, ready-made

SALOON FIXTURES

for immediate delivery is

No. 211 Market Street.

☞ For a few days we will have on display our late magnificent cash bit from the recent Exposition, and a great variety of other equally elegant saloon outfits.

Beer Coolers, Bar Screens, Mirrors and everything appertaining to the furniture of a first-class saloon at low prices. Come and see.

The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co.,

Billiard and Pool Table Makers,

211 Market Street.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

These are the most beautiful of all the Fall flowers, combining in their gorgeously colored flowers the richest shades of red, pink and golden yellow. We have a large stock of strong, thrifty plants, just commencing to bloom, in our conservatory attached to store.

Send for Catalogue of Bulbs and Plants for the house and garden.

C. YOUNG & SONS, 1406 Olive St.,

Growers of Fine Cut Roses.

MITCHELL FURNITURE CO.,

607 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

We have put in a complete line of new styles and designs of Furniture, and guarantee our work first-class and Prices the Lowest in the city.

OUR **Cloak Department** is brim full of bargains in all the new style Newmarkets and Short Wraps.

Call and see our Plush Newmarkets and Sacques; every one a bargain.

Just received a new lot of Norfolk Jackets at $6 50; very cheap.

SUITS.

Ladies' Cashmere suits from $4 95 to $18 75.

Silk Suits from $19 50 to $42 75.

Tailor-made Suits a specialty.

T. F. Moloney

615-617 N. Broadway, bet. Washington ave. and Union Market.

MANHOOD when lost from Abuse, Excesses, Vice, &c. quickly and secretly restored, full Vigor and Potency, by the French Hospital Treatment & Consulting Physicians. Illustrated Work (sealed), free.—Professor J. Ferrari, a noted and reliable medical firm.—Institute of Hygiene, GIVIALE AGENCY, No. 176 Fulton Street, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S ALL WEEK. MATINEE SATURDAY. "A Powerful Domestic Drama. FRED ORTON IN JACK O' DIAMONDS! "A Poem of the Heart." Sunday, Nov. 8—Louise Balfe, in Dagmar. Entire audience photographed at every performance.

STANDARD THEATER.

—TO-NIGHT—

Reilly & Woods' Specialty & Comedy Co.

MATINEE TO-DAY.

Reduction of prices for three weeks—10c, 20c and 30c, including Matinee and Night. Matinees Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday. Next Week—IN THE RANKS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—EXTRA

Monday, November 9. Six Nights. Only Matinee Saturday. MR. LAWRENCE

BARRETT.

Monday, RICHELIEU; Tuesday, FRANCESCA DA RIMINI; Wednesday evening and Saturday matinee, Double Bill, Two Comedies, THE KING'S PLEASURE and THE WONDER; Thursday, Double Bill, Tragedy and Comedy, YORICK'S LOVE and DAVID GARRICK; Friday, Double Bill, Tragedy and Comedy, A BLOT IN THE 'SCUTCHEON and THE KING'S PLEASURE; Saturday evening, JULIUS CÆSAR, Mr. Barrett as Cassius, Mr. John W. Norton as Brutus.

SEATS NOW ON SALE.

People's Theater.

To-night, All Week, Matinees Saturday and Sunday.

TONY DENIER'S

GRAND PANTOMIME, Specialty and Wild West Company.

Sunday night, November 8—Chas. A. Gardner, in Karl, the Peddler.

Crescent Rink,

Compton Av. and Olive St.

THURSDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 5, 1885.

Benefit of the world-renowned BUSCH ZOUAVES. Biggest event of the season. Drill 9:30 p. m.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S

Palace Museum,

North Sixth Street, near Franklin Av.

JAMES A. BARNES ..... Sole Manager

THE HUMAN UNICORN AND DEN OF LIVING ALLIGATORS, AND ELEGANT STAGE SHOW.

TEN CENTS. ONE LITTLE DIME. TEN CENTS

Admits to Museum, Menagerie and Theatre.

STAR RINK,

Nineteenth and Pine Sts.

Great Boys' Race To-Morrow Night.

Saturday night, 5-Mile Race between Anderson and Gilmar. Monday night, Pat Ahern Races Nov. 10, 11 and 12, three Great Games of Polo—Galop vs. Jones.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.

TO-NIGHT.

SOL. SMITH RUSSELL

In his new comedy, by J. E. Brown.

Felix McKusick,

Matinee Saturday at 2.

Monday—Emma Abbott in Mikado.

-:-CASINO.-:-

THE ACME NOVELTY COMPANY OF VAUDEVILLE STARS.

Matinee Sunday, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

To-Night and Friday.

CLARA MORRIS,

Supported by Eben Plympton, in

MISS MULTON.

Saturday Matinee—New Magdalen.

Saturday Night—Special performance.

Monday, November 9—Lawrence Barrett.

Globe Rink,

BROADWAY AND CHOUTEAU AVENUE.

Friday night, BICYCLE RACE between John S. Prince and F. W. Sez.

ADMISSION, 25 CENTS.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

A New, Thoroughly Revised, and Greatly Enlarged Edition of

LIPPINCOTT'S Biographical Dictionary.

A Universal Pronouncing Dictionary of Biography and Mythology. Containing Memoirs of the Eminent Persons of all Ages and Countries, and Accounts of the Various Subjects of the Norse, Hindoo, and Classic Mythologies, with the Pronunciation of their Names in the Different Languages in which they Occur. By JOSEPH THOMAS, M. D., LL. D., author of the System of Pronunciation in "Lippincott's Gazetteer of the World," of "A Complete Pronouncing Medical Dictionary," etc. In one Imperial 8vo Volume, containing 2550 pages and several thousand new names. Sheep, $12 00. Half Turkey, $15 00. Half Russia, $15 00.

The publishers have the pleasure of announcing that this magnificent work, which for more than fifteen years has been in its department without a rival in the estimation of scholars, has lately undergone such a complete revision as the lapse of time since its first issue rendered necessary, and is now offered to the public in a greatly enlarged and improved volume, extending to 2550 pages, and embracing, besides the revisions of old articles, several thousand new biographical sketches, many of them constructed from original data, and now for the first time appearing in print.

THE ENCHIRIDION OF CRITICISM. Edited by WM. SHEPARD. Small quarto. Uniform with the "Enchiridion of Wit." Extra cloth, gilt top, $1 50. Vellum, $2 00. Half morocco, $2 00.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS' ROMAN EMPIRE. By WILLIAM SHEPARD. Uniform with "OUR YOUNG FOLKS' PLUTARCH" and "JOSEPHUS." 8vo. With Illustrations. Extra cloth, gilt. $2 50.

YOUNG FOLKS' QUERIES. Tabinet size. Fully Illustrated. Uniform with "Young Folks' Ideas" and "Young Folks' Whys and Ways Reformed." Extra cloth, gilt. $2 00.

THE GOLDEN TREASURY CALENDAR. An Elegant Design. By WILL H. LOW. Impression Lithographed in 21 printings on art-board (size 14x18 in.). With a tablet containing appropriate selections from Palgrave's "Golden Treasury" for each day of the year. $1 00.

AURORA. A Novel. By MARY AGNES TINCKER, author of "The Jewel in the Lotos," etc. Illustrated. 12mo. Extra cloth, $1 25.

"It is certainly among the most delicate and delightful of recent stories, and will make more secure the fair fame of its author."—*The Lutheran*, Philadelphia.

ON BOTH SIDES. By MISS FANNY COURTENAY BAYLOR. Containing "The Perfect Treasure" and "On This Side," the whole forming a complete story. 12mo. Extra cloth. $1 25.

"Miss Baylor's charming story."—*N. Y. Tribune*.

"One of the best serials of the year."—*N. Y. Town Topics*.

☞ For sale by all Booksellers, or will be sent by mail, postage prepaid, on receipt of the price, by

J. B. LIPPINCOTT COMPANY, Publishers,

715 and 717 Market St., Philadelphia.

LODGE NOTICES.

RED CROSS LODGE, NO. 54, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, will confer the Rank of Page upon several gentlemen to-morrow (Friday) evening, at Ninth and Market streets; take the elevator. Our smokes at 8 o'clock. Sojourning brethren and members of city lodges cordially invited to participate.
WM. H. LAMB, C. C.
NATH. W. HUNT, K. R. S. n33

FARMS WANTED.

WANTED—To rent small farm. Ad. K 28, this office. n30

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers.

WANTED—Position by an expert bookkeeper; man of family; best of refs. W 27, this office.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Office position as bill clerk, or to post books and collect; will give first-class ref. n37

WANTED—Situation by well recommended young German in grocery, saloon or private house. M 21, this office. n37

WANTED—By a bill clerk with two years' experience desires position in office; good refs. Ad D 28, this office. n37

The Trades.

WANTED—A competent blacksmith wants a place; stranger in the city; will work for small wages. Ad. W 24, this office. n38

WANTED—I am a first-class filer; can use hammer and chisel; would like a job in a machine shop. Ad. F 26, this office. n38

WANTED—A situation by a boy 16 in a private family. Address 2229 Biddle st. n42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a young colored man as porter or to do house-work. Address 1917 Morgan st.

WANTED—By middle-aged man, work with, private family, or any indoor work; has steady work but too much exposed to the weather. Address P 27, this office. n43

WANTED—Situation by a young man of 19 years in a wholesale house; best of refs. Ad. K 26, this office.

WANTED—Employment for evening from 7 o'clock, either in office or mercantile, by reliable business man; employed during the day. Ad. J 25, this office. n43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

Bryant & Stratton's

BUSINESS, SHORT-HAND and ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st., St. Louis, Mo. This school has the largest attendance of any Business College in the United States, and is the only one in St. Louis conducting office work and banking departments for the benefit of students. Send for circulars. 94

WANTED—A clothing and shoe salesman at the Star, 7th and Franklin av. 54

WANTED—At once, a good salesman for Southern Illinois, one who is handling implements or heavy hardware, to take a line of seasonable and quick selling goods on commission. Ad. L, 212 S. 9th st. n34

The Trades.

WANTED—Good cost presser; steady work. C. L. Graube, 1540 S. Broadway, 3d floor. n38

WANTED—An engineer willing to make himself generally useful on light work for moderate wages. Ad. B 28, this office. n38

WANTED—Barber to assist Saturday and Sunday, and at cigar store, s. e. cor. 18th and Cass av., bet. 7 and 8 p. m. n38

WANTED—Feeders for steam presses; apply at once, 4th st., 3d floor, Hallman Bros.

WANTED—2 mixers, 2 rollers, 2 oven men. Inquire of office of Maneval-Lange Cracker Company, 6th and Cass av. 55

Boys.

WANTED—Boy to assist in house and dining-room work at 1756 Lucas place. n61

WANTED—A first class house boy who can bring best of reference. Apply at 2814 Chestnut st. n51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—First-class dairy hand. Ap. at once to Walton Avenue and Narrow Gauge Railroad. 62

WANTED—Two gentlemen at our office to qualify for permanent positions, and learn shorthand and typewriting. Apply at telegraph office, 101 N. 3d st., take elevator. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Governesses.

WANTED—A bright, cheerful young lady, well educated and recommended, desires an immediate engagement as governess, nursery governess or companion; would give lessons, teach in a school or make herself useful in any capacity. Address B 27, this office. 44

WANTED—By a young lady, a few engagements as visiting governess. Ad. L 27, this office. 477

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Bright young lady would like office work; is a good correspondent; quick at figures. Address O 27, this office. 44

WANTED—By young lady, writing to do. J 27, this office. n44

WANTED—By young lady, a clean position in office or store. Ad. L 26, this office. n44

Stenographers.

Stenographers need not sob, Advertising finds a job.

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl for general housework, without washing and ironing. Apply at 2105 Olive st. n66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework at 4308 N. 10th st. n66

WANTED—A German girl for general housework in a family of two; one who will sleep at home; ref. req. 1926 Oregon av. 166

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Ap. at 3714 Garfield av. n66

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a small family; must be competent cook; no washing. Apply at 3140 Olive st. n66

WANTED—A girl about 15 years old to do light work at 825 Franklin av. n66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; three in family. Ap. at 4516 Laclede av. n66

Cooks.

WANTED—At 2236 Chestnut st.—a good cook and to take charge of dining-room; refs. req. 168

WANTED—Woman to cook and do chamber work. Call, with good ref., at 304 S. 6th st. n68

WANTED—A No. 1 cook, wash and iron. Call at 3133 Chestnut st. n66

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Machine hands and finishers on pants at 2125 Cass av. w46

WANTED—Good dressmaker; also apprentice, at 3113 Easton av. Call at once. n69

WANTED—Dressmaker at 1332 St. Ange av. n69

Nurses.

WANTED—A young girl to nurse and assist with housework at 3018 Cass av. n70

Miscellaneous.

HE-NO TEA, 65 cents per pound. March & Adams, 203 N. 6th st. 71

WANTED—Good experienced girl to wait on table at 1123 Washington av. n71

WANTED—For paper box factory, 5 good girls. Apply 5th floor, J. E. Lawton Pig Co., 714 to 718 St. Charles st. n71

WANTED—Two good girls, one for general housework the other to care for children. Call at once at 2903 N. 22nd av. n71

WANTED—Chambermaid to assist in waiting. "Abson," 2925 Olive. n71

WANTED—Lady agents who wish to canvass for a line of Ladies' and Children's furnishing goods that sell in every house at 100 per cent profit, should address, with stamp, E. H. Campbell & Co. 434 W. Randolph st., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Two ladies in our office to learn shorthand and typewriting and qualify for good situations. Apply at telegraph office, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator. 71

WANTED—A girl for dining-room work; must be a good waitress. Ap. at 1607 Washington av. w47

WANTED—Three ladies and three young men to learn telegraphing and become qualified for first-class permanent situation; during this winter at salaries from $35 to $100 per month. Apply immediately to Superintendent, 102 N. 3d st., use elevator. 71

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes. $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made. No photo. painting; no canvassing. For full particulars, please address, at once, Crescent Art Co., 19 Central st., Boston, Mass., Box 5170.

AGENTS WANTED.

A GENTS to sell H. Flesher's mop ringer; rings any mop. 408 Lucas av. 73

WANTED—Dressmaker, cutter and fitter wants engagements by the week in families. 3336 Laclede av., floor rear. n46

MARSH ELECTRIC LAMP,

808 Pine street, Get Cuts and Prices. 73

WANTED—Agents, for select readings; best terms; Dan. Linahan, 4th and Washington av. 73

WANTED—Lady agents of tact for our Bust and Bosom Developer; no humbug; indorsed by physicians. Write for sealed description and terms. Erie Med. Co., Buffalo, N. Y. 73

DANCING.

NOW is the time to learn dancing; Prof. R. M. Adams, Foster Academy, 16th and Pine sts., offers the best opportunity; the only academy giving five lessons per week; new schools for the second term to commence next Monday evening, November 9. Call and view the classes and get terms; reception every Wednesday evening. n

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—By a family of five adults, three furnished rooms with board; private family preferred. Ad. S 27, this office. n20

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—To rent an 8 or 10-room house, n. w. corner, good air and location; stable on lot; price about $30 if suits; privilege of purchasing. G 28, this office. f21

WANTED—Two furnished connecting rooms for brother and sister, both employed; during the day, near the corner of Market and 14th sts.; terms not to exceed $5 daily. A 28, this office. n21

WANTED—2 or 3 unfur. rooms by good parties; H 27, this office. n21

WANTED—Everybody to save money by getting their rooms and houses furnished 10 per cent cheaper than cash prices. Geo. W. Jones & Co., House Furnishers, 22 and 24 S. 14th st. and 1302 Washington av. 21

WANTED—Good room with supper and Sunday dinner within 10 blocks of 4th and Olive; reference. O 26, this office. w13

Rooms and houses greet the eyes Of the folks who advertise.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE or trade for improved or unimproved city property, two houses and three lots in the city of Hannibal, Mo., located on Center st.; rented all the time; price $2,700 will pay difference (if any). Address B 22, this office. n24

WANTED—To exchange a good business, house and lot situated at No. 2642 Gravois Road, for a dwelling valued at $3,000 located in Western part of the city. Julius Schields, city. n24

EDUCATIONAL.

BARNES & HAYWARD'S Business College, 210 and 212 N. 4th st. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, penmanship, typewriting, shorthand, etc. Open day and night. 27

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 613 and 620 Olive st., established 1876. Trial free. 29

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Black and tan hound; had on heavy leather collar; return to 2813 Second Carondelet avenue and receive reward. n30

STRAYED—Wednesday, a large hound, tan-color, chain and collar on; liberal reward for his return to Clark & Adams, 22 N. Main st. n30

STRAYED—Alderney Jersey cow; right horn inch shorter at tip than left; milks from three teats; suitable reward for informa ion at 311 Olive st. 30

HE-NO TEA, 65 cents per pound. March & Adams, 203 N. 6th st. 30

LOST—A shepherd puppy; strayed from 2811 Russell av.; reward for his return. n30

NO ADULTERATION—Extra fine Louisiana syrup, made direct from the cane juice; finest in the city. March & Adams, 203 N. 6th st. 30

LOST—A registered letter marked K. Morgner, containing 3,000 shares of the Missouri Pan Electric Telephone Company, in all 6 certificates, 3 certificates of 500 shares each, issued September, 1885, to Emma Morgner, Nos. 1,001 to 1,500, and 2 certificates of 500 shares issued June, 1884, to Emma Morgner, No. 5th one of 215 shares issued June, 1884, to Miss P. Morgner, No. 103; one of 100 shares issued October 19, 1885, to A. H. Haning, No. 197, all assigned in blank. Notice has been given at the office not to transfer said stock. The public is hereby warned not to negotiate any of the above stock lost. Finder will be rewarded by leaving said stock at 2840 Chouteau av. or send notice. K. Morgner. n30

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

TAPE WORM.

DR. A. W. RAMEY, specialist in treatment of tape worm. Head guaranteed or no pay. Thousands of references. Office, 927 Olive st. Write for circular. 74

R. SABINE'S Matrimonial Agency, 813 N. 4th, bet. Morgan and Franklin av. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great fortune-teller, gives advice in matters of business, love and matrimony; she unites discarded lovers in nine days, causes speedy marriage, recovers stolen, mislaid and buried property, and cures drunkenness in one week. 813 N. 16th st. n74

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths, medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief feature of my baths, hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. 74

PERSONAL—Note the fact that I am making crayons and pastel portraits at lower rates, and in better style than was ever possible before; my patrons should give their orders before the autumn rush commences.
J. A. SCHOLTEN, 920 and 922 Olive st.

MRS. WILCUS, truest fortune-teller, 309 N. 13th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington av., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in 9 days; ladies received only. 74

CASH OFF clothing bought by N. Harn co, 319 Locust and 1408 Franklin av. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 521 Locust st. 74

PERSONALS.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature ten cents a line.

PERSONAL—125: Have moved; let me know when you are coming; will meet you at the Depot; send my mail at the general delivery. M. a1

PERSONAL—Q 29: You appointed time but no place. Received no letter. Let 16 drop. Car Door. a1

PERSONAL—Eugene, what is the matter? why did you not answer letter? Let me hear through personal or Post Office? Ida. a1

PERSONAL—Madame Moore Sisters gives new treatments: massages; luxurious baths. 1216 Pine st. a1

PERSONAL—Miss C. and R.: To-night at Jos. Mosekes' Winter Garden, s. e. cor. 20th and Chestnut sts. a1

PERSONAL—Silk hats remade into the Dunlap or Broadway styles. Stiff and soft hats dyed and remodeled into fashionable fall shapes. Work from the country promptly attended to. J. M. Hampson, 318 S. 4th st.

PERSONAL—Angus S.: Come home at once, all is for given by your mother. Nellie. a1

PERSONAL—A responsible young man of 24 would like to form the acquaintance of a nice respectable young lady of common family, between 18 and 23 years of age; one of northwestern part of city preferred; answer with full name and address, if answer is wanted. Ad. T 27, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Young lady in third story window on Washington avenue, who noticed gent when in drug store yesterday light gas five o'clock. He wants to be acquainted; appoint meeting. Address C 28, this office. a1

PERSONAL—A gentleman of refinement wishes to correspond with a maiden lady or widow between 30 and 40; object matrimony. Address F 26, this office. a1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., electric magnetic hand baths. See Personal Sundries.

PERSONAL—Cosby Restaurant, 803 Olive st., opposite Custom House. Dinner 25 cents; oysters, New York counts, 25 cents per doz., any style. Open day and night.

INFORMATION WANTED.

WANTED—Information regarding the whereabouts of Mrs. Williams, from Laramie City, Wyoming Ter. Ad. 928 Allen av. n30

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—An old established millinery store at a bargain. Address 9-25, 1030 Franklin av. n30

FOR SALE—Printing office and stationery store; three presses, card and paper-cutters, stands, cases, cabinet, type, counters, shelving, stock, etc.; doing a good business; all in first-class order; low for cash or time will be given on part. Ad. R 25, this office. 4

FOR SALE—A No. 1 small route on P.-D. Ad. A 12, this office.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

HE-NO TEA, 65 cents per pound. March & Adams, 203 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap, a new Singer sewing machine in perfect order for $15. Call at 7.3 N. 4th st. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap, the furniture complete for three rooms; also parlor set; time given on part. 715 N. 8th st. 5

FOR SALE—New furniture and stoves, gas fixtures, etc. of a 5 room house. 2329 Marcus st. n5

FOR SALE—A few second-hand things cheap. 1801 Pine st. 5

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—Trimmed hats and all millinery goods at 50c on the $1 at Mrs. E. Walsh, 825 Franklin av. n5

FOR SALE—$15 will buy a full blooded shepherd dog, 1 year old. W 28, this office. 5

On Time Payments.

I will furnish your house with furniture, stoves and carpets cheaper than any other house in St. Louis. Call and be convinced. Henry Walker, 208 N. 12th st. Branch.

DIRECTIONS for making and operating a home-made incubator sent postpaid for 26 cents. The Poultry Monthly, postpaid 12 cts. Howard Scott, 1732 Franklin av.

COAL MARKET HALLS—2127 Market st. 10 bu. $1 C direct from the car: send postal. n5

FOR SALE—Furniture for two rooms and kitchen $40. Apply 62 Rutgers st. n5

FOR SALE—Coal 10 bu. for $1; 21 bu. for $2 at T. F. Carroll's, 2021 Franklin ave; send postal. n5

AN ACRE OF FURNITURE

And household goods at the People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Company on time payments. No charges or interest. 216 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive.

$350 WILL BUY the furniture of 10 rooms; cost $700 3 months ago. See Miller, 1015 Morgan or 1619 Morgan st. 5

NO ADULTERATION—Extra fine Louisiana syrup, made direct from cane juice; finest in the city. March & Adams, 203 N. 6th st. 5

Spectacles To Suit All Eyes

from $1 up. Solid gold spectacles sold for cash or on time payments; eyes tested with the finest test case in St. Louis. Store open from 7 a. m. to 9 p. m. Send postal. S. S. Perkins, 1256 Franklin av. 5

PARROTS, African and South American singing birds, imported English pugs and pet poodles. A. Bohne, Taxidermist, 102 N. 6th st.

FOR SALE—One good fire-proof safe, 31 inches high, 20 inches wide, $28. No. 17 S. 2d st. 5

YOU can save money by calling on us for your heating stoves, cooking stoves and stove repairs. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 311 Franklin av. 5

FOR fringes, mirrors, wringers and mutors go to Dunn's loan office, 311 Franklin av. 5

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Rats is never yelled at those Who in our "Wants" their wants disclose.

WANTED—A good second-hand type-writer. Ad. Cole & Cox, Lamar, Mo. n30

WANTED—A good quality telegraph key and sounder. N 27, this office. n28

WANTED—One Scotch terrier (bitch.) Ad. 4-8, 1500 Olive st.

WANTED—Good, 24-hand, breech loading, double-barrel shot-gun for cash. O 27, this office. n26

CLOTHES wringers repaired at half the old price. Erie Wringer Co., 1309 Franklin av. 6

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

Furnished houses you can get If you advertise; you bet.

BOARDING.

706 CHOUTEAU AV.—Nice front room, with board; also rooms for light housekeeping. n18

910 PINE ST.—Hall room with board $4 per week; also rooms on 2d and 3d floors. n18

1013 GARRISON AV.—Two nicely furnished connecting rooms with first-class board. w18

1236 CLARK AV.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, with or without board. w18

1236 CLARK AV.—Furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, with or without board. n18

1322 PINE ST.—Fur. rooms, with or without board; also accommodations. n18

1511 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely furnished second story front room to two or four gents. with board. n18

1601 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with board, suitable for gents or families; day and transient accommodated. f18

1809 RUTGER ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board and all conveniences, near Lafayette Park; convenient to 4th st. cars. n18

1831 OLIVE ST.—Pleasant rooms nicely furnished with board; terms reasonable. n18

2007 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms for rent with board; transient boarders accommodated.

2202 RANDOLPH ST.—Nicely furnished room for two gents or couple in private family; terms $18 per month. n18

2739 MORGAN ST.—Rooms with board for gents. n18

2733 CLARK AV.—Pleasant front room; so. ex. fur. or unfur.; with or without board. w18

2814 CHESTNUT ST.—A suit of furnished rooms with or without board, for gentlemen.

2815 LOCUST ST.—Two elegantly furnished front and back rooms, with board, 2d floor; ref. ex. n18

2828 MORGAN ST.—Nicely fur. 2d story room, with board. n18

3053 SHERIDAN AV.—Elegantly furnished 3d-story front room, with board; so. exp., with every convenience. m18

3119 CHESTNUT ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite, with board. 19

WANTED—Private family of adults with a cosy home in West End, wish to board married couple or small family; home comforts. Address S—14, 2301 Market street. 118

BOARDING—At Lafayette Park Hotel two suites of rooms fronting park; private bath. 18

FOR RENT—Second story front room with or without board; suitable for two gents. C 26, this office. m18

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished room with board to two gentlemen; private family; no other boarders. Ad. P 26, this office. w13

FOR RENT—Second-story front room for gent and wife or ast for lady. B 27, this office. 4

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

9 S. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. f18

27 S. SIXTEENTH ST. (old number 21)—One or two rooms neatly furnished for light housekeeping. a13

107 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—One room furnished or unfurnished for light housekeeping. a13

109 S. TENTH ST.—Two desirable rooms furnished for housekeeping; water in kitchen; terms reasonable. f13

115 S. THIRD ST.—Furnished rooms for rent; also rooms for light housekeeping; rent low.

205 CENTER ST.—Two rooms, kitchen and cellar. Ap. as above. a13

206 S. SIXTEENTH ST.—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; one nice room for rent. a13

214 S. TWELFTH ST.—Newly fur. front and other rooms for light housekeeping, cheap to good tenants. a18

303 N. FOURTEENTH ST.—Furnished room, with fire, for one or two gents; $7 per month. a13

330 MONTROSE AV.—Cheap—Two nice large rooms (basement), sink in kitchen. a18

416 N. SEVENTH ST.—Five rooms. Inq. on premises or of Farrar & Co. a18

705 PINE ST.—Nice fur. front and hall room; also, back room, cheap. a13

713 MORGAN ST.—One furnished front room suitable for light housekeeping. a18

836 GRATIOT ST.—Two unfurnished rooms; baths, and all conveniences. 18

917 PARK AV.—Elegant suite of rooms; lower floor; new house; rent reasonable. 18

1002 PINE ST.—Comfortably furnished rooms for men or families; transient guests accommodated at reasonable rates. a18

1103 LUCAS AV.—Fur. room for man and wife or 2 gents. a18

1120 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two unfurnished rooms on second floor front, for light housekeeping; all conveniences t hand. a13

1121 LOCUST ST.—Large rooms for party of gents, $6 per month each, with stove heat; refs. a13

1209 WASHINGTON AV.—Fur. and unfur. rooms. a18

1214 OLIVE—Furnished room, southern exposure, for a couple; also furnished parlor for office; rent low. 18

1216 CHAMBERS ST.—Pleasant fur. room in small family; $6; ref. req. w18

1223 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished hall room, with fire; also 3d-story room; board if desired. a13

1238 FRANKLIN AV.—Pleasant front room for two gents, furnished; rent reasonable. a13

1410 OLIVE ST.—Nicely fur. room.

1420 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Two rooms, 3d story, $4 50. Inquire of the old man, 1214½. 18

1506 OLIVE.—2 connecting rooms, suitable for a gentlemen or gentleman and wife; rent reasonable to reliable parties. a13

1511 WASHINGTON AV.—Unfurnished rooms for rent. w13

1511 OLIVE ST.—Second story front, new and neatly furnished for gentlemen. a13

1506 for 3 or 4 gentlemen or for light housekeeping for gentleman and wife. a13

1522 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished room for rent; also unfurnished. a18

1551 SINGLETON ST.—Unfurnished rooms, 2d floor; water in room; newly painted house, near Union Depot. a13

1606 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front and back rooms; also unfurnished rooms; rent low. a13

1606 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished parlor, $20 per month; fire and light included. a13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Large, nicely furnished second story front; also, hall room; private family; to gents. a13

1618 PINE ST.—8 unfur. rooms on 1st floor; rent $25. Pine st. 15

1722 WASHINGTON AV., next to University.—Large grounds, choice location, newly furnished rooms. a18

1726 CARR ST.—Unfurnished rooms, $10, $8 and $7; furnished, $15, $12 and $15; attendance; hot and cold water; new house. f13

1800 WASH ST.—Fur. 2d story rooms for light housekeeping or gentlemen. a15

1808 OLIVE ST.—Fur nished back parlor and 2d-story back room. a13

1808 S. TENTH ST.—Two rooms for a small family. a13

1919 OLIVE ST.—A well-furnished room with board for 2 gents. f19

2007 CHESTNUT ST.—Desirable furnished rooms; single or en suite; hot and cold baths, etc.; rent low; references exchanged. a13

2227 FRANKLIN AV.—Three rooms and kitchen 2d floor, $10 per month. a13

2326 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room, suitable for gentleman and wife or 2 gentlemen; conveniences. a13

2327 WASH ST.—Second floor, three rooms, with water and gas if desired. a12

2604 WASHINGTON AV.—Second floor, three large rooms, $15; fronting on Jefferson and Washington ave. f13

2608 WASH ST.—Furnished rooms for rent. a13

2618 LOCUST ST.—Elegantly furnished front and back parlors, very convenient for doctor, dentist or young couple; with or without first-class board: one nicely furnished third story room. a13

2630 CHESTNUT ST.—Two handsome unfur. rooms, 2d floor, to responsible parties. a13

2732 GAMBLE ST.—Four rooms, 2d floor. f13

2819 CASS AV.—Furnished room on 1st floor with board for 1 or 2 gents or gent and wife. m13

3127 OLIVE ST.—Large 3d story front room, elegantly furnished; southern exposure; strictly private family. a13

3142 HICKORY ST.—Four rooms with hall for $15. a18

FOR RENT—Elegantly furnished second-story front rooms, single or en suite; location central. Address J 26, this office. a13

FOR RENT—Back parlor and third story back room, furnished, with fire, gas and bath. Apply at 2307 Chestnut st. a13

FOR REST—One or two elegant rooms; private family. 2120 Olive st. f13

FOR RENT—Unfurnished room with board. Ad. 13-25, 1301 Benton st. a13

FOR RENT—Five nice rooms and bath, 2d floor, 2513 Spring avenue; every convenience; $15. Apply 2441 Spring av. a13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, day, week or by the month; all well heated; prices very low. Hotel Alexe, 7th and Olive sts. Ladies' parlor attached to hotel.

WANTED—A neatly furnished front room in small private family to two gents with breakfast and supper; in vicinity of Lafayette Park; terms $18 per month; ref. ex. Ad. E 28, this office. a13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms for transient use. H 28, this office. a13

HOUSEKEEPING MADE EASY!!

FOR RENT.

FRENCH FLATS in the MAISON DE PARIS, northwest cor. of Lucas and Jefferson av., containing 8 rooms, beautifully frescoed and decorated in Parisian style; back rooms overlooking large garden, and perfectly lighted; all the latest improvements as in Paris; electric bells throughout, also speaking tubes and electric bells to janitor's rooms. To view and for further particulars apple to Janitor, on the premises. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1015 N. COMPTON AV.—Nice 7-room house with bath, laundry and gas; in first-class order.

1117 N. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Six room house, rent $17 50. Apply at 1123 N. 21st st. a14

FOR RENT—2919 Lucas av., 10-rooms, stone front. Apply to S. Simmons, 620 Chestnut st. 14

FOR RENT—House of 10 rooms, Webster Station, M. F. R. R. Apply at 19 N. 6th st. 14

ALL SORTS.

HE-NO TEA, 65 cents per pound. March & Adams, 203 N. 6th st. 32

WANTED—Situation by two girls; one to do housework, the other to do cooking; good references given; at the same house. Call at 1932 Wash st. n32

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co. 513 Walnut St. builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced. Loans large and small amounts and

Chas. T. Fitzpatrick,

Commission Merchant and Dealer in Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Poultry, Game, etc. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to. Depot 903 N. 4th st., corner of Franklin av. Telephone No. 3,147. 32

NO ADULTERATION—Extra fine Louisiana syrup, made direct from cane juice; finest in the city. March & Adams, 203 N. 6th st. 32

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

YOU can save money by calling on us for your heating stoves, cooking stoves and stove repairs. 4-Shaw, 1417 Franklin av. 32

A THOUSAND chromo cards, envelopes or bill heads for 80 cents. Howard Scott, printer, 1732 Franklin av.

HIGHEST cash price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address D. A. Epstein, 614 Morgan. 32

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Clean, cheap, dry, free from vermin and fire-proof; household goods packed and shipped; estimates given. Brandon & Co., 1316 Franklin av. 87

STORAGE—Furniture, etc.; clean and safe; get our rates. 1005 Olive st., R. E. Leonard, jr., & Co. 81

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and low; rates Brolaski & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 2

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Bugg, 309 N. 6th st.

MUSICAL.

FREDERICK W. HENZEL, teacher of music, 809 N. 19th st.—Most thorough instruction in pianoforte and singing at pupil's residence; terms moderate; parents who wish their children to learn to understand, to feel and like good music, please address as above. 27

FOR SALE—Cheap, or rent, a No. 1 organ. Call at 715 N. 4th st. 27

GEO. FOSTER & CO.,

1630 OLIVE STREET,

Dealers in George Steck & Co.'s, Voss & Sons', Kroeger & Sen's and C. H. Stone's pianos. All instruments guaranteed and sold on easy monthly payments. 27

PIANO lessons given in the highest grades; terms moderate. Mrs. F. F. Fife, 2708 Park av. f27

FINANCIAL.

HOUSES BUILT on city real estate on monthly payments, at cash prices
F. H. GOSS,
1014½ N. Sixth st. 31

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $20 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1035 Morgan st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN on jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, valises and all goods of value, in sums from $1 to $10,000; low rate of interest. S. Van Raalte, 12 and 14 S. 4th st. 32

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, etc., without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; lowest rates; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 701 Pine st. m31

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upwards to loan on furniture at residence without removal; strictly business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brousard & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 27

MONEY TO LOAN.

$100,000, $10,000, $10,000, $5,000, $3,000, $2,500 on city and county real estate at 6 per cent. JOHN LADY, 2004 Olive st. 31

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—To pay storage and charges, one fine light road wagon, Fallon's make; one top road cart, easy riding, no horse motion; all in first-class order. Collins, 1003 Morgan st. a12

FOR SALE—A good delivery wagon and single set of harness, both almost new, will sell cheap, at 2630 Lafayette av. w12

HOFFMEISTER BROS. BOARDING STABLE—Horses kept by the day, week or month. 801 and 805 Lucas av. w12

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Office No. 205 S. 14th st., Female and Chronic diseases specialties. 31

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE JAMES HARRISON ESTATE

The Unimproved Parts, Sale Wednesday, Nov. 4. The Houses and Lots, Sale Thursday, Nov. 5.

By order of the St. Louis Circuit Court, in the case of Steadman, et. al., vs. Harrison, et. al., the extensive property below will be sold in partition, at the east front door of the Court House, the auction beginning at 1 o'clock.

A large store on Main st.
Dwelling and large lot, Morgan.
Two stores on Park.
Double dwelling, Pine st.
72 lots, Cook et al.
22 lots, Finney av.
Washington av., leasehold.
9 dwelling houses, State st.
42 lots east of and near Tower Grove Park.
Dwelling house, Gratiot st.
Two lots, Main st., Chrondelet.
Sign boards have been placed on every parcel of the property, on which the topographical and full printed term of sale, etc., may be had at our office, corner Seventh and Chestnut streets. THEOPHILE PAPIN, JR.,
Special Commissioner.

S. V. PAPIN & BRO.,
Real Estate Agents. 7

FOR SALE—New 10-room, stone-front house, 3944 Ball av., 1 block from cable road. Inq. within. a7

$240 Will buy a fine building lot 26x130: owner leaving town. Ad. A 26, this office. a7

Rats are now what the people build; Advertisers keep theirs filled.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—1427 and 1429 new 23d st., new 6-room brick house; marble mantels, front and back entrances to 2d story, front, side and back yards and stable, one-half block south of Cass av. Price $3,500 each. For sale on easy terms. Apply to D. R. HAYNES & CO., 3 211 N. 8th st.

DRUNKENNESS

Or the Liquor Habit, Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of coffee or tea without the knowledge of the person taking it, is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases, and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist.

FOR SALE BY

M. W. ALEXANDER, Druggist,

Broadway (5th) & Olive, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Call or write for pamphlet containing hundreds of testimonials from the best women and men from all parts of the country.

Drugs, Patent Medicines, etc., 10 to 20 per cent less than at any other place in the city.

ANTI-MONOPOLY DRUG STORE,

Southwest Cor. Sixth and Market Streets.

Prescriptions a specialty at lowest rates.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer engaged in the special treatment of Cancers, Tumors, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know.

Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness; Mercurial and other Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Poisoning, old Sores and Ulcers, are treated with unparalleled success, on scientific principles. Safely. Privately.

Diseases Arising from Indiscretion, Excess, Exposure or Indulgence, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering Marriage improper or unhappy, are permanently cured. Pamphlet (56 pages) on the above, sent in sealed envelope, free of charge, on application at office or by mail free, invited and strictly confidential.

A Positive Written Guarantee given in every curable case. Medicine sent everywhere by mail or express.

MARRIAGE GUIDE,

200 PAGES, FINE PLATES, elegant cloth and gilt binding, sealed for 50c. in postage or currency. Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; articles on the following subjects: who may marry, who not, why; manhood, womanhood, physical decay, effects of celibacy and excess, the physiology of reproduction, and many more. Those married, or contemplating marriage should read it. Popular edition, same, paper cover, 25c. Address as above. "Dr. Whittier,"

DR. CLARKE

NO CURE! NO FEE!! ESTABLISHED 1851. 314 ST. LOUIS, MO. Locust St.

Treats with the greatest SUCCESS ALL PRIVATE, NERVOUS and CHRONIC DISEASES

Dr. A written guarantee of cure given in every case undertaken. All consultations FREE and SACRED. Dr. Clarke's Celebrated Book and Writings (plain envelope two stamps). Dr. CLARKE, M. D., 314 Locust St., St. Louis, Mo.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE thirty-third annual meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Home of the Friendless will be held in the chapel of the Second Baptist Church, corner of Locust and Beaumont streets, on Thursday evening, November 5 at 8 o'clock. The public are cordially invited to attend. By order of the Board.
MRS. J. G. CHAPMAN,
Secretary.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SAL.—Whereas, Michael Blosar and Christine Blosar his wife (both over nine months dead), by their deed of trust dated October 11, 1883, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Mo., in book 694, at page 126, conveyed to Rudolph Bender, trustee, the following described real estate: Lot number one (1) in block number five (5) of Thornton D. Murphy's second addition to the city of St. Louis, Mo., a plat whereof is of record in the office of the Recorder for the said city of St. Louis, said lot having a front of fifty (50) feet on California street, by a depth of one hundred and twenty-three feet and eight inches (123 ft. 8 in.) to a line running through said block with said California street, which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain notes therein described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note, which has become due and remains unpaid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and under the provisions of said deed, I, the undersigned, having been appointed trustee by the Honorable Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in place of the original trustee, who has departed this life, and by reason of the refusal to act of the sheriff of the City of St. Louis, Mo., I will offer the said property for sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis,

"ALIXE."

Chats About the Play and Her Part.

Behind the Scenes—Ation From Weakness to rgy—Her Regular Tipple ork.

en the acts in Clara Morris' plays nks to the audiences, but they are to the people behind the stage. or the most part by the star her acious for the time being of anyand the play. After a long wait been giving finishing touches to may rush on the stage, take the a glance and have everything r her own fastidious taste. oved here, a table there, or er of the supporting company is trying scene. The actress is all and restless, flitting from one behind the scenes. There is no weakness or of illness. It is only ation of triumphant endeavor n away that the reaction man becomes limp and weak. seem to be under the influence ch keeps them in abnormal activarkle and flash, and the entire ull of life and motion. h just such a mood entative of the Post-Dispatch last night after her trying scene close of the second act. She was om, giving a touch here and there, was in chatting mood. The play presented once here in St. od Olympic Theater some go, and this being the case the actress naturally chatted

I saw the play was in Paris," the title of the 'Countess de Somre being played by Mme. Favard. play was shown Mr. as delighted with it and d for production at his theater f the house interfered with the

THE NOBLE AU

ed in the project of erecting a symbol in this harbor." As the steamship lay on the beautiful clear morn- Island was seen standing out in bold Bartholdi stood by the rail with his in his, and exclaimed: "What a beauti- sight!" and how appropriate to the which it has been dedicated!" Some he did not think the work on the been slow, to which he answered that accomplished at the amount done under the circumstances. hat solidity and durability were of a foundation which could only be great care and skill on the part of those work in charge. As soon as the steamink was on the rail, after the arrival at the North River, many gentlemen who iding to greet the distinguished visitor M. Being mostly Frenchmen, the emar to that people was received and d with such ardor that some minutes d in that ceremony. When at last the ons were over, M. Bartholdi said to the n correspondent: "My visit is for the giving advice and assistance to those putting the piece of statue together. intention to remain until the then I shall sail on the steamship Borne French Line. Besides giving attenstatue, I shall visit Washington and mittee selected to erect a statue of

he many entertainments which have ed for M. Bartholdi during his stay is a to be held at the Lotus club on the 14th ich our most prominent people will be welcome the visitor. When the steamer dock M. Bartholdi drove at once to After taking lunch with Mr. Richard y went to the latter's place of business, treet, and spent the afternoon. A numers were awaiting M. Bartholdi, which he been received several friends and mempress, who were awaiting his arrival. ering from a slight headache and the ts ocean voyage. He decided, on account ue of the thing, to remain quietly with Mr. Butler, and not concern himself ness matters for a few days.

Our Specialities.
Upright Folding Beds,
Revolving Book Cases,
Cutler Patent Roller Desks,
Shaw's Patent Reclining Chairs,
Hartley's Reclining Chairs,
Invalid Rolling Chairs,
Artistic Furniture
of every description at greatly reduced prices.
BURRELL, COMSTOCK & Co.,
402-4 N. Fourth street.

NORTH ST. LOUIS.

ly meeting will be held at the Water E. Church, on Saturday night.
it brought against A. B. Mayer, trading ferial of the fertilizing works on Harrison ill come up in the court on Monday.

SALE OF SEATS BEGINS TO-DAY
AT OLYMPIC THEATER FOR
EMMA ABBOTT
Monday, Wednesday and Saturday MIKADO Thursday . . . . . FAUST
Tuesday . . . . . NORMA Friday . . . . . LA TRAVIATA
Wednesday Matinee . BOHEMIAN GIRL Saturday Matinee . . . MIGNON

A DAY IN PARIS.

Poverty in the Morning, Dissipation in the Night.

The Paris Bourse—The Tragedy of a Rag-Picker—Cost of Living in the City on the Seine—Board—Street Scenes.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, October 23.—Paris has often been described as a great exposition all the year round. Every great exhibition has special days set apart in honor of certain classes of people from certain localities. Thus the New Orleans Worlds' Fair had an Ohio day, a Mississippi day, and a day of reckoning. Paris has reduced this feature to a small scale, and so each day in Paris has various divisions in which the streets are almost sacred to distinctive classes of people and one may guess the hour of the day by noticing what persons are passing his door, though he may not see the position of the sun. This is more or less true in every city to be sure but I have nowhere seen the divisions so plainly marked as in Paris. In early morning the streets are almost deserted but through the mists I see the street cleaners flooding the smoothly paved roads with clean water and scrubbing the dirt into the sewers, After comes a great high cart with three or four men who empty the iron boxes on the sidewalk of their contents of ashes and other refuse, while other men follow with sprinkling cans filled with disinfectant, which is poured into each box after it is emutied. A few rods in front of these city scavengers trudges a "rag picker," with his sack thrown on his back and a little iron hook in his hand with which he stirs up the box full of debris and hauls out all sorts of odds and ends of clothing, food and metal. This is a large class of people. Rightly "anxious" to figut if only somebody would take the table away so that they could get at each other. Ten o'clock comes and all business stops suddenly, the din is hushed and the brokers scatter to other attractions. It is too late for the theater, but the bali or the gamoling house now receive a large proportion, and so the night goes on with excitement until the East grins grey.

Such is a skeleton of a day in the public parts of Paris—poverty in the morning, dissipation at night, and the two extremes one sees in this great city, yet between the two how close is the connecting link! A rag picker! A fashionable broker! They seem worlds apart, yet an item in one of the dailies this week tells how near they may be together. A rag picker suicided. A dozen lines told a romance more bitter than gall. Three years ago this rag picker was one of the elegantly dressed gentlemen who counted his thousands at the Bourse. He was a son of a wealthy old family, finely educated as an attorney. He stood high in his profession. He speculated heavily and lost his fortune. He drank, and cost his friends and clients. From stage to stage he sank to the level of a rag-picker, and then, in sheer misery, he suicided. We Americans are apt to think that we are the fastest livers and the hardest workers in the world. It is not so. The Paris Bourse is as lively just as great a tension as it is in any American city, at least. Nervousness is a prevailing and increasing disease in France, and suicide is becoming almost epidemic, so common that children 12 and 13 years old hang themselves if crossed by their parents or disappointed in childish wishes.

THE COST OF LIVING

is supposed to be very much cheaper in Europe than in America. This is true of many Europeans, perhaps of all except Paris, but here since the Prussian war, and especially since the great Exposition, prices for all the necessaries of life are higher than in any other city on either continent. Fillet of beef costs 40c and 50c a pound for the best quality, beefsteak 25c a pound, pork chops, 22c, veal 25c, mutton 18c, leg of lamb 23c to 25c a pound, and chickens 80c to $1 each. Vegetables are about the same as in America. Coffee is from 30c to 40c, and white (sest) sugar 11c a pound. In Provincial towns living is 20 per cent cheaper than in Paris. House rent and clothing are cheaper than in America—to a juncteous person—but no foreigner can make as good a bargain with a Frenchman as a Frenchman himself. All the servants make commissions on all their purchases, and I have been told by American residents that they find it cheaper to let their servants earn this commission than to undertake to do the buying themselves.

It is almost impossible to find board for less than 100 francs a month in any respectable boarding house. The French private family seldom receive boarders. Students coming to Paris determined to live economically can find a comfortable room, however, for as low as thirty francs a month ($6) and board at little restaurants for three francs a day, making a total of about 130 francs a month, but it is not an enviable way to live, and it is conceded now that even New York is much cheaper than Paris. BUCKEYE.

Our Specialities.
Upright Folding Beds,
Revolving Book Cases,
Cutler Patent Roller Desks,
Shaw's Patent Reclining Chairs,
Hartley's Patent Reclining Chairs,
Invalid Rolling Chairs,
Artistic Furniture
of every description at greatly reduced prices.
BURRELL, COMSTOCK & Co.,
402-4 N. Fourth street.

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN in the clothing line that can't be purchased at "*Famous*" during the great sale at 25 per cent under manufacturers' prices. Come and see.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

St. Charles, Mo., November 4.—Dr. J. A. Tally of Wentzville was in town Tuesday.—Mrs. J. N. Duvall of Topeka, Kan., and Miss Adeline Duvall of Portage, Mo., were visiting friends here Tuesday.—Mr. S. Garneau has returned from a trip through Nebraska.—Judge James Humphrey of Dog Prairie is in town.—Mr. Charles Orrick of St. Paul was in town Tuesday.—Thanksgiving services will be held next Thursday morning by Rev. G. H. Hunt at the Trinity M. E. church.—Mr. D. Connor of St. Louis is visiting friends here.—Rev. W. H. Anderson of Edgerton, Kan., guest of Lindenwood last week, returned home Monday.

Bethalto, Ill., November 3.—The President Mills have shut down, and Mr. Pick's building on Mill street is almost completed. When done it will be quite a nice residence.—Misses Mattie Bryant and Agnes Tookey of Alton were the guests of Miss Emma Miller last Sunday.—Miss Kate Loughlin is visiting friends in Alton this week.—Mrs. O. P. Elsis visited your city Monday.—Mr. Hickerson is having his residence painted a new coat of paint.—Mr. Charles Greeves, an old resident of this place, took his departure Sunday for New Haven, Mo., where he intends making his future home.—Dr. Mary Morse has now been the practicing physician here for the past few months, will take leave for Michigan soon.—Mr. Bennett and family had a social hop at their home Monday night.

Warrensburg, Mo., November 4.—Miss Belle Gunter of Holden has been visiting friends in this city.—Jack Dunn of Wichita, Kan., is visiting his uncle, Mr. Rumsey.—The public schools of this city have been discontinued for the winter.—Rev. J. Spencer attended the District Sunday-school Convention at Holden last Sunday.—Mr. Rumsey of Kansas City have been visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Anderson, sr.—Dr. Elliott of Kansas City was the guest of friends in this city during the first of the week.—A mite social was held at the residence of Dr. Geo. R. Hunt on last Saturday evening.—Rev. Sam Jones, the evangelist, will conduct a meeting in this city during the month of July next.—Miss Lizzie Plumer of Clinton is the guest of friends in this city.—J. Will Wylie of Paola, Kan., has been visiting his parents in the city.—Hon. Edgar T. T. Crittenden was visiting friends here Wednesday.—Louis Kuntz of Kan-sas City is here visiting relatives.—S. M. Fitch, for a number of years proprietor of Fitch's Crisis Elevator, removed to Kansas City Wednesday.—George Smith, a well-known and aged resident of this county, died on Tuesday morning, in this city, at the residence of his son-in-law, F. Bowman.—Dr. J. A. Brooks has returned from New York, where he has been canvassing the State in the interest of the Prohibition party.—Senator F. M. Cockrell returned from Washington Tuesday, where he had been to engage a residence for himself and family during the winter.

Nevada, Mo., November 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Ben Newbauer are visiting relatives at Ft. Scott, Kan.—Mrs. Irene Cunningam returned from St. Louis last night, and will leave to-day for her home at Fortland, Oregon.—Mrs. Lizzie Cunningham is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. G. Burton.—Miss Ella Doss has returned from Eldorado Springs.—Mrs. E. M. Chapman of Lamar, Mo., is visiting among friends.—Miss Ruth Vandiver is on a visit to Sardon.—Miss Gilmore left for Eureka, Kan., to spend the winter.—Mrs. Jane McKay celebrated her 70th birthday last night.—Mr. Sigel, brother of her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Moore.—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Harry M. Duck to miss Day Winters on the 10th inst.—Mr. Bergessman W. J. Stone and family left for Washington, D. C., to spend the winter.

Fayetteville, Ark., November 5.—Circuit Court convened at this place on Monday last, Hon. J. M. Pittman on the bench. Twenty-five criminal cases have been disposed of to date.—Among the prominent attorneys attending court are Hon. E. P. Watson, Will Floyd and Col. W. H. Peas of the Bentonville Bar.—United States Senator James H. Berry, successor of Garland, is spending a few days with friends in the city previous to his departure for Washington.—Col. E. C. Boudinot, recently of this place, but now a citizen of Ft. Smith, is up on a business trip.—W. H. Cravens and J. C. Pettigrew, two of our most popular young men, have been tendered and accepted positions with Hon. John Carroll, the new Democratic United States Marshal at Ft. Smith.—Ex-congressman T. M. Gulier has gone on a business trip to the Indian country.—Congressman S. W. Peel is expected here to-morrow.—Merrell Neisen, a youth about 18 years of age, was brought in this morning charged with arson by burning the Corn Hill College. He will have a preliminary examination before 'Squire Massie to-morrow.

BOYS' CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER
MILLS & AVERILL.

Parents and guardians of boys will find that a MADE TO ORDER suit for their boy is cheaper than a ready made suit. The first will give its value in style and durability, while the ready made garments will do neither. By patronizing our Boys' Custom Department you have selections from fabrics the clothing dealers can not get. Our prices are low considering the value we offer. We will be pleased to give prices and show goods even if no sale is made.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

O. H. Southworth, Lockport, N. Y.; F. M. Shick, Wood Tower, Iowa; Bodsford, Chicago, and John Wilson, Troy, Mo., are at Hurst's Inn.

W. H. McCormick, Cincinnati; J. D. Swan, Chicago; Mrs. M. LeCompt, Nashville, and I. W. Pringle, Madison, Ind., are at the St. James.

A. K. Dickson, Cohoes, N. Y.; M. A. Jones, Chicago; M. M. Smith, Cincinnati, and E. T. Reinhardt, Boonville, Mo., are at the Hotel Barnum.

C. S. Master, Moberly; Mrs. Wright, Atlanta, Ga.; J. E. Cowen, Kansas City; E. D. Porter, Joplin, Mo., and R. E. Johnston, New York, are at the Laclede.

Charles Gidders, Lowell, Mass.; W. W. Peabody, Cincinnati; J. S. Andrews, Kansas City, Mo.; W. B. Keep, Chicago, and C. Walcott, Hartford, are at the Southern.

G. M. Mitchell, Chester, Ill.; J. W. Owing, Gillespie, Ill.; A. F. Friedlick, Columbia, Ill.; D. Ogle, Peoria, Ill., and R. W. Button, City Point, Wis., are at the Everett.

H. S. Peck, Wichita, Kan.; O. D. Peck, Oshkosh, Wis.; H. S. Davis, Jackson, Neb.; Osborne Alexander, Cincinnati, and L. H. Drake, Elmira, N. Y., are at the Planters'.

S. G. Clipton, Marietta, Ohio; E. Blum, New York; H. S. Davis, Boston; Miss Ethel Martin, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.; George B. McCabe, Chicago, and H. Dimering, Baltimore, are at the Lindell.

J. H. Adams and wife and A. Cohen, Memphis, Tenn.; E. A. Paddeld, Rock Island; N. Hunt, Macon City, Mo.; Col. W. J. Dougherty, Louisiana, Mo.; Dr. T. A. James, LaMadie, Mo., and C. A. Douglass, Hickman, are at Hotel Hunt.

These Complaining of Sore Throat or Hoarseness should use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. The effect is extraordinary, particularly when used by singers and speakers for clearing the voice.

OUR $18 OVERCOATS ARE SOLD AT $30 to $35 all over the country. Buy one during the great sale at "Famous."

BROADHEAD'S BUTTONS.

How They Got the Ex-Congressman Into a Queer Situation.

A Pretty, But Designing, Chambermaid Plays a Mean, Practical Joke on a Distinguished Missourian—An Elevator Boy in Girl's Clothing Helps the Conspiracy Along—The Last Scandal at the National Capital.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, November 5.—The name of ex-Representative Broadhead of Missouri is being very freely bandied about the hotel lobbies here, on account of a scandalous transaction in which it is alleged he recently figured. According to the story which has been developed by the discharge of the elevator boy at Willard's Hotel, Mr. Broadhead had urged one of the chambermaids to come to his room late at night, but instead of doing so she dressed up Joe Smith, the elevator boy, in female apparel and sent him into the room of the Congressman. The latter, that is as soon as he entered the room he was embraced by Mr. Broadhead and that he resented his addresses very roughly. One thing is certain, and that is that the night watchman at the hotel found a boy in girl's boy out in the passage way on the third floor dressed like a woman, and took him in charge, at the same time hearing Broadhead's voice in the matter to the proprietor next morning. When Mr. Staples heard the story he promptly discharged the elevator boy and the latter declares that an assault was committed upon him by Mr. Broadhead. This incident took place Saturday morning and the elevator boy at once swore out a warrant for an alleged assault against Mr. Staples. Subsequently the case was dismissed and the girl's boy clothes and the attaches had a very lively time about the details, which were unders ood to be of a highly sensational character. The question now is, where to locate the missing boy. The future home of Mr. Broadhead has been the practicing physician here for the past few months, will take leave for Michigan soon.—Mr. Bennett and family had a social hop at their home

Warrensburg, Mo., November 4.—Miss Belle Gunter of Holden has been visiting friends in this city.—Jack Dunn of Wichita, Kan., is visiting his uncle, Mr. Rumsey.—The public schools of this city have been discontinued for the winter.—Rev. J. Spencer attended the District Sunday-school Convention at Holden last Sunday.—Mr. Rumsey of Kansas City have been visiting the family of Mr. W. H. Anderson, sr.—Dr. Elliott of Kansas City was the guest of friends in this city during the first of the week.—A mite social was held at the residence of Dr. Geo. R. Hunt on last Saturday evening.—Rev. Sam Jones, the evangelist, will conduct a meeting in this city during the month of July next.—Miss Lizzie Plumer of Clinton is the guest of friends in this city.—J. Will Wylie of Paola, Kan., has been visiting his parents in the city.—Hon. Edgar T. T. Crittenden was visiting friends here Wednesday.—Louis Kuntz of Kan-sas City is here visiting relatives.—S. M. Fitch, for a number of years proprietor of Fitch's Crisis Elevator, removed to Kansas City Wednesday.—George Smith, a well-known and aged resident of this county, died on Tuesday morning, in this city, at the residence of his son-in-law, F. Bowman.—Dr. J. A. Brooks has returned from New York, where he has been canvassing the State in the interest of the Prohibition party.—Senator F. M. Cockrell returned from Washington Tuesday, where he had been to engage a residence for himself and family during the winter.

Nevada, Mo., November 4.—Mr. and Mrs. Ben Newbauer are visiting relatives at Ft. Scott, Kan.—Mrs. Irene Cunningam returned from St. Louis last night, and will leave to-day for her home at Portland, Oregon.—Mrs. Lizzie Cunningham is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. G. Burton.—Miss Ella Doss has returned from Eldorado Springs.—Mrs. E. M. Chapman of Lamar, Mo., is visiting among friends.—Miss Ruth Vandiver is on a visit to Sardon.—Miss Gilmore left for Eureka, Kan., to spend the winter.—Mrs. Jane McKay celebrated her 70th birthday last night.—Mr. Sigel, brother of her daughter, Mrs. H. C. Moore.—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Harry M. Duck to miss Day Winters on the 10th inst.—Mr. Bergessman W. J. Stone and family left for Washington, D. C., to spend the winter.

Fayetteville, Ark., November 5.—Circuit Court convened at this place on Monday last, Hon. J. M. Pittman on the bench. Twenty-five criminal cases have been disposed of to date.—Among the prominent attorneys attending court are Hon. E. P. Watson, Will Floyd and Col. W. H. Peas of the Bentonville Bar.—United States Senator James H. Berry, successor of Garland, is spending a few days with friends in the city previous to his departure for Washington.—Col. E. C. Boudinot, recently of this place, but now a citizen of Ft. Smith, is up on a business trip.—W. H. Cravens and J. C. Pettigrew, two of our most popular young men, have been tendered and accepted positions with Hon. John Carroll, the new Democratic United States Marshal at Ft. Smith.—Ex-congressman T. M. Gulier has gone on a business trip to the Indian country.—Congressman S. W. Peel is expected here to-morrow.—Merrell Neisen, a youth about 18 years of age, was brought in this morning charged with arson by burning the Corn Hill College. He will have a preliminary examination before 'Squire Massie to-morrow.

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN in the clothing line that can't be purchased at "*Famous*" during the great sale at 25 per cent under manufacturers' prices. Come and see.

AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS.

Decision of the Cincinnati Court in the Contested Election Case.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, November 5.—The Circuit Court room was crowded for nearly an hour this morning awaiting the appearance of the judges to render their decision upon the election mandamus case. When the court appeared there was the closest attention to every word uttered. Judge Cox read the decision. He said it was a petition for a mandamus filed by Amzi McGill for himself and three others, candidates for election as State Senators, averring that the canvassing board was proceeding to do its work illegally and asking the court to compel it to count the returns according to law and to issue certificates to them instead of to the Democratic candidates. To this the defendants had filed a motion to strike out the material averments of the petition as irrelevant and insufficient to support the demand in the petition. In the argument this motion had been

FERATED AS DEMURRER,

and the defense aimed that the mandamus was not the proper remedy because the canvassing board's duty was not ministerial but quasi judicial, and because the proper remedy was by contest before the Senate. The court held otherwise—that this court could direct the canvassing board by mandamus, and that a mandamus was the proper remedy. The decision made by Judge Buchwalter was followed by the court by declaring that this is not a contest for the office, but for the certificate, which cannot be given by the Senate and which has a value distinct from the office itself. The court then considered in detail the averements which the defense asked to have stricken out, and overruled the motion in all cases except one, where the allegations were as to irregularities in counting the vote. In the progress of the decision the court stated that it had the right to compel the clerk to come from his canvass returns which did not comply with the mandatory provisions of the law. Among these were that the returns should be delivered to the clerk in the manner and within the time named in the law, and the number of votes shall not exceed the number of names on the poll book. The defense asked until to-morrow to enable them to decide what steps they shall take. It is understood they will appeal to the Supreme Court.

12,000 OVERCOATS for men, boys and children from the great October purchase under manufacturer's prices during the great sale at "*Famous*."

A MERCILESS BRUTE.

A Newspaper Man in Trouble—Safe Robbers—Texas Topics.

BROWNSVILLE, November 5.—The wife of Rudio Perez was shot and killed yesterday by Feliciano Rios, a deserter from the Fifth Cavalry. He went to the Perez residence to borrow a gun and shot the woman as she stood in the doorway. He surrendered at the Fifth Cavalry barracks. John T. Rosetti, who entered a libel suit against the Corpus Christi caller, has been arrested under an indictment for adultery. Butlern, Lieutenant of Police, was indicted for embezzlement.

HOUSTON, November 5.—Mrs. J. M. Durick of New Orleans caused the arrest last evening of M. Beymour, a newspaper man, on the charge of pawning a $250 sampse millinery trunk.

DALLAS, November 5.—The safe of John Martin at Plano was broken open and robbed last night.

THE BRIDGE SCHEME.

Revival of the Plan for a Bridge at Chain-of-Rocks.

The Merchants' Exchange to Take Active Measures to Protect St. Louis' Mercantile Interests in the Matter—A Plan to Thwart Speculators Being Discussed by the Members of the Transportation Committee.

The publication in yesterday's Post-Dispatch of a detailed statement of the tax St. Louis consumers of coal are paying for river transfer has renewed the interest of the community in the old Chain of Rocks bridge project. Chain of Rocks is situated seven miles north of Grand avenue, on the river front. It is, according to the opinion of competent engineers, the most eligible location for a bridge along the river front, and was claimed at the time of the erection of the great St. Louis bridge to be a far better position than that which was chosen. Since the erection of the present bridge a charter has been obtained for the erection of a bridge at Carondelet, and the projectors of that enterprise, although they have taken no steps toward the erection of the structure, claim to hold exclusive right. The only place now open for the erection of a cheap bridge to connect St. Louis with the east side of the river is Chain of Rocks. Last January, it will be remembered, a corporation known as the Illinois and Missouri Railway Company, formed by the consolidation of the St. Clair and Madison Railway Company of Illinois and the Northern Railway Company of Missouri, succeeded in putting through the United States Senate a bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi at any point north of Grand avenue; with the provision that if the bridge was constructed below a point 4½ miles north of Grand avenue it should be a high bridge, but if it were constructed over 4½ miles above Grand avenue it might be either a draw-bridge or a high bridge with stationary spans. This bill when first introduced was in a rough state, and when returned from the Engineer Corps, to which it was referred, had been so altered that it was hardly recognizable.

A PHILANTHROPIC MEASURE.

At the same time the Illinois and Missouri Bridge Company had a carefully prepared bill before the Senate, which, having been entered after the other bridge bill, was so far down on the Senate calendar that there was little hope of reaching it before the end of the session. This bill provided for the construction of a bridge at or within one mile of Chain of Rocks. The Illinois and Missouri Bridge company is composed of gentlemen supposed to have the good of the city more than their individual interests at heart. They were Wm. Glasgow, jr., Thomas Jefferson, Jr., Wm. Hickman, J. E. Gibson, H. B Evans, John F. Walter, Jacob B tiner, A. H. Edwards, Frederick Snickle, Thomas Howard, J. W. Harrison, Erastus Wells, J. P. Card and A. J. Drexel. The bill was framed by these men, the bill was entered, was to build a bridge for the cheap transportation of freight with the idea that the running on present bridge tolls would more than compensate them for the money expended. The Illinois and Missouri Railroad Company's bill was supposed on its introduction to be in the Chain of Rocks bill, and met with no opposition in the Senate. When the news of its passage reached the city the projectors of the Chain of Rocks bridge were astonished, and instituted inquiries for the meaning of it. Some of the stockholders of the Illinois and Missouri Railroad Company were most of them figure-heads.

Such an outcry was raised against the bill that it failed to pass the House before the adjournment, March 4. This little experience has taught the merchants and manufacturers the danger which menaces them at present.

THE ONLY ELIGIBLE LOCATION

for a bridge to compete with the one which now spans the Mississippi at this point is left open to be seized by any one of speculators that may be able to railroad a bill through Congress giving them possession of it. The bill of the Illinois and Missouri Bridge Company was introduced in the House by Senator Post, who claimed it had been forwarded to him by responsible parties in St. Louis. Whoever these responsible parties were, there were few of them represented in the directory of the company, which was composed almost entirely of clerks. Supposing that this company had been organized in the interests of the company in possession of the St. Louis Bridge it could very effectually have cut off any scheme for organized opposition to the Bridge Company's charges for a time, and for years it gives the company a start to begin work. Or the company acting in the interests of the present Bridge Company could, its bill had passed the house and been approved, have erected another bridge to be operated in conjunction with the present bridge at increased tolls, cutting off St. Louis from all hope of relief except through arbitrary. Appreciating the danger in which the mercantile interests of the city are placed the

TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

of the Merchants' Exchange is assembled in an informal manner for some time past the propriety of taking precautionary steps against the passage by Congress of such legislation, of giving to any privately private corporation the right to construct a bridge at Chain of Rocks. The committee will formulate a series of resolutions embodying this idea, and present them to the directors of the Exchange. The directors will adopt these resolutions, and recommend them to Congress, perhaps sending a delegation to see quest merely of sewing buttons on his shirt, and that the story has a decidedly fishy flavor. There is considerable fun in consequence of the story, and it is already puzle property.

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN in the clothing line that can't be purchased at "*Famous*" during the great sale at 25 per cent under manufacturers' prices. Come and see.

BOYS' CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER
MILLS & AVERILL.

Parents and guardians of boys will find that a MADE TO ORDER suit for their boy is cheaper than a ready made suit. The first will give its value in style and durability, while the ready made garments will do neither. By patronizing our Boys' Custom Department you have selections from fabrics the clothing dealers can not get. Our prices are low considering the value we offer. We will be pleased to give prices and show goods even if no sale is made.

These Complaining of Sore Throat or Hoarseness should use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. The effect is extraordinary, particularly when used by singers and speakers for clearing the voice.

OUR $18 OVERCOATS ARE SOLD AT $30 to $35 all over the country. Buy one during the great sale at "Famous."

HOTEL PERSONALS.

O. H. Southworth, Lockport, N. Y.; F. M. Shick, Wood Tower, Iowa; Bodsford, Chicago, and John Wilson, Troy, Mo., are at Hurst's Inn.

W. H. McCormick, Cincinnati; J. D. Swan, Chicago; Mrs. M. LeCompt, Nashville, and I. W. Pringle, Madison, Ind., are at the St. James.

A. K. Dickson, Cohoes, N. Y.; M. A. Jones, Chicago; M. M. Smith, Cincinnati, and E. T. Reinhardt, Boonville, Mo., are at the Hotel Barnum.

C. S. Master, Moberly; Mrs. Wright, Atlanta, Ga.; J. E. Cowen, Kansas City; E. D. Porter, Joplin, Mo., and R. E. Johnston, New York, are at the Laclede.

Charles Gidders, Lowell, Mass.; W. W. Peabody, Cincinnati; J. S. Andrews, Kansas City, Mo.; W. B. Keep, Chicago, and C. Walcott, Hartford, are at the Southern.

G. M. Mitchell, Chester, Ill.; J. W. Owing, Gillespie, Ill.; A. F. Friedlick, Columbia, Ill.; D. Ogle, Peoria, Ill., and R. W. Button, City Point, Wis., are at the Everett.

H. S. Peck, Wichita, Kan.; O. D. Peck, Oshkosh, Wis.; H. S. Davis, Jackson, Neb.; Osborne Alexander, Cincinnati, and L. H. Drake, Elmira, N. Y., are at the Planters'.

S. G. Clipton, Marietta, Ohio; E. Blum, New York; H. S. Davis, Boston; Miss Ethel Martin, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.; George B. McCabe, Chicago, and H. Dimering, Baltimore, are at the Lindell.

J. H. Adams and wife and A. Cohen, Memphis, Tenn.; E. A. Paddeld, Rock Island; N. Hunt, Macon City, Mo.; Col. W. J. Dougherty, Louisiana, Mo.; Dr. T. A. James, LaMadie, Mo., and C. A. Douglass, Hickman, are at Hotel Hunt.

These Complaining of Sore Throat or Hoarseness should use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. The effect is extraordinary, particularly when used by singers and speakers for clearing the voice.

OUR $18 OVERCOATS ARE SOLD AT $30 to $35 all over the country. Buy one during the great sale at "Famous."

THE BRIDGE SCHEME.

Revival of the Plan for a Bridge at Chain-of-Rocks.

The Merchants' Exchange to Take Active Measures to Protect St. Louis' Mercantile Interests in the Matter—A Plan to Thwart Speculators Being Discussed by the Members of the Transportation Committee.

The publication in yesterday's Post-Dispatch of a detailed statement of the tax St. Louis consumers of coal are paying for river transfer has renewed the interest of the community in the old Chain of Rocks bridge project. Chain of Rocks is situated seven miles north of Grand avenue, on the river front. It is, according to the opinion of competent engineers, the most eligible location for a bridge along the river front, and was claimed at the time of the erection of the great St. Louis bridge to be a far better position than that which was chosen. Since the erection of the present bridge a charter has been obtained for the erection of a bridge at Carondelet, and the projectors of that enterprise, although they have taken no steps toward the erection of the structure, claim to hold exclusive right. The only place now open for the erection of a cheap bridge to connect St. Louis with the east side of the river is Chain of Rocks. Last January, it will be remembered, a corporation known as the Illinois and Missouri Railway Company, formed by the consolidation of the St. Clair and Madison Railway Company of Illinois and the Northern Railway Company of Missouri, succeeded in putting through the United States Senate a bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi at any point north of Grand avenue; with the provision that if the bridge was constructed below a point 4½ miles north of Grand avenue it should be a high bridge, but if it were constructed over 4½ miles above Grand avenue it might be either a draw-bridge or a high bridge with stationary spans. This bill when first introduced was in a rough state, and when returned from the Engineer Corps, to which it was referred, had been so altered that it was hardly recognizable.

A PHILANTHROPIC MEASURE.

At the same time the Illinois and Missouri Bridge Company had a carefully prepared bill before the Senate, which, having been entered after the other bridge bill, was so far down on the Senate calendar that there was little hope of reaching it before the end of the session. This bill provided for the construction of a bridge at or within one mile of Chain of Rocks. The Illinois and Missouri Bridge company is composed of gentlemen supposed to have the good of the city more than their individual interests at heart. They were Wm. Glasgow, jr., Thomas Jefferson, Jr., Wm. Hickman, J. E. Gibson, H. B Evans, John F. Walter, Jacob B tiner, A. H. Edwards, Frederick Snickle, Thomas Howard, J. W. Harrison, Erastus Wells, J. P. Card and A. J. Drexel. The bill was framed by these men, the bill was entered, was to build a bridge for the cheap transportation of freight with the idea that the running on present bridge tolls would more than compensate them for the money expended. The Illinois and Missouri Railroad Company's bill was supposed on its introduction to be in the Chain of Rocks bill, and met with no opposition in the Senate. When the news of its passage reached the city the projectors of the Chain of Rocks bridge were astonished, and instituted inquiries for the meaning of it. Some of the stockholders of the Illinois and Missouri Railroad Company were most of them figure-heads.

Such an outcry was raised against the bill that it failed to pass the House before the adjournment, March 4. This little experience has taught the merchants and manufacturers the danger which menaces them at present.

THE ONLY ELIGIBLE LOCATION

for a bridge to compete with the one which now spans the Mississippi at this point is left open to be seized by any one of speculators that may be able to railroad a bill through Congress giving them possession of it. The bill of the Illinois and Missouri Bridge Company was introduced in the House by Senator Post, who claimed it had been forwarded to him by responsible parties in St. Louis. Whoever these responsible parties were, there were few of them represented in the directory of the company, which was composed almost entirely of clerks. Supposing that this company had been organized in the interests of the company in possession of the St. Louis Bridge it could very effectually have cut off any scheme for organized opposition to the Bridge Company's charges for a time, and for years it gives the company a start to begin work. Or the company acting in the interests of the present Bridge Company could, its bill had passed the house and been approved, have erected another bridge to be operated in conjunction with the present bridge at increased tolls, cutting off St. Louis from all hope of relief except through arbitrary. Appreciating the danger in which the mercantile interests of the city are placed the

TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

of the Merchants' Exchange is assembled in an informal manner for some time past the propriety of taking precautionary steps against the passage by Congress of such legislation, of giving to any privately private corporation the right to construct a bridge at Chain of Rocks. The committee will formulate a series of resolutions embodying this idea, and present them to the directors of the Exchange. The directors will adopt these resolutions, and recommend them to Congress, perhaps sending a delegation to see quest merely of sewing buttons on his shirt, and that the story has a decidedly fishy flavor. There is considerable fun in consequence of the story, and it is already puzle property.

NOTHING NEW UNDER THE SUN in the clothing line that can't be purchased at "*Famous*" during the great sale at 25 per cent under manufacturers' prices. Come and see.

AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS.

Decision of the Cincinnati Court in the Contested Election Case.

CINCINNATI, OHIO, November 5.—The Circuit Court room was crowded for nearly an hour this morning awaiting the appearance of the judges to render their decision upon the election mandamus case. When the court appeared there was the closest attention to every word uttered. Judge Cox read the decision. He said it was a, petition for a mandamus filed by Amzi McGill for himself and three others, candidates for election as State Senators, averring that the canvassing board was proceeding to do its work illegally and asking the court to compel it to count the returns according to law and to issue certificates to them instead of to the Democratic candidates. To this the defendants had filed a motion to strike out the material averments of the petition as irrelevant and insufficient to support the demand in the petition. In the argument this motion had been

FERATED AS DEMURRER,

and the defense aimed that the mandamus was not the proper remedy because the canvassing board's duty was not ministerial but quasi judicial, and because the proper remedy was by contest before the Senate. The court held otherwise—that this court could direct the canvassing board by mandamus, and that a mandamus was the proper remedy. The decision made by Judge Buchwalter was followed by the court by declaring that this is not a contest for the office, but for the certificate, which cannot be given by the Senate and which has a value distinct from the office itself. The court then considered in detail the averements which the defense asked to have stricken out, and overruled the motion in all cases except one, where the allegations were as to irregularities in counting the vote. In the progress of the decision the court stated that it had the right to compel the clerk to come from his canvass returns which did not comply with the mandatory provisions of the law. Among these were that the returns should be delivered to the clerk in the manner and within the time named in the law, and the number of votes shall not exceed the number of names on the poll book. The defense asked until to-morrow to enable them to decide what steps they shall take. It is understood they will appeal to the Supreme Court.

12,000 OVERCOATS for men, boys and children from the great October purchase under manufacturer's prices during the great sale at "*Famous*."

FRAUDS AT THE POLLS.

The Peculiar Actions of Alderman Whelan in Chicago—A Clerk's Protest.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Robert H. Vickars, who served as a clerk of election in the Seventh Precinct of the First Ward, has addressed a letter to the County Clerk stating that while the Judges were counting the votes Alderman William P. Whelan of the First Ward crowded into the polling place, accompanied by two companions, and that, although he requested to leave by Vickars, he became boisterous and refused to do so. Whelan or one of his companions picked up the bundle of affidavits, and, although the fact was called to the attention of the police, the latter refused to interf

F. W. GUERIN, PHOTOGRAPHER,
Twelfth and Washington Av.

Highest prize awarded at National Photographic Assn Prize, Cincinnati, 1884, and medal awarded at the World's Exposition, Paris, 1878. Special attention paid to Crayon and Pastel work.

OUR FAMOUS 60c TEA

Also our Roast Samarang Java, 25c per lb, are our special drives. Try them and save your money.

RELIANCE TEA COMPANY,
615 Franklin Av.

Send for price list. Country orders promptly attended to.

CITY NEWS.

If you want to buy a nice cloak, wrap, shawl or warm blanket or bed comfort, you cannot afford to overlook the now most attractive stock of those goods at D. Crawford & Co.'s. You will find their prices to be far and away below all competition.

There is nothing equal to it as as a beautifier. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
117 Olive street. Set of teeth, $3.

Private matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Turkey's mobilized troops now number 350,000.

The London banks refuse to close at 1 p. m. Saturdays.

The report of the betrothal of the Czar's brother is denied.

Austria is said to be massing troops on the Bosnian frontier.

Marshal Serrano, the celebrated Spaniard, is dying at Madrid.

Gen. McClellan was a second cousin of Lord Clyde of England.

England will send Mathew Arnold to inspect the French and German free schools.

Rev. William Robinson Pierie, the great political leader of Aberdeen, Scotland, is dead.

The Pope's settlement of the Carolines dispute will be drafted by Germany and Spain.

Cyrus Yandes suicided yesterday at St. Paul, Minn., by shooting himself at the foot of his father's grave.

A stock company has been organized at Nashville, Tenn., for the purpose of holding a military festival next spring.

Lord Salisbury said last night that a retaliatory duty on imports would not be opposed to England's free trade principles.

Lieut. Frank Greene, whose obnoxious conduct at Fort Meyer, Va., caused the recent court-martial, has been released from duty there.

Austria is now following Bismarck's recent move by issuing an order that all German-Americans returning to Austria will be subject to the Austrian laws.

An attempt has been made to poison all the cattle in the neighborhood of Bicknell, Vigo Township, near Vincennes, Ind. There is no clew to the fiends.

Charles Herman, a vagabond butcher, killed his wife at Buffalo, N. Y., by cutting her throat from ear to ear on Sunday last. He has not yet been arrested.

The United States Consul at Japan reports that the adulteration of teas by means of leaves has ceased owing to the strenuous efforts of the Japanese Government.

According to the annual report of the Governor, the crops of Idaho Territory will not exceed a half of the crop of 1884. The population of the Territory is placed at 75,000. The mines are growing in value.

A sporting man of Texarkana, whose name is not known, kicked a white prostitute to death for keeping company with a negro. This occurred three weeks ago, the woman dying from her injuries yesterday.

The love of the people of Cork, Ireland, for the soldiery in their midst was well exhibited yesterday by the disgust they expressed when on rushing enthusiastically toward the barracks, where an explosion had just been heard, they found it was not a dynamite but a boiler explosion.

The mysterious finding of the body of a nude man hanging to a tree near Point Pleasant, Marion County, W. Va., has been cleared up. Two negroes, Anderson and Hunck, robbed him of $300, beat him to death and hanged him. Anderson was arrested and Hunck will be brought back from Ohio.

Yesterday the President appointed Alfred P. Edgerton of Fort Wayne, Ind., and William I. Trenholm of Charleston, S. C., Civil Service Commissioners to succeed Messrs Eaton and Gregory. Both are business men and Democrats. Trenholm is a son of the Secretary of the Treasury of the Southern Confederacy.

SURELY EVERY HOUSEKEEPER

In This City and Country Who May Read This Paper Will Certainly Read What the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Fourth and Locust Streets, Say on Our Fifth Page.

Their wonderful stock of silver-plated ware, which amazes every one who first sees it by its great extent and low prices, has no equal anywhere, and every housekeeper, hotel and restaurant proprietor, desiring fine and durable wares, at even much lower prices than inferior goods can be purchased, will certainly patronize this house.

The most careful attention is given to mail orders, and, if interested in other goods besides these specially illustrated, send for their magnificent catalogue (which is mailed free), containing 1,500 engravings of the most beautiful things in Art, Jewels and Silverwares.

CITY NEWS.

Rev. Thomas Hughes, S. J., lectured last evening at the University Hall on "The Destructive Function of Man."

Two torpedoes were placed on the Vandeventer Line last night, but were discovered before a car had passed over them.

The Dean investigating committee met last night and the examination of Dr. Dean was continued, but nothing of great importance was elicited.

The festival at St. Patrick's School hall for the benefit of St. Patrick's Church closed last night with a large attendance. The festival has been a great success.

The Engineers' Club met last evening at the Washington University. Mr. C. W. Clark read an interesting paper, and the rest of the evening was spent in general discussion on scientific subjects.

The St. Louis Commandery of Knights Templar entertained a large circle of their friends last night at Masonic Hall with a grand full dress ball. The attendance was a large one and an enjoyable evening was spent.

There is now a movement on foot, Mr. Stuart Rochet of 2327 Washington avenue being at the head of it, to organize a society for the reformation of criminals who either served their term or are discharged from the Penitentiary.

Joseph Wentzel and Buck Harrison were arrested at the Union Depot last night at the instigation of a well-known citizen of Webster Groves, who informed Officers Dillon and Burke that both men were wanted for burglarising the Post Office at that place.

The Livery Stable-keepers Association met last night at the Southern Hotel. Messrs. Scott, Vastine and Cullen were appointed a committee to look after the ordinance in relation to cab stands, now pending in the City Council. Considerable routine business was transacted.

A team attached to a coal wagon owned by John Davis of Glasgow avenue, ran into a surrey, in which the wife and two children of Officer Burrows were driving yesterday afternoon on Garrison avenue, near Glasgow place, and the shock was such as to overturn the surrey and throw all the occupants into the street. Three injuries were fortunately only slight.

Mrs. McKeevitt, the woman who claimed to have been assaulted by a negro soldier named Francis Decy, on the 25th of last August, went to visit a friend of hers named Mrs. Minnie Schive, who lives 418 East Davis street, last night and seeing Decy sitting in the room she picked up a can of boiling coffee from the stove and threw it in his face, burning him so badly that he had to be sent to the City Hospital.

SILK UMBRELLAS.

Very Low in Price and Most Elegant in Appearance.

Three hundred different styles from which to select, finest qualities of silks and newest styles of handles. *Solid silver plate and name engraved upon it free.*

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,
Fourth and Locust streets.

☞ *Solitaire diamond rings $20 to $300. See our grand stock of diamonds!*

THE SHIP RAILWAY.

Warm Commendation of the Project by Representative St. Louisans.

Speeches by Business Men, Engineers and Experts—Resolutions Expressing the Sense of the Meeting to be Presented to Congress by a Strong Committee.

The meeting of representative citizens at the Southern Hotel last night, called for the purpose of eliciting public opinion here as to the merits of the proposed ship railway across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec was larger and more enthusiastic than the friends of the project had anticipated. There were present: Gen. Sherman, Ex-Governor Stanard, Col. Flad, president of the Board of Public Improvements, Capt. Silas Bent, Ex-Congressman McLean, Mayor Francis, Ex-Senator Armstrong, President of the Merchants' Exchange Haarstick, James Richardson, John Jackson, Nathan Cole, J. D. Perry, Peter L. Foy, Henry Hitchcock, J. E. Cummings, J. G. Chapman, Dr. T. G. Comstock, Stephen A. Beuns, Isaac M. Mason, R. R. Bonner, R. S. Elliott, L. U. Reavis, John R. Lionberger, S. M. Breckenridge, James T. Birch and S. M. Dodd.

EX-GOVERNOR STANARD

was unanimously chosen to preside. That gentleman, in acknowledging the honor, made a speech in advocacy of the great project, saying that the ship railway was to be preferred to canals as a means of isthmian transit, as the canals were shown to have been impracticable. The Mexican Government would guarantee one-third of the securities required to raise funds and the United States would be asked to guarantee the other two-thirds, the earnings of the company to be set aside to secure the Government. The project was feasible and desirable. As to whether the Government ought to join in the guarantee or not Mr. Stanard said that twenty-five years ago the Government contributed from $250,000,000 to $300,000,000 for the construction of transcontinental roads. This, while it had been loudly denounced, was one of the best expenditures the Government ever made. The expenditure of money for a shiprailway would be equally prolific of good.

MR. JAMES RICHARDSON

next spoke. He said that it was no more a matter of difficulty to lift an ocean steamer now than it was to raise a canal boat fifty years ago. The construction of a ship railway would be the greatest service the Government could do to the merchant marine, which had long been neglected for other fields of development. With the ship railway in existence the center of commerce and finance would move from London to New York; St. Louis would become a great port through the development of its arm to the sea. Nothing could be done to stimulate business at this time that would equal the construction of a ship railway. The Government should lend collateral aid to it, as a little work in this direction, a little assistance, would be worth all the laws it could pass in a score of years on other matters.

CAPT. SILAS BENT

then read a paper on the subject. He took issue with his friend Rear Admiral Amman, who was an advocate of the Nicaragua Canal scheme, and he pointed out the reasons why all of which were strong and convincing. The more he considered Capt. Eads' scheme the more he became satisfied as to its practicability. Three-fourths of the commerce of the world was carried in sailing vessels, and naturally the time of these vessels was an important factor. With the Tehuantepec route the sailing vessel on its way to China had a tremendous advantage over a vessel taking another route. Captain Bent's paper abounded in figures and scientific statements, all of which had but to be heard to convince.

COL. HENRY FLAD,

the next speaker, said that he had been struck with the boldness and novelty of Eads' scheme. He thought the scheme not only practicable but far superior to any other method proposed for the facilitation of commerce between the oceans. He believed as he had stated once the scheme a good one because: First, the first cost of the construction of a ship railroad will not be one-fourth of that of a ship canal; second, a ship railroad can be constructed in probably one third of the time required to construct a canal; third, ships can be transported on such a railroad with absolute safety, and with the same dispatch as through the canal; fourth, the cost of maintenance will be less for a railroad than for the canal; fifth, the ship railroad will, therefore, offer a safer and better investment for capital.

Col. Flad gave it as his opinion, and he was backed in it by the best engineers of the age, that the conveyance of ships in a cradle over a railroad would put them to no more strain they would experience in a storm at sea. He illustrated in detail how safe the wholeplan was, concluding by saying that there was not a device proposed by Captain Eads in this connection which was not fully adapted to perform the duty for which it was designed.

GEN. W. T. SHERMAN,

the next speaker, said:

"The importance of this enterprise, the importance of a canal of some kind to enable ships to cross the Isthmus of Panama, has been discussed by the best men of the world for 300 years. Now, if Capt. Eads can bring a ship up by means of vertical rams, and I don't doubt it, how he can get the rams out of the way I don't understand. But as that has been approved by the most skilful shipbuilders I am willing to surrender my opinion. I wish Capt. Eads success. He has achieved two of the greatest works on this continent, and if he achieves success in making a railway which can pick up a ship in the Gulf of Mexico and transport it to the Pacific and send her on her way it will certainly be the crowning glory of his life—an honor to our country and all mankind." [Loud applause.]

After a speech by Nathan Cole, the chair appointed Messrs. Richardson, Hitchcock and Bent as a committee to prepare suitable resolutions. The committee withdrew and pending their return Messrs. Elliott, Chapman, Bonner and McLean spoke briefly. Then the committee reported the following:

THE RESOLUTIONS.

Whereas, The productive industries of the world are confined almost entirely to the North Temperate Zone; and

Whereas, The nearer the axial line of ocean transportation can be brought to the axial line of production the more economical will be the interchange of speedy and the more commodities; and

Whereas, The Suez Canal accomplishes these results for the Eastern Hemisphere, but the American Isthmus blocks the way to the extension of that ocean highway from the Atlantic to the Pacific and leaves the markets of India, China and Japan unvexed by the competing products of American industries; and

Whereas, For these and other reasons it has become of vital importance to the commerce of the world, and especially of that of the United States, that a transitway for ships should be constructed across the American Isthmus; and

Whereas, The evidences before us are convincing that a ship railway can be more quickly and more economically built than a ship canal; and

Whereas, Such ship transitway be located at Tehuantepec would be upwards of 2,000 miles in distance and thirty days in time nearer for our products to reach the markets af the North Pacific than if sent by the way of Panama, and 10,000 miles in distance and six months in time nearer than the present route around Cape Horn; it is therefore

Resolved, That we cordially indorse the ship railroad project as proposed by Mr. Eads and the Tehuantepec route as the route which should be selected for the isthmian transitway.

Resolved, That the commercial interests of the Mississippi Valley and the whole country demand that the isthmian barrier shall be removed; that our Pacific possessions shall be brought within easy reach of the Atlantic seaboard, and that the markets of the Pacific and of the Orient shall be opened to the products of our soil and industry;

Resolved, That in order to accomplish these great objects it is necessary that the proposed work shall receive the support and assistance of the United States Government; and we most earnestly commend the ship railway project to the favorable consideration of the present Administration and of Congress, believing, if wise and proper aid will be given to it, its successful completion will be a certainty, and that every commercial interest of our country will derive untold benefits therefrom;

Resolved, That we earnestly call the attention of the representative business men of other cities not only in the valley of the Mississippi, but on the Pacific and Atlantic seaboards to the immense importance of the Tehuantepec Ship Railway to the end that they may co-operate with us by holding public meetings to give expression to their views upon the subject, and thus impress its importance upon the Administration and the National Legislature.

Messrs. Stanard, Bonner, Bent, Chapman, Haarstick and Lionberger were appointed a committee to present the resolutions to Congress, after which the meeting adjourned.

VISITING CARDS.

The Finest Work and at the Lowest Prices.

For only $1 50 we furnish 100 visiting cards and finely engraved copper plate. Every lady and gentleman should use them. Order at once.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,
Fourth and Locust streets.

Wedding and reception cards, fine stationery, sealing wax, at the very lowest prices.

Send for sample sheet of visiting cards.

MAKE A NOTE OF THE FACT

—THAT—

BRANDT'S STOCK OF FINE FOOTWEAR

For LADIES and GENTS includes all the leading and most popular makes, and all the brands shown by HIGH-PRICED COMPETITORS. Also, note the fact that we carry them in a more complete run of styles, shapes and widths, and save you from 50 cents to $1 50 a pair.

J. G. BRANDT'S Double-Deck Retail Shoe House,

Nos. 619, 621, 623, Cor. Fifth (Broadway) and Christy Av.

FAMOUS.

$16,000 SPOT CASH!

The largest check ever drawn in St. Louis for a single purchase in ONE STYLE of

LADIES' SHOES!

We have just closed out 8,000 pairs Ladies' Extra Fine Hand-made Cur. Kid Button Boots, double soles, all sizes and widths, at $2. We will sell them to our customers at an advance of 50c a pair, making them cost you

$2.50.

We guarantee that these Shoes cost dealers $3 50 a pair, and are worth, and retail in all first-class Shoe Houses at $5. This is an actual saving to any lady wearing a fine shoe of $2 50, which is the price of a machine-made shoe. These are hand-sewed and first-class in every respect. Don't fail to see our GREAT SHOE DRIVE.

Our regular stock of Gents' and Ladies' Boots and Shoes is the largest and most complete in all respects shown in this city. We guarantee the style, workmanship and material in our Footwear to be the best obtainable in this country. PRICES ALWAYS THE LOWEST.

FAMOUS

SHOE DEP'T, BROADWAY AND MORGAN.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishings and Cloaks.

That terrible endemic, fever and ague, shatters the most vigorous constitution, and the after effects of the alkaloid often taken to arrest it, quinine, are scarcely less pernicious. The best remedy, not alone in malarial stricken regions on this continent, but also in those portions of South and Central America where malarial fevers are most prevalent and malignant—is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Its remedial and preventive effects as an opponent of fevers are owing to its tonic influence. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

CATARRH

Complete Treatment, with Inhaler for every form of Catarrh, $1. Ask for SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

Head Colds, Watery Discharges from the Nose and Eyes, Ringing Noises in the Head, Nervous Headache and Fever instantly relieved. Choking mucus dislodged, membrane cleansed and healed, breath sweetened, smell, taste and hearing restored, and ravages checked. Cough, Bronchitis, Droppings into the Throat, Pains in the Chest, Dyspepsia, Wasting of Strength and Flesh, Loss of Sleep, etc., cured.

One bottle of Radical Cure, one box Catarrhal Solvent and one Dr. Sanford's Inhaler, in one package, of all druggists, for $1. Ask for Sanford's Radical Cure, a pure distillation of Witch-Hazel, American Pine, Ca. Fir, Marigold, Clover Blossoms, etc.

Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

"KIDNEY PAINS," and that weary sensation every present with those of painful kidneys, weak backs, overworked or worn out by standing, walking, or the sewing-machine, cured by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster, a new, original, elegant, and speedy antidote to pain and inflammation. At druggists. 25c.; five for $1. Mailed free. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

Newland's College of Midwifery AND LYING-IN INSTITUTE

This is the only Institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a lying-in institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence March and September each year.

Ladies who expect their confinement can be accommodated.

DR. H. NEWLAND,
1208 Chouteau av.

SMOKE THE
"SCOTCH-CAP,"
"BIJOU,"
"SHAG FINE-CUT"
CIGARETTES
AND
Smoking Tobacco.
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

MANUFACTURERS.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
GERMAN
Sweet Chocolate.

The most popular sweet Chocolate in the market. It is nutritious and palatable; a particular favorite with children, and a most excellent article for family use.

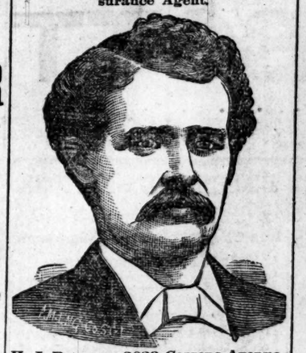
The genuine is stamped S. German, Dorchester, Mass. Beware of imitations.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

UNPLEASANT DEBTS.

The Experience of a Well-Known Insurance Agent.



H. J. Peterson, 3639 Cozzens Avenue.

Mr. H. J. Peterson of No. 3639 Cozzens avenue is well known in insurance circles and business circles generally. About four years ago he was married. Shortly after a disease attacked the unfortunate husband, and he was compelled to neglect his work and fall into debt.

"It started with sharp twitching pain in the pit of the stomach," said Mr. Peterson to a reporter. Often I was completely prostrated. I would belch up my food, my throat had a sore feeling and would hawk phlegm in quantities. My tongue had a coated appearance, a dizzy swimming sensation prevailed in my head. My hands and feet became cold and

REFUSED TO BE WARMED.

"Several physicians were consulted. The first said it was catarrh of the bladder, another malarial fever, a third, either consumption or indigestion. All of them treated me without affording any relief. I became disheartened. My wife who had heard of Doctor McCoy, entreated me to see him. One day while in Rock Springs, a distance of two miles from my home, I was suddenly stricken again. The pain would come in jerks. I attempted to walk home, and consumed over half a day in doing so. I determined to see Dr. McCoy and did so. He, without hesitation, pronounced my disease catarrh of the stomach. That was

SEVEN WEEKS AGO.

"The first dose of Dr. McCoy's medicine gave me immediate relief. I threw dozens of bottles of the medicines of other physicians away."

At this juncture Mr. Peterson produced a couple of bottles of medicine. "These are Godsends," he said, "which came through Dr. McCoy. I am now about well. I can work all day without any exertion, and my debts are being paid up rapidly. All this I owe to the Doctor on Lucas place, who I know has prolonged my life."

DOCTOR
J. CRESAP McCOY,
Late of Bellevue Hospital New York,
HAS OFFICES AT
1516 LUCAS PLACE, ST. LOUIS

"L-O-T-S

Of windy advertisements in the papers nowadays!"

"Y-e-s."

"Wonder if the people believe such yarns?"

"Some of the more thoughtless, perhaps."

Humbugging may have an evanescent success, but the large business we're doing proves that there's nothing like good, square, honest dealing. Join the Sensible Throng and come to CLOTHING HEADQUARTERS, where you'll always get the BEST for the LEAST.

Men's Overcoats commence at	$ 8 50
Men's Suits commence at	10 00
Men's Trousers commence at	2 50
Large Boys' Suits commence at	6 00
Large Boys' Overcoats com'ce at	5 00
Small Boys' Overcoats com'ce at	3 50
Small Boys' Suits commence at	3 50

LOOK at what other dealers call Fine Clothing and then come and see what WE call Fine Clothing.

Fashionable HATS, the Best of Furnishings and a Splendid Assortment of SILK and all other sorts of Umbrellas.

HUMPHREY'S,
BROADWAY and PINE.

Catalogues mailed free, and orders promptly filled.

Heating and Cooking Stoves at a Sacrifice!
Carpets and Furniture at Your Own Price!
All on Easy Monthly Payments.
C. FARNER Stove, Furniture and Carpet Company,
Northwest Corner 14th and Clark Avenue.
Sole agent for the Alligator Cook Stoves. Open Every Evening until 9 o'clock.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES
—AT—
F. De DONATO'S.

Hair dressing 50 cents; shampooing 50 cents; ladies' hair cut artistically and curled 25 cents; children's hair cutting 10 cents; switches, bangs and all hair goods in the house reduced accordingly at F. De Donato's, 519 Olive street.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.

Cleaning.		Dyeing.	
Coat	$1 00	Coat	$2 00
Pants	50	Pants	1 00

W. SURBLED,
North Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut sts
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

McMUNN'S ELIXIR OF OPIUM

is the pure extract from the drug from which all the hurtful properties are removed and the medical ones retained. No headache, nervousness or sickness of the stomach attend its use. Price 50 cents. All druggists.

DIAMOND BUYERS!

An Opportunity That Seldom Occurs!

The undersigned has determined to give up business, will leave this country about January next, and as no reasonable offer will be refused for any of my goods, consisting of a large stock of elegant

Diamond Jewelry and Gold Watches

Those who intend buying goods of that description should not lose this chance. Connoisseurs and experts invited. Also dealers in the above goods.

John Lipshut,
317 North Fourth St., St. Louis,
Formerly Spyer's Diamond Parlor.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, loss of manhood, etc. I will send you a valuable treatise upon the above diseases, also directions for self-cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

SPECIAL DRIVES IN UNDERWEAR!

FROM OUR GREAT OCTOBER PURCHASE.

64 Dozen Striped Merino Shirts or Drawers 75c
Sold all over the country for $1 00.

80 Dozen All-Wool Fancy French Stripe Shirts or Drawers 95c
Sold by Competing Houses at $1.50.

130 Dozen All-Wool Scarlet Shirts or Drawers 60c
Worth 75c by the case and retailed everywhere for $1.00.

The above lines of Staple Underwear can not be purchased outside of FAMOUS at our prices.

SPECIAL DRIVES IN

FINE NECKWEAR!

WE HAVE
FROM THE
THE CREAM OF

THE STYLE!

JUST CLOSED
MANUFACTURER

464 Dozen Fine Scarfs, Satin-Backs and made up from the FINEST SILKS IN THE MARKET.

50c WE OFFER YOU A CHOICE FROM THIS ELEGANT LINE OF GOODS AT **50c**

Sold Elsewhere for $1. A Nickel Scarf Retainer Given with Every Tie.

'FAMOUS' Furnishing Goods DEPARTMENT.

Broadway and Morgan.

Send for our Illustrated Catalogue.